1067S.09F

SENATE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE BILL NO. 327

AN ACT

To repeal sections 137.298, 144.062, 191.831, 210.104, 210.107, 226.525, 226.535, 227.120, 238.207, 238.210, 238.215, 238.220, 238.222, 238.235, 238.236, 292.602, 300.330, 300.410, 301.010, 301.069, 302.225, 302.272, 302.302, 302.304, 302.309, 302.341, 302.540, 302.700, 302.725, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, 302.756, 302.760, 302.775, 304.010, 304.015, 304.035, 304.580, 307.100, 307.125, 307.127, 307.177, 307.178, 307.400, 389.610, 390.020, 488.5336, 565.070, 577.023, 577.041, 577.049, 577.054, and 577.520, RSMo, and section 304.157 as enacted by senate bill no. 17, ninetieth general assembly, first regular session, and to enact in lieu thereof sixty-four new sections relating to transportation, with penalty provisions, an emergency clause for certain sections, and an effective date for certain sections.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section A. Sections 137.298, 144.062, 191.831, 210.104, 2 210.107, 226.525, 226.535, 227.120, 238.207, 238.210, 238.215, 238.220, 238.222, 238.235, 238.236, 292.602, 300.330, 300.410, 3 4 301.010, 301.069, 302.225, 302.272, 302.302, 302.304, 302.309, 302.341, 302.540, 302.700, 302.725, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, 5 6 302.756, 302.760, 302.775, 304.010, 304.015, 304.035, 304.580, 7 307.100, 307.125, 307.127, 307.177, 307.178, 307.400, 389.610, 390.020, 488.5336, 565.070, 577.023, 577.041, 577.049, 577.054, 8 and 577.520, RSMo, and section 304.157 as enacted by senate bill 9

- 1 no. 17, ninetieth general assembly, are repealed and sixty-four
- 2 new sections enacted in lieu thereof, to be known as sections
- 3 137.298, 144.062, 191.831, 226.525, 226.535, 227.120, 238.207,
- 4 238.210, 238.215, 238.220, 238.222, 238.235, 238.236, 292.602,
- 5 300.330, 300.410, 301.010, 301.026, 301.069, 302.225, 302.272,
- 6 302.302, 302.304, 302.309, 302.341, 302.540, 302.700, 302.725,
- 7 302.726, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755, 302.756, 302.760, 302.775,
- 8 304.010, 304.015, 304.021, 304.029, 304.035, 304.580, 304.675,
- 9 304.677, 307.100, 307.125, 307.127, 307.177, 307.178, 307.179,
- 10 307.400, 389.610, 390.020, 488.5336, 537.038, 565.070, 568.055,
- 11 577.023, 577.041, 577.049, 577.054, 577.520, 1, 2, and 3, to read
- 12 as follows:
- 13 137.298. 1. Other provisions of law to the contrary
- 14 notwithstanding, any city or county may by ordinance include as a
- charge on bills issued for personal property taxes any
- 16 outstanding vehicle-related fees and fines, including traffic and
- parking violations, assessed or issued on any vehicle for which
- 18 personal property tax is to be paid and, if required by
- ordinance, such charge shall be collected with and in the same
- 20 payment as personal property taxes are collected by the
- [collector of revenue of such] county, city or township. For the
- 22 purpose of this section, vehicle-related fees and fines shall
- 23 include, but not necessarily be limited to, traffic violation
- 24 <u>fines, parking violation fines, towing and vehicle immobilization</u>
- 25 fees and any late payment penalties and court costs associated
- 26 with the adjudication or collection of those fines. No personal
- 27 property tax bill shall be considered paid unless all charges for
- 28 parking violations and other vehicle-related fees and fines are

also paid in full and the [collector of revenue] city or county
shall not issue a paid personal property receipt until all such
charges are paid.

- 2. Any city or county that levies personal property taxes may establish an intergovernmental revenue collection agreement with other such cities and counties to establish a system to facilitate the collection of delinquent vehicle-related fees and fines through the personal property tax bills; therefore allowing participating jurisdictions to collect vehicle-related fees and fines from their residents even if those vehicle-related fees and fines have been assessed by other jurisdictions. Any vehicle-related fees and fines collected pursuant to this section shall be promptly remitted to the jurisdictions in which the original vehicle-related fees and fines were assessed in accordance with the terms of agreement.
 - 144.062. 1. With respect to exempt sales at retail of tangible personal property and materials for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities for: (1) a county, other political subdivision or instrumentality thereof exempt from taxation under subdivision (10) of section 39 of article III of the Constitution of Missouri; or (2) an organization sales to which are exempt from taxation under the provisions of subdivision (19) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or (3) any institution of higher education supported by public funds or any private not-for-profit institution of higher education, exempt from taxation under subdivision (20) of subsection 2 of section 144.030; or (4) any private not-for-profit elementary or secondary school exempt from

taxation under subdivision (22) of subsection 2 of section 1 2 144.030; or (5) after June 30, 2005: (a) the department of transportation; or (b) the state highways and transportation 3 4 commission, hereinafter collectively referred to as exempt 5 entities, such exemptions shall be allowed for such purchases if the purchases are related to the entities' exempt functions and 6 activities. In addition, the sales shall not be rendered 7 nonexempt nor shall any material supplier or contractor be 8 9 obligated to pay, collect or remit sales tax with respect to such 10 purchases made by or on behalf of an exempt entity due to such purchases being billed to or paid for by a contractor or the 11 12 exempt entity contracting with any entity to render any services in relation to such purchases, including but not limited to 13 14 selection of materials, ordering, pickup, delivery, approval on 15 delivery, taking of delivery, transportation, storage, assumption of risk of loss to materials or providing warranties on materials 16 17 as specified by contract, use of materials or other purchases for construction of the building or other facility, providing labor, 18 19 management services, administrative services, design or technical 20 services or advice to the exempt entity, whether or not the 21 contractor or other entity exercises dominion or control in any 22 other manner over the materials in conjunction with services or labor provided to the exempt entity. 23

2. When any exempt entity contracts for the purpose of constructing, repairing or remodeling facilities, and purchases of tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project are to be made on a tax-exempt basis, such entity shall furnish to the

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- 1 contractor an exemption certificate authorizing such purchases
- 2 for the construction, repair or remodeling project. The form and
- 3 content of such project exemption certificate shall be approved
- 4 by the director of revenue. The project exemption certificate
- 5 shall include but not be limited to:

- (1) The exempt entity's name, address, Missouri tax identification number and signature of authorized representative;
- 8 (2) The project location, description, and unique 9 identification number;
 - (3) The date the contract is entered into, which is the earliest date materials may be purchased for the project on a tax-exempt basis;
 - (4) The estimated project completion date; and
- 14 (5) The certificate expiration date.
 - Such certificate is renewable for a given project at the option of the exempt entity, only for the purpose of revising the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete the project.
 - 3. The contractor shall furnish the certificate prescribed in subsection 2 of this section to all subcontractors, and any contractor purchasing materials shall present such certificate to all material suppliers as authorization to purchase, on behalf of the exempt entity, all tangible personal property and materials to be incorporated into or consumed in the construction of that project and no other on a tax-exempt basis. Such suppliers shall execute to the purchasing contractor invoices bearing the name of the exempt entity and the project identification number. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in constructing,

repairing or remodeling facilities for the exempt entity. All invoices for all personal property and materials purchased under a project exemption certificate shall be retained by the purchasing contractor for a period of five years and shall be

subject to audit by the director of revenue.

Any excess resalable tangible personal property or materials which were purchased for the project by a contractor under a project exemption certificate but which were not incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project shall either be returned to the supplier for credit or the appropriate sales or use tax on such excess property or materials shall be reported on a return and paid by such contractor not later than the due date of the contractor's Missouri sales or use tax return following the month in which it was determined that

the materials were not to be used in the project.

- 5. No contractor or material supplier shall, upon audit, be required to pay tax on tangible personal property and materials incorporated into or consumed in the construction of the project, due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise the certificate expiration date as necessary to complete any work required by the contract. If it is determined that tax is owed on such property and materials due to the failure of the exempt entity to revise such certificate expiration date, the exempt entity shall be liable for the tax owed.
- 6. If an entity issues exemption certificates for the purchase of tangible personal property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in the construction of its project and such entity is found not to have had the authority granted by

- 1 this section to issue such exemption certificates, then such
- 2 entity shall be liable for the tax owed on such personal property
- 3 and materials. In addition, if an entity which does have the
- 4 authority granted by this section to issue exemption certificates
- 5 issues such certificates for the purchase of tangible personal
- 6 property and materials which are incorporated into or consumed in
- 7 the construction of a project, or part of a project, which is
- 8 found not to be related to such entity's exempt functions and
- 9 activities, then such entity shall be liable for the tax owed on
- 10 such personal property and materials.
- 11 191.831. 1. There is hereby established in the state
- 12 treasury a "Health Initiatives Fund", to which shall be deposited
- 13 all revenues designated for the fund under subsection 8 of
- sections 149.015, RSMo, and subsection 3 of section 149.160,
- 15 RSMo, and section 167.609, RSMo, and all other funds donated to
- 16 the fund or otherwise deposited pursuant to law. The state
- 17 treasurer shall administer the fund. Money in the fund shall be
- appropriated to provide funding for implementing the new programs
- and initiatives established by sections 105.711 and 105.721,
- 20 RSMo. The moneys in the fund may further be used to fund those
- 21 programs established by sections 191.411, 191.520 and 191.600,
- 22 sections 208.151 and 208.152, RSMo, and sections 103.178, RSMo,
- 23 143.999, RSMo, 167.600 to 167.621, RSMo, 188.230, RSMo, 191.211,
- 24 191.231, 191.825 to 191.839, RSMo, 192.013, RSMo, 208.177,
- 25 208.178, 208.179 and 208.181, RSMo, 211.490, RSMo, 285.240, RSMo,
- 26 337.093, RSMo, 374.126, RSMo, 376.891 to 376.894, RSMo, 431.064,
- 27 RSMo, 660.016, 660.017 and 660.018, RSMo; in addition, not less
- 28 than fifteen percent of the proceeds deposited to the health

- initiative fund pursuant to sections 149.015 and 149.160, RSMo, 1 2 shall be appropriated annually to provide funding for the C-STAR substance abuse rehabilitation program of the department of 3 4 mental health, or its successor program, and a C-STAR pilot 5 project developed by the director of the division of alcohol and drug abuse and the director of the department of corrections as 6 7 an alternative to incarceration, as provided in subsections 2, 3, 8 and 4 of this section. Such pilot project shall be known as the 9 "Alt-care" program. In addition, [five percent of the] some of the proceeds deposited to the health initiatives fund pursuant to 10 11 sections 149.015 and 149.160, RSMo, shall be appropriated 12 annually to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health to be used for [a pilot project to 13 provide access to treatment and rehabilitation services by 14 15 persons referred to such programs by an alcohol or drug related 16 traffic offender education or rehabilitation program pursuant to sections 302.540, RSMo, 577.049 and 577.520, RSMo] the 17 administration and oversight of the substance abuse traffic 18 offenders program defined in section 302.010, RSMo. 19 provisions of section 33.080, RSMo, to the contrary 20 21 notwithstanding, money in the health initiatives fund shall not
 - 2. The director of the division of alcohol and drug abuse and the director of the department of corrections shall develop and administer a pilot project to provide a comprehensive substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program as an alternative to incarceration, hereinafter referred to as

be transferred at the close of the biennium to the general

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revenue fund.

- "Alt-care". Alt-care shall be funded using money provided under subsection 1 of this section through the Missouri Medicaid program, the C-STAR program of the department of mental health, and the division of alcohol and drug abuse's purchase-of-service system. Alt-care shall offer a flexible combination of clinical services and living arrangements individually adapted to each
- 7 client and her children. Alt-care shall consist of the following
- 8 components:

- 9 (1) Assessment and treatment planning;
 - (2) Community support to provide continuity, monitoring of progress and access to services and resources;
 - (3) Counseling from individual to family therapy;
 - (4) Day treatment services which include accessibility seven days per week, transportation to and from the Alt-care program, weekly drug testing, leisure activities, weekly events for families and companions, job and education preparedness training, peer support and self-help and daily living skills; and
 - (5) Living arrangement options which are permanent, substance-free and conducive to treatment and recovery.
 - 3. Any female who is pregnant or is the custodial parent of a child or children under the age of twelve years, and who has pleaded guilty to or found guilty of violating the provisions of chapter 195, RSMo, and whose controlled substance abuse was a precipitating or contributing factor in the commission of the offense, and who is placed on probation may be required, as a condition of probation, to participate in Alt-care, if space is available in the pilot project area. Determinations of eligibility for the program, placement, and continued

participation shall be made by the division of alcohol and drug abuse, in consultation with the department of corrections.

- 4. The availability of space in Alt-care shall be determined by the director of the division of alcohol and drug abuse in conjunction with the director of the department of corrections. If the sentencing court is advised that there is no space available, the court shall consider other authorized dispositions.
 - 226.525. 1. The state highways and transportation commission is directed to erect within the right-of-way of all classes of highways within the state signs and notices pertaining to publicly and privately owned natural wonders and scenic and historical attractions under the following conditions:
 - (1) Such signs shall not violate any federal law, rule, or regulation affecting the allocation of federal funds to the state of Missouri or which violate any safety regulation formally promulgated by the state highways and transportation commission.
 - (2) Such official signs shall be limited in content to the name of the attraction and necessary travel information.
 - (3) The state highways and transportation commission shall determine those sites and attractions for which directional and other official signs may be erected as permitted by Section 131 of Title 23, United States Code, which it deems of such importance as to justify such signing, using as a guide those publicly or privately owned natural wonders and scenic, historic, educational, cultural, or recreational sites which have been determined to be of general interest.
 - (4) The state highways and transportation commission may

- require reimbursement for the cost of erection and maintenance of the official directional signs authorized hereunder when sites or attractions are privately owned by other than the state or political subdivisions. The state highways and transportation commission shall prescribe the size, number and locations of such signs based upon its determination of the travelers' need for directional information.
- 8 The commission shall adopt rules to implement a program 9 for the erection and maintenance of tourist-oriented directional 10 signs within the right-of-way of state highways in the state. 11 The tourist-oriented directional signs shall provide business identification and directional information for natural 12 attractions and activities which, during a normal business 13 14 season, derive a major portion of the income and visitors for the 15 business or activity from motorists not residing in the immediate 16 area of the business or activity. Natural attractions and 17 activities eligible for such tourist-oriented directional signs shall include, but not be limited to, caves, museums, wineries, 18 19 antique business districts and tourist-oriented directional signs 20 indicating the location of any veterans' memorial located at any 21 college in such county provided that such signs are located on a 22 highway known as the "Veterans' Memorial Highway" in any county of the first classification with a population of more than one 23 24 hundred seventy thousand inhabitants but less than two hundred 25 thousand inhabitants.
 - 3. Regionally accredited post-secondary educational facilities with a current certificate to operate within this state shall be eliqible for tourist-oriented directional signs as

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provided for in subsection 2 of this section.

- 226.535. 1. Signs, displays, and devices giving specific information of interest to the traveling public shall be erected and maintained within the right-of-way in such areas, in an appropriate distance from interchanges on the interstate system as shall conform with the rules and regulations promulgated by the highway department. Such rules shall be consistent with national standards promulgated from time to time by the appropriate authority of the federal government, pursuant to Title 23, section 131, paragraph f, of the United States Code.
 - 2. Regionally accredited post-secondary educational facilities with a current certificate to operate within this state shall be eligible to display signs as provided in this section.
 - 227.120. <u>1.</u> The state highways and transportation commission shall have power to purchase, lease, or condemn, lands in the name of the state of Missouri for the following purposes when necessary for the proper and economical construction and maintenance of state highways:
 - (1) Acquiring the right-of-way for the location, construction, reconstruction, widening, improvement or maintenance of any state highway or any part thereof;
 - (2) Acquiring bridges or sites therefor and ferries, including the rights and franchises for the maintenance and operation thereof, over navigable streams, at such places as the state highways and transportation commission shall have authority to construct, acquire or contribute to the cost of construction of any bridge;

- 1 (3) Acquiring the right-of-way for the location,
 2 construction, reconstruction, widening, improvement or
 3 maintenance of any highway ordered built by the bureau of public
 4 roads of the Department of Agriculture of the United States
 - (4) Obtaining road building or road maintenance materials or plants for the manufacture or production of such materials and acquiring the right-of-way thereto; also acquiring the right-of-way to such plants as are privately owned when necessary for the proper and economical construction of the state highway system;
 - (5) Changing gradients in any state highway;
- (6) Establishing detours in connection with the location, construction, reconstruction, widening, improvement or maintenance of any state highway or any part thereof;
 - (7) Changing the channels of any stream and providing for drainage ditches when necessary for the proper construction or maintenance of any state highway;
 - (8) Eliminating grade crossings;

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government;

- (9) Acquiring water supply and water power sites and necessary lands for use in connection therewith, including rights-of-way to any such sites;
- 23 (10) Acquiring sites for garages and division offices and 24 for storing materials, machinery and supplies;
- 25 (11) Acquiring lands for sight distances along any state 26 highway or any portion thereof whenever necessary, and also 27 acquiring lands within wyes formed by junctions of state 28 highways, or junctions of state highways and other public

- 1 highways;
- 2 (12) Acquiring lands or interests therein for the purpose
- 3 of depositing thereon excess excavated, or other materials
- 4 produced in the construction, reconstruction, widening,
- 5 improvement or maintenance of any state highway;
- 6 (13) Acquiring lands for any other purpose necessary for
- 7 the proper and economical construction of the state highway
- 8 system for which the commission may have authority granted by
- 9 law. If condemnation becomes necessary, the commission shall
- 10 have the power to proceed to condemn such lands in the name of
- 11 the state of Missouri, in accordance with the provisions of
- 12 chapter 523, RSMo, insofar as the same is applicable to the said
- 13 state highways and transportation commission, and the court or
- jury shall take into consideration the benefits to be derived by
- the owner, as well as the damage sustained thereby. The state
- 16 highways and transportation commission also shall have the same
- authority to enter upon private lands to survey and determine the
- 18 most advantageous route of any state highway as granted, under
- 19 section 388.210, RSMo, to railroad corporations.
- 20 <u>2. In any case in which the commission exercises eminent</u>
- 21 <u>domain involving a taking of real estate, the court,</u>
- 22 commissioners, and jury shall consider the restriction of or loss
- of access to any adjacent highway as an element in assessing the
- 24 damages. As used in this subsection, "restriction of or loss of
- 25 <u>access" includes, but is not limited to, the prohibition of</u>
- 26 making right or left turns into or out of the real estate
- 27 involved, provided that such access was present before the
- 28 proposed improvement or taking.

- 1 238.207. 1. Whenever the creation of a district is 2 desired, not less than fifty registered voters from each county partially or totally within the proposed district may file a 3 petition requesting the creation of a district. However, if no 4 5 persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the 6 district, the owners of record of all of the real property, 7 except public streets, located within the proposed district may 8 file a petition requesting the creation of a district. 9 petition shall be filed in the circuit court of any county 10 partially or totally within the proposed district.
 - 2. Alternatively, the governing body of any local transportation authority within any county in which a proposed project may be located may file a petition in the circuit court of that county, requesting the creation of a district.

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- 3. The proposed district area shall be contiguous and may contain all or any portion of one or more municipalities and counties[.]; provided:
- (1) Property separated only by public streets, easements or rights-of-way shall be considered contiguous;
 - (2) In the case of a district formed pursuant to a petition filed by the owners of record of all of the real property located within the proposed district, the proposed district area need not contain contiguous properties if:
- 24 <u>(a) The petition provides that the only funding method for</u> 25 project costs will be a sales tax;
- 26 (b) The court finds that all of the real property located
 27 within the proposed district will benefit by the projects to be
 28 undertaken by the district; and

- 1 (c) Each parcel within the district is within five miles of every other parcel; and
- (3) In the case of a district created pursuant to
 subsection 5 of this section, property separated only by public
 streets, easements, or rights-of-way or connected by a single
- 6 <u>public street, easement, or right-of-way shall be considered</u>
 7 contiguous.
- 8 4. The petition shall set forth:

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- (1) The name, voting residence and county of residence of each individual petitioner, or, if no persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the proposed district, the name and address of each owner of record of real property located within the proposed district, or shall recite that the petitioner is the governing body of a local transportation authority acting in its official capacity;
 - (2) The name and address of each respondent. Respondents must include the commission and each affected local transportation authority within the proposed district, except a petitioning local transportation authority;
- (3) A specific description of the proposed district boundaries including a map illustrating such boundaries;
- (4) A general description of each project proposed to be undertaken by that district, including a description of the approximate location of each project;
 - (5) The name of the proposed district;
- 26 (6) The number of members of the board of directors of the 27 proposed district, which shall be not less than five or more than 28 fifteen;

1 (7) A statement that the terms of office of initial board 2 members shall be staggered in approximately equal numbers to 3 expire in one, two or three years;

- (8) If the petition was filed by registered voters or by a governing body, a request that the question be submitted to the qualified voters within the limits of the proposed district whether they will establish a transportation development district to develop a specified project or projects;
- (9) A proposal for funding the district initially, pursuant to the authority granted in sections 238.200 to 238.275, together with a request that the funding proposal be submitted to the qualified voters residing within the limits of the proposed district; provided, however, the funding method of special assessments may also be approved as provided in subsection 1 of section 238.230; and
- 16 (10) A statement that the proposed district shall not be an 17 undue burden on any owner of property within the district and is 18 not unjust or unreasonable.
 - 5. (1) As an alternative to the methods described in subsections 1 and 2 of this section, if two or more local transportation authorities have adopted resolutions calling for the joint establishment of a district, the governing body of any one such local transportation authority may file a petition in the circuit court of any county in which the proposed project is located requesting the creation of a district.
 - (2) The proposed district area shall be contiguous and may contain all or any portion of one or more municipalities and counties. Property separated only by public streets, easements,

1	or rights-of-way or connected by a single public street,
2	easement, or right-of-way shall be considered contiguous.
3	(3) The petition shall set forth:
4	(a) That the petitioner is the governing body of a local
5	transportation authority acting in its official capacity;
б	(b) The name of each local transportation authority within
7	the proposed district. The resolution of the governing body of
8	each local transportation authority calling for the joint
9	establishment of the district shall be attached to the petition;
10	(c) The name and address of each respondent. Respondents
11	must include the commission and each affected local
12	transportation authority within the proposed district, except a
13	petitioning local transportation authority;
14	(d) A specific description of the proposed district
15	boundaries including a map illustrating such boundaries;
16	(e) A general description of each project proposed to be
17	undertaken by the district, including a description of the
18	approximate location of each project;
19	(f) The name of the proposed district;
20	(g) The number of members of the board of directors of the
21	<pre>proposed district;</pre>
22	(h) A request that the question be submitted to the
23	qualified voters within the limits of the proposed district
24	whether they will establish a transportation development district
25	to develop the projects described in the petition;
26	(i) A proposal for funding the district initially, pursuant
27	to the authority granted in sections 238.200 to 238.275, together
28	with a request that the imposition of the funding proposal be

- 1 <u>submitted to the qualified voters residing within the limits of</u>
- 2 the proposed district; provided, however, the funding method of
- 3 special assessments may also be approved as provided in
- 4 subsection 1 of section 238.230; and

published by the circuit clerk.

- (j) A statement that the proposed district shall not be an undue burden on any owner of property within the district and is
- 7 <u>not unjust or unreasonable.</u>

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- 8 238.210. 1. Within thirty days after the petition is 9 filed, the circuit court clerk shall serve a copy of the petition 10 on the respondents who shall have thirty days after receipt of 11 service to file an answer stating agreement with or opposition to 12 the creation of the district. If any respondent files its answer opposing the creation of the district, it shall recite legal 13 14 reasons why the petition is defective, why the proposed district 15 is illegal or unconstitutional, or why the proposed method for funding the district is illegal or unconstitutional. 16 17 respondent shall ask the court for a declaratory judgment respecting these issues. The answer of each respondent shall be 18 19 served on each petitioner and every other respondent named in the petition. Any resident, taxpayer, any other entity, or any local 20 21 transportation authority within the proposed district may join in 22 or file a petition supporting or answer opposing the creation of the district and seeking a declaratory judgment respecting these 23 24 same issues within thirty days after the date notice is last
 - 2. The court shall hear the case without a jury. If the court shall thereafter determine the petition is defective or the proposed district is illegal or unconstitutional, or shall be an

undue burden on any owner of property within the district or is 1 2 unjust and unreasonable, it shall enter its declaratory judgment to that effect and shall refuse to make the certifications 3 requested in the pleadings. If the court determines that any 4 5 proposed funding method is illegal or unconstitutional, it shall enter its judgment striking that funding method in whole or part. 6 7 If the court determines the petition is not legally defective and 8 the proposed district and method of funding are neither illegal 9 nor unconstitutional, the court shall enter its judgment to that 10 If the petition was filed by registered voters or by a effect. governing body, the court shall then certify the questions 11 12 regarding district creation, project development, and proposed funding for voter approval. If the petition was filed by a 13 14 governing body pursuant to subsection 5 of section 239.207, RSMo, the court shall then certify the single question regarding 15 district creation, project development, and proposed funding for 16 17 voter approval. If the petition was filed by the owners of record of all of the real property located within the proposed 18 19 district, the court shall declare the district organized and certify the funding methods stated in the petition for qualified 20 21 voter approval; provided, however, the funding method of special 22 assessments may also be approved as provided in subsection 1 of section 238.230. In either case, if no objections to the 23 24 petition are timely filed, the court may make such certifications 25 based upon the pleadings before it without any hearing.

3. Any party having filed an answer or petition may appeal the circuit court's order or declaratory judgment in the same manner provided for other appeals.

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- 2 238.215. 1. If the circuit court certifies the petition for voter approval, it shall call an election pursuant to section
- 3 238.216.
- 4 2. At such election for voter approval of the qualified
- 5 voters, the questions shall be submitted in substantially the
- 6 following form:
- 7 Shall there be organized in (here specifically describe the
- 8 proposed district boundaries), within the state of Missouri, a
- 9 transportation development district, to be known as the
- 10 "..... Transportation Development District" for the
- 11 purpose of developing the following transportation project: (here
- summarize the proposed project or projects and require each voter
- to approve or disapprove of each project) and have the power to
- 14 fund the proposed project upon separate voter approval by any or
- 15 all of the following methods: (here specifically describe the
- 16 proposed funding methods and require each voter to approve or
- disapprove of each proposed funding method)?
- 18 3. (1) If the petition was filed pursuant to subsection 5
- of section 238.207 and the district desires to impose a sales tax
- 20 as the only proposed funding mechanism, at such election for
- 21 voter approval of the qualified voters, the question shall be
- 22 submitted in substantially the following form:
- 23 Shall there be organized in (here specifically describe the
- 24 proposed district boundaries), within the state of Missouri, a
- 25 <u>transportation development district, to be known as the</u>
- 26 "..... Transportation Development District" for the purpose
- of developing the following transportation project: (here
- 28 summarize the proposed project or projects) and be authorized to

- 1 <u>impose a transportation development district-wide sales tax at</u>
- the rate of(insert amount) for a period of(insert
- 3 <u>number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed</u>
- 4 for the purpose of funding the transportation project or
- 5 <u>projects?</u>

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- 6 (2) If the petition was filed pursuant to subsection 5 of
- 7 <u>section 238.207 and the district desires to impose a funding</u>
- 8 <u>mechanism other than a sales tax, at such election for voter</u>
- 9 approval of the qualified voters, the question shall be submitted
- in substantially the form set forth in subsection 2 of this
- 11 section and the proposed funding mechanism shall require separate
- 12 <u>voter approval at a subsequent election.</u>
 - [3.] 4. The results of the election shall be entered upon the records of the circuit court of the county in which the petition was filed. Also, a certified copy thereof shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which a portion of the proposed district lies, who shall cause the same to be spread upon the records of the county commission. If the results show that a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters were in favor of organizing the transportation development district, the circuit court having jurisdiction of the matter shall declare the district organized and certify the funding methods approved by the qualified voters. If the results show that less than a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters were in favor of the organization of the district, the circuit court shall declare that the question has failed to pass, and the same question shall not be again submitted for voter approval for two years.

- 5. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the election was held 1 2 pursuant to subsection 3 of this section, the results of the election shall be entered upon the records of the circuit court 3 of the county in which the petition was filed. Also, a certified 4 5 copy thereof shall be filed with the county clerk of each county in which a portion of the proposed district lies. If the results 6 7 show that a majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters 8 were in favor of the proposition, the circuit court having 9 jurisdiction of the matter shall declare the district organized 10 and the funding methods approved by the qualified voters to be in effect. If the results show that less than a majority of the 11 12 votes cast by the qualified voters were in favor of the proposition, the circuit court shall declare that the question 13 14 has failed to pass. A new petition shall be filed pursuant to 15 subsection 5 of section 238.207 prior to the question being again submitted for voter approval. 16
- 238.220. 1. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 238.216, if any persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the district the following procedures shall be followed:

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- (1) After the district has been declared organized, the court shall upon petition of any interested person order the county clerk to cause an election to be held in all areas of the district within one hundred twenty days after the order establishing the district, to elect the district board of directors which shall be not less than five nor more than fifteen;
 - (2) Candidates shall pay the sum of five dollars as a

2 authority of such county a statement under oath that he or she 3 possesses all of the qualifications set out in this section for a

filing fee to the county clerk and shall file with the election

- 4 director. Thereafter, such candidate shall have his or her name
- 5 placed on the ballot as a candidate for director;

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- The director or directors to be elected shall be 6 7 elected at large. The candidate receiving the most votes from 8 qualified voters shall be elected to the position having the 9 longest term, the second highest total votes elected to the 10 position having the next longest term, and so forth. initial director shall serve the one-, two- or three-year term to 11 12 which he or she was elected, and until a successor is duly 13 elected and qualified. Each successor director shall serve a 14 three-year term. The directors shall nominate and elect an 15 interim director to complete any unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or disqualification; and 16
 - (4) Each director shall be a resident of the district.

 Directors shall be registered voters at least twenty-one years of age.
 - 2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in section 238.216, if no persons eligible to be registered voters reside within the district, the following procedures shall apply:
 - organized, the circuit clerk of the county in which the petition was filed shall, upon giving notice by causing publication to be made once a week for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, the last publication of which shall be at least ten days before the day of the meeting required

by this section, call a meeting of the owners of real property within the district at a day and hour specified in a public place in the county in which the petition was filed for the purpose of electing a board of not less than five and not more than fifteen directors, to be composed of owners or representatives of owners of real property in the district; provided that, if all the owners of property in the district joined in the petition for formation of the district, such meeting may be called by order of the court without further publication;

- (2) The property owners, when assembled, shall organize by the election of a chairman and secretary of the meeting who shall conduct the election. At the election, each acre of real property within the district shall represent one share, and each owner may have one vote in person or by proxy for every acre of real property owned by such person within the district;
- (3) The one-third of the initial board members receiving the most votes shall be elected to positions having a term of three years. The one-third of initial board members receiving the next highest number of votes shall be elected to positions having a term of two years. The lowest one-third of initial board members receiving sufficient votes shall be elected to positions having a term of one year. Each initial director shall serve the term to which he or she was elected, and until a successor is duly elected and qualified. Successor directors shall be elected in the same manner as the initial directors at a meeting of the real property owners called by the board. Each successor director shall serve a three-year term. The directors shall nominate and elect an interim director to complete any

- unexpired term of a director caused by resignation or
 disqualification;
- 3 (4) Directors shall be at least twenty-one years of age.
- 3. Notwithstanding any provision of sections 238.216 and
 238.220 to the contrary, if the petition for formation of the
- district was filed pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207,
- 7 the following procedures shall be followed:
- 9 <u>transportation authorities, the board of directors shall consist</u>
 10 <u>of the presiding officer of each local transportation authority</u>
 11 within the district. If the district is comprised of two or

(1) If the district is comprised of four or more local

- 12 <u>three local transportation authorities, the board of directors</u>
- shall consist of the presiding officer of each local
- 14 <u>transportation authority within the district and one person</u>
- designated by the governing body of each local transportation
- 16 <u>authority within the district;</u>

- 17 (2) Each director shall be at least twenty-one years of age
 18 and a resident or property owner of the local transportation
 19 authority the director represents. A director designated by the
 20 governing body of a local transportation authority may be removed
- 21 by such governing body at any time with or without cause; and
- 22 (3) Upon the assumption of office of a new presiding
- 23 <u>officer of a local transportation authority, such individual</u>
- 24 <u>shall automatically succeed his predecessor as a member of the</u>
- board of directors. Upon the removal, resignation or
- 26 <u>disqualification of a director designated by the governing body</u>
- of a local transportation authority, such governing body shall
- 28 <u>designate a successor director.</u>

[3.] <u>4.</u> The commission shall appoint one or more advisors to the board, who shall have no vote but shall have the authority to participate in all board meetings and discussions, whether open or closed, and shall have access to all records of the district and its board of directors.

- [4.] <u>5.</u> If the proposed project is not intended to be merged into the state highways and transportation system under the commission's jurisdiction, the local transportation authority that will assume maintenance of the project shall appoint one or more advisors to the board of directors who shall have the same rights as advisors appointed by the commission.
- 6. Any county or counties located wholly or partially within the district which is not a "local transportation authority" pursuant to subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 238.202, may appoint one or more advisors to the board who shall have the same rights as advisors appointed by the commission.
- 238.222. 1. The board shall possess and exercise all of the district's legislative and executive powers.
- 2. Within thirty days after the election of the initial directors or the selection of the initial directors pursuant to subsection 3 of section 238.220, the board shall meet. The time and place of the first meeting of the board shall be designated by the court that heard the petition upon the court's own initiative or upon the petition of any interested person. At its first meeting and after each election of new board members or the selection of the initial directors pursuant to subsection 3 of section 238.220 the board shall elect a chairman from its members.

- 3. The board shall appoint an executive director, district secretary, treasurer and such other officers or employees as it deems necessary.
- 4. At the first meeting, the board, by resolution, shall define the first and subsequent fiscal years of the district, and shall adopt a corporate seal.
 - 5. A simple majority of the board shall constitute a quorum. If a quorum exists, a majority of those voting shall have the authority to act in the name of the board, and approve any board resolution.

- 6. Each director shall devote such time to the duties of the office as the faithful discharge thereof may require and may be reimbursed for his actual expenditures in the performance of his duties on behalf of the district.
 - 238.235. 1. (1) Any transportation development district may by resolution impose a transportation development district sales tax on all retail sales made in such transportation development district which are subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats or outboard motors nor to all sales of electricity or electrical current, water and gas, natural or artificial, nor to sales of service to telephone subscribers, either local or long distance. Such transportation development district sales tax may be imposed for any transportation development purpose designated by the transportation development district in its ballot of submission to its qualified voters, except that no resolution enacted

- 1 pursuant to the authority granted by this section shall be 2 effective unless: The board of directors of the transportation 3 (a) 4 development district submits to the qualified voters of the 5 transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation development district to 6 7 impose [a] or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to 8 the provisions of this section; or 9 (b) The voters approved the question certified by the 10 petition filed pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207. (2) If the transportation district submits to the qualified 11 12 voters of the transportation development district a proposal to authorize the board of directors of the transportation 13 development district to impose or increase the levy of an 14 existing tax pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (a) of 15 subdivision (1) of subsection 1 of this section, the ballot of 16 submission shall contain, but need not be limited to, the 17 18 following language: 19 Shall the transportation development district of (transportation development district's name) impose 20 21 a transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate 22 of (insert amount) for a period of (insert number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed 23 for the purpose of (insert transportation development 24 25 purpose)? 26 ☐ YES
- 27 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box 28 opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X"

- in the box opposite "NO".
- 2 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified
- 3 voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the
- 4 resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a
- 5 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are
- 6 opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the
- 7 transportation development district shall have no power to impose
- 8 the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until the
- 9 board of directors of the transportation development district
- 10 shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize it to
- impose the sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section
- and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified
- 13 voters voting thereon.
- 14 (3) The sales tax authorized by this section shall become
- 15 effective on the first day of the month following adoption of the
- 16 tax by the qualified voters.
- 17 (4) In each transportation development district in which a
- 18 sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this
- 19 section, every retailer shall add the tax imposed by the
- 20 transportation development district pursuant to this section to
- 21 the retailer's sale price, and when so added such tax shall
- 22 constitute a part of the price, shall be a debt of the purchaser
- 23 to the retailer until paid, and shall be recoverable at law in
- 24 the same manner as the purchase price.
- 25 (5) In order to permit sellers required to collect and
- 26 report the sales tax authorized by this section to collect the
- amount required to be reported and remitted, but not to change
- 28 the requirements of reporting or remitting tax or to serve as a

levy of the tax, and in order to avoid fractions of pennies, the transportation development district may establish appropriate brackets which shall be used in the district imposing a tax pursuant to this section in lieu of those brackets provided in section 144.285, RSMo.

- (6) All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subdivision (2) of this subsection or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.
- (7) The sales tax may be imposed in increments of one-eighth of one percent, up to a maximum of one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, except such transportation development district sales tax shall not apply to the sale or use of motor vehicles, trailers, boats

or outboard motors nor to public utilities. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.

- 2. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax and the tax shall be reported and returned to and collected by the transportation development district.
- 3. On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the transportation development district shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax. The tax imposed pursuant to this section shall be collected and reported upon such forms and under such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the transportation development district.
 - 4. (1) All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085 and 32.087, RSMo, and section 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as modified in this section.
 - (2) All exemptions granted to agencies of government,

organizations, persons and to the sale of certain articles and items of tangible personal property and taxable services pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, are hereby made applicable to the imposition and collection of the

tax imposed by this section.

- (3) The same sales tax permit, exemption certificate and retail certificate required by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for the administration and collection of the state sales tax shall satisfy the requirements of this section, and no additional permit or exemption certificate or retail certificate shall be required; except that the transportation development district may prescribe a form of exemption certificate for an exemption from the tax imposed by this section.
- (4) All discounts allowed the retailer pursuant to the provisions of the state sales tax laws for the collection of and for payment of taxes pursuant to such laws are hereby allowed and made applicable to any taxes collected pursuant to the provisions of this section.
- (5) The penalties provided in section 32.057, RSMo, and sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, for violation of those sections are hereby made applicable to violations of this section.
- (6) For the purpose of a sales tax imposed by a resolution pursuant to this section, all retail sales except retail sales of motor vehicles shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer unless the tangible personal property sold is delivered by the retailer or the retailer's agent to an out-of-state destination or to a common carrier for delivery to

than one place of business in this state which participates in the sale, the sale shall be deemed to be consummated at the place of business of the retailer where the initial order for the tangible personal property is taken, even though the order must

an out-of-state destination. In the event a retailer has more

- 6 be forwarded elsewhere for acceptance, approval of credit,
- shipment or billing. A sale by a retailer's employee shall be
- 8 deemed to be consummated at the place of business from which the
- 9 employee works.

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5. All sales taxes collected by the transportation
development district shall be deposited by the transportation
development district in a special fund to be expended for the
purposes authorized in this section. The transportation
development district shall keep accurate records of the amount of
money which was collected pursuant to this section, and the
records shall be open to the inspection of officers of each

transportation development district and the general public.

- 6. (1) No transportation development district imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.
- (2) Whenever the board of directors of any transportation development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section

- 1 receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified
- 2 voters calling for an election to repeal such transportation
- development sales tax, the board of directors shall, if such
- 4 repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any
- 5 liabilities which it has incurred, money which it has borrowed or
- 6 revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or
- 7 which have been issued by the commission or any local
- 8 transportation authority to finance any project or projects,
- 9 submit to the qualified voters of such transportation development
- 10 district a proposal to repeal the transportation development
- 11 sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If
- 12 a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified
- voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal to repeal the
- 14 transportation development sales tax, then the resolution
- imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any
- 16 amendments thereto, is repealed. If a majority of the votes cast
- by the qualified voters voting thereon are opposed to the
- 18 proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then
- 19 the ordinance or resolution imposing the transportation
- development sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, shall
- 21 remain in effect.
- 22 238.236. 1. This section shall not apply to any tax levied
- 23 pursuant to section 238.235, and no tax shall be imposed pursuant
- 24 to the provisions of this section if a tax has been imposed by a
- 25 transportation development district pursuant to section 238.235.
- 26 2. In lieu of the taxes allowed pursuant to section
- 27 238.235, any transportation development district which consists
- of all of one or more entire counties, all of one or more entire

- 1 cities, or all of one or more entire counties and one or more
- 2 entire cities which are totally outside the boundaries of those
- 3 counties may by resolution impose a transportation development
- 4 district sales tax on all retail sales made in such
- 5 transportation development district which are subject to taxation
- 6 pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo,
- 7 for any transportation development purpose designated by the
- 8 transportation development district in its ballot of submission
- 9 to its qualified voters. No resolution enacted pursuant to the
- 10 authority granted by this section shall be effective unless:
- 11 (1) The board of directors of the transportation
- development district submits to the qualified voters of the
- transportation development district, at a state general, primary,
- or special election, a proposal to authorize the board of
- 15 directors of the transportation development district to impose
- 16 [a] or increase the levy of an existing tax pursuant to the
- 17 provisions of this section; or
- 18 (2) The voters approved the question certified by the
- 19 petition filed pursuant to subsection 5 of section 238.207.
- 20 3. If the transportation development district submits to
- 21 the qualified voters of the transportation development district a
- 22 proposal to authorize the board of directors of the
- 23 transportation development district to impose or increase the
- 24 levy of an existing tax pursuant to the provisions of subdivision
- 25 (1) of subsection 2 of this section, the ballot of submission
- 26 shall contain, but need not be limited to, the following
- 27 language:
- 28 Shall the transportation development district of

.....(transportation development district's name) impose a 1 2 transportation development district-wide sales tax at the rate of (insert amount) for a period of (insert 3 4 number) years from the date on which such tax is first imposed 5 for the purpose of (insert transportation development purpose)? 6 7 □ YES П ио 8 If you are in favor of the question, place an "X" in the box 9 opposite "YES". If you are opposed to the question, place an "X" 10 in the box opposite "NO". 11 If a majority of the votes cast on the proposal by the qualified 12 voters voting thereon are in favor of the proposal, then the resolution and any amendments thereto shall be in effect. If a 13 14 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting are 15 opposed to the proposal, then the board of directors of the transportation development district shall have no power to impose 16 17 the sales tax authorized by this section unless and until the board of directors of the transportation development district 18 shall again have submitted another proposal to authorize it to 19 20 impose the sales tax pursuant to the provisions of this section 21 and such proposal is approved by a majority of the qualified

4. Within ten days after the adoption of any resolution in favor of the adoption of a transportation development district sales tax which has been approved by the qualified voters of such transportation development district, the transportation development district shall forward to the director of revenue, by United States registered mail or certified mail, a certified copy

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voters voting thereon.

of the resolution of its board of directors. The resolution
shall reflect the effective date thereof. The sales tax
authorized by this section shall become effective on the first
day of the second calendar quarter after the director of revenue
receives notice of adoption of such tax.

- 5. All revenue received by a transportation development district from the tax authorized by this section which has been designated for a certain transportation development purpose shall be deposited in a special trust fund and shall be used solely for such designated purpose. Upon the expiration of the period of years approved by the qualified voters pursuant to subsection 3 of this section or if the tax authorized by this section is repealed pursuant to subsection 12 of this section, all funds remaining in the special trust fund shall continue to be used solely for such designated transportation development purpose. Any funds in such special trust fund which are not needed for current expenditures may be invested by the board of directors in accordance with applicable laws relating to the investment of other transportation development district funds.
 - 6. The sales tax may be imposed at a rate of one-eighth of one percent, one-fourth of one percent, three-eighths of one percent, one-half of one percent or one percent on the receipts from the sale at retail of all tangible personal property or taxable services at retail within the transportation development district adopting such tax, if such property and services are subject to taxation by the state of Missouri pursuant to the provisions of sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo. Any transportation development district sales tax imposed pursuant to

this section shall be imposed at a rate that shall be uniform throughout the district.

- 7. The resolution imposing the sales tax pursuant to this section shall impose upon all sellers a tax for the privilege of engaging in the business of selling tangible personal property or rendering taxable services at retail to the extent and in the manner provided in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the rules and regulations of the director of revenue issued pursuant thereto; except that the rate of the tax shall be the rate imposed by the resolution as the sales tax. The amount reported and returned to the director of revenue by the seller shall be computed on the basis of the combined rate of the tax imposed by sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, and the tax imposed by the [resolutions] resolution as authorized by this section, plus any amounts imposed pursuant to other provisions of law.
- 8. On and after the effective date of any tax imposed pursuant to this section, the director of revenue shall perform all functions incident to the administration, collection, enforcement, and operation of the tax, and the director of revenue shall collect, in addition to all other sales taxes imposed by law, the additional tax authorized pursuant to this section. The tax imposed pursuant to this section and the taxes imposed pursuant to all other laws of the state of Missouri shall be collected together and reported upon such forms and pursuant to such administrative rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the director of revenue.
- 9. All applicable provisions contained in sections 144.010 to 144.525, RSMo, governing the state sales tax, sections 32.085

- and 32.087, RSMo, governing local sales taxes, and section
- 2 32.057, RSMo, the uniform confidentiality provision, shall apply
- 3 to the collection of the tax imposed by this section, except as
- 4 modified in this section.
- 5 10. All sales taxes collected by the director of revenue
- 6 pursuant to this section on behalf of any transportation
- 7 development district, less one percent for the cost of
- 8 collection, which shall be deposited in the state's general
- 9 revenue fund after payment of premiums for surety bonds as
- 10 provided in section 32.087, RSMo, shall be deposited in the state
- 11 treasury to the credit of the "Transportation Development
- 12 District Sales Tax Fund", which is hereby created. Moneys in the
- 13 transportation development district sales tax fund shall not be
- deemed to be state funds and shall not be commingled with any
- 15 funds of the state. All interest earned upon the balance in the
- 16 transportation development district sales tax fund shall be
- deposited to the credit of the same fund. Any balance in the
- 18 fund at the end of an appropriation period shall not be
- 19 transferred to the general revenue fund and the provisions of
- section 33.080, RSMo, shall not apply to the fund. The director
- of revenue shall keep accurate records of the amount of money
- 22 which was collected in each transportation development district
- 23 imposing a sales tax pursuant to this section, and the records
- 24 shall be open to the inspection of officers of each
- 25 transportation development district and the general public. Not
- later than the tenth day of each month, the director of revenue
- 27 shall distribute all moneys deposited in such fund during the
- 28 preceding month to the proper transportation development

district.

- 2 11. The director of revenue may authorize the state
- 3 treasurer to make refunds from the amounts credited to any
- 4 transportation development district for erroneous payments and
- 5 overpayments made, and may redeem dishonored checks and drafts
- 6 deposited to the credit of such districts. If any transportation
- 7 development district repeals the tax authorized by this section,
- 8 the transportation development district shall notify the director
- 9 of revenue of the action at least ninety days prior to the
- 10 effective date of the repeal and the director of revenue may
- order retention, for a period of one year, of two percent of the
- 12 amount collected after receipt of such notice to cover possible
- 13 refunds or overpayment of such tax and to redeem dishonored
- 14 checks and drafts deposited to the credit of such accounts.
- 15 After one year has elapsed after the effective date of repeal of
- 16 the tax authorized by this section in such transportation
- development district, the director of revenue shall remit the
- 18 balance in the account to the transportation development district
- 19 and close the account of that transportation development
- 20 district. The director of revenue shall notify each
- 21 transportation development district of each instance of any
- 22 amount refunded or any check redeemed from receipts due the
- transportation development district.
- 24 12. (1) No transportation development district imposing a
- 25 sales tax pursuant to this section may repeal or amend such sales
- 26 tax unless such repeal or amendment will not impair the
- 27 district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has
- incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or

- other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued by the commission or any local transportation authority to finance any project or projects.
- 4 Whenever the board of directors of any transportation 5 development district in which a transportation development sales tax has been imposed in the manner provided by this section 6 7 receives a petition, signed by ten percent of the qualified 8 voters of such transportation development district calling for an 9 election to repeal such transportation development sales tax, the 10 board of directors shall, if such repeal will not impair the district's ability to repay any liabilities which it has 11 12 incurred, money which it has borrowed or revenue bonds, notes or other obligations which it has issued or which have been issued 13 14 by the commission or any local transportation authority to 15 finance any project or projects, submit to the voters of such transportation development district a proposal to repeal the 16 17 transportation development sales tax imposed pursuant to the provisions of this section. If a majority of the votes cast on 18 19 the proposal by the qualified voters voting thereon are in favor 20 of the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales 21 tax, then the resolution imposing the transportation development 22 sales tax, along with any amendments thereto, is repealed. 23 majority of the votes cast by the qualified voters voting thereon 24 are opposed to the proposal to repeal the transportation development sales tax, then the [ordinance or] resolution 25 26 imposing the transportation development sales tax, along with any 27 amendments thereto, shall remain in effect.
- 28 292.602. 1. The "Missouri Emergency Response Commission",

herein to be known as the commission, is hereby established and 1 2 is officially domiciled in the department of public safety. commission shall be composed of the director of the department of 3 [economic development] transportation, or his designee; the 4 director of the department of natural resources, or his designee; 5 6 the director of the department of public safety, or his designee; 7 the director of the department of health and senior services, or 8 his designee; six members appointed by the governor with the 9 advice and consent of the senate; one to represent transporters of hazardous materials; one to represent Missouri industry; one 10 to represent local government; one chief fire officer from a 11 12 recognized fire department or fire protection district; one 13 police officer of the rank of captain or above from a recognized 14 county or municipal police department; and one to represent the general public and four members of the general assembly, two of 15 whom shall be appointed by the speaker of the house and two of 16 17 whom shall be appointed by the president pro tem of the senate. 18 All members of the commission shall represent the general 19 interest of the public and shall, to the extent practicable, have 20 technical expertise in the emergency response field. No more 21 than three members appointed by the governor shall be of the same 22 political party. The terms of office for the members appointed 23 by the governor shall be four years and until their successors are selected and qualified, except that, of those first 24 25 appointed, two shall have a term of three years, two shall have a term of two years and two will have a term of one year. There is 26 27 no limitation on the number of terms an appointed member may 28 The governor may appoint a member for the remaining serve.

- portion of the unexpired term created by a vacancy. The governor may remove any appointed member for cause.
- 2. All members of the commission shall serve without

 compensation for their duties, but shall be reimbursed for

 necessary travel and other expenses incurred in the performance

 of their official duties.
- 7 3. The Missouri emergency response commission in 8 conjunction with the department shall:

- 9 (1) Carry out those responsibilities designated under
 10 sections 292.600 to 292.625 and implement sections 292.600 to
 11 292.625 and the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know
 12 Act of 1986, Public Law 99-499, as amended, and all rules and
 13 regulations promulgated pursuant thereto, herein to be known as
 14 the Federal Act;
 - (2) Designate local emergency planning districts to facilitate preparation and implementation of emergency plans, appoint members of a local emergency planning committee for each local emergency planning district, support and coordinate the activities of such committees, review the emergency plans submitted by local emergency planning committees, and make recommendations to the local emergency planning committees regarding those plans;
 - (3) Establish a single filing point for all reports and filings that are required to be submitted to the commission under the provisions of sections 292.600 to 292.625 and the Federal Act;
- 27 (4) Accept, receive and administer grants or other funds or gifts from public and private agencies, including the federal

government, for the purpose of carrying out the functions and responsibilities enumerated in sections 292.600 to 292.625;

- (5) Provide assistance to the local emergency planning committees for the purpose of carrying out the functions and responsibilities enumerated in sections 292.600 to 292.625 and the Federal Act by utilizing all available expertise both public and private, including, but not limited to, the departments of natural resources, public safety and health;
- (6) Provide training to local emergency planning committees and other local officials to accomplish the purposes and objectives of the Federal Act and the provisions of sections 292.600 to 292.625. The department of public safety will coordinate the provisions of such training and periodically report to the commission on training activities;
 - (7) Enter into such agreements with other state agencies, local governments and other political subdivisions of the state, the federal government and other persons as is determined to be appropriate to implement the Federal Act and the provisions of sections 292.600 to 292.625;
 - (8) Allot funds as specified in section 292.604 to local emergency planning committees;
 - (9) Develop a data management system to store and retrieve information submitted under the provisions of sections 292.600 to 292.625 and the Federal Act. The commission and the department will provide assistance to local emergency planning committees and fire departments, fire protection districts, volunteer fire protection services and others to make this information readily available to them for planning and emergency response purposes.

- 1 300.330. The driver of a motor vehicle shall not drive
- within any sidewalk area except as a permanent or temporary
- 3 driveway. A bicycle lane shall not be obstructed by a parked or
- 4 standing motor vehicle or other stationary object. A motor
- 5 <u>vehicle may be driven in a bicycle lane only for the purpose of a</u>
- 6 <u>lawful maneuver to cross the lane or provide for safe travel.</u>
- Where a bicycle lane is present, a driver making a lawful
- 8 maneuver must first merge into the bicycle lane after yielding to
- 9 any traffic that may be present.
- 10 300.410. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of
- sections 300.155 to 300.410, every driver of a vehicle shall
- 12 exercise the highest degree of care to avoid colliding with any
- pedestrian [upon any roadway and shall give warning by sounding
- the horn when necessary], any person propelling a human powered
- vehicle, or any person operating a motorcycle, and shall exercise
- 16 proper precaution upon observing any child or any confused or
- incapacitated person upon a roadway.
- 18 301.010. As used in this chapter and sections 304.010 to
- 19 304.040, 304.120 to 304.260, RSMo, and sections 307.010 to
- 307.175, RSMo, the following terms mean:
- 21 (1) "All-terrain vehicle", any motorized vehicle
- 22 manufactured and used exclusively for off-highway use which is
- fifty inches or less in width, with an unladen dry weight of six
- 24 hundred pounds or less, traveling on three, four or more low
- 25 pressure tires, with a seat designed to be straddled by the
- operator, and handlebars for steering control;
- 27 (2) "Automobile transporter", any vehicle combination
- designed and used specifically for the transport of assembled

- 1 motor vehicles;
- 2 (3) "Axle load", the total load transmitted to the road by
- 3 all wheels whose centers are included between two parallel
- 4 transverse vertical planes forty inches apart, extending across
- 5 the full width of the vehicle;
- 6 (4) "Boat transporter", any vehicle combination designed
- 7 and used specifically to transport assembled boats and boat
- 8 hulls;
- 9 (5) "Body shop", a business that repairs physical damage on
- 10 motor vehicles that are not owned by the shop or its officers or
- employees by mending, straightening, replacing body parts, or
- 12 painting;
- 13 (6) "Bus", a motor vehicle primarily for the transportation
- of a driver and eight or more passengers but not including
- 15 shuttle buses;
- 16 (7) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle designed or
- 17 regularly used for carrying freight and merchandise, or more than
- 18 eight passengers but not including vanpools or shuttle buses;
- 19 (8) "Cotton trailer", a trailer designed and used
- 20 exclusively for transporting cotton at speeds less than forty
- 21 miles per hour from field to field or from field to market and
- 22 return;
- 23 (9) "Dealer", any person, firm, corporation, association,
- 24 agent or subagent engaged in the sale or exchange of new, used or
- 25 reconstructed motor vehicles or trailers;
- 26 (10) "Director" or "director of revenue", the director of
- the department of revenue;
- 28 (11) "Driveaway operation", the movement of a motor vehicle

- 1 or trailer by any person or motor carrier other than a dealer
- 2 over any public highway, under its own power singly, or in a
- 3 fixed combination of two or more vehicles, for the purpose of
- 4 delivery for sale [or], for delivery either before or after sale,
- or for the purpose of transporting vehicles in transit from one
- 6 place to another by driveaway or towaway methods;
- 7 (12) "Dromedary", a box, deck, or plate mounted behind the
- 8 cab and forward of the fifth wheel on the frame of the power unit
- 9 of a truck tractor-semitrailer combination. A truck tractor
- 10 equipped with a dromedary may carry part of a load when operating
- independently or in a combination with a semitrailer;
- 12 (13) "Farm tractor", a tractor used exclusively for
- agricultural purposes;
- 14 (14) "Fleet", any group of ten or more motor vehicles owned
- 15 by the same owner;
- 16 (15) "Fleet vehicle", a motor vehicle which is included as
- 17 part of a fleet;
- 18 (16) "Fullmount", a vehicle mounted completely on the frame
- of either the first or last vehicle in a saddlemount combination;
- 20 (17) "Gross weight", the weight of vehicle and/or vehicle
- 21 combination without load, plus the weight of any load thereon;
- 22 (18) "Hail-damaged vehicle", any vehicle, the body of which
- has become dented as the result of the impact of hail;
- 24 (19) "Highway", any public thoroughfare for vehicles,
- 25 including state roads, county roads and public streets, avenues,
- 26 boulevards, parkways or alleys in any municipality;
- 27 (20) "Improved highway", a highway which has been paved
- with gravel, macadam, concrete, brick or asphalt, or surfaced in

- 1 such a manner that it shall have a hard, smooth surface;
- 2 (21) "Intersecting highway", any highway which joins
- another, whether or not it crosses the same;
- 4 (22) "Junk vehicle", a vehicle which is incapable of
- 5 operation or use upon the highways and has no resale value except
- 6 as a source of parts or scrap, and shall not be titled or
- 7 registered;
- 8 (23) "Kit vehicle", a motor vehicle assembled by a person
- 9 other than a generally recognized manufacturer of motor vehicles
- 10 by the use of a glider kit or replica purchased from an
- 11 authorized manufacturer and accompanied by a manufacturer's
- 12 statement of origin;
- 13 (24) "Land improvement contractors' commercial motor
- vehicle", any not-for-hire commercial motor vehicle the operation
- 15 of which is confined to:
- 16 (a) An area that extends not more than a radius of one
- 17 hundred miles from its home base of operations when transporting
- 18 its owner's machinery, equipment, or auxiliary supplies to or
- 19 from projects involving soil and water conservation, or to and
- 20 from equipment dealers' maintenance facilities for maintenance
- 21 purposes; or
- 22 (b) An area that extends not more than a radius of
- 23 [twenty-five] fifty miles from its home base of operations when
- transporting its owner's machinery, equipment, or auxiliary
- 25 supplies to or from projects not involving soil and water
- 26 conservation. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to
- 27 prevent any motor vehicle from being registered as a commercial
- 28 motor vehicle or local commercial motor vehicle;

vehicle whose operations are confined solely to a municipality and that area extending not more than fifty miles therefrom, or a commercial motor vehicle whose property-carrying operations are confined solely to the transportation of property owned by any person who is the owner or operator of such vehicle to or from a farm owned by such person or under the person's control by virtue of a landlord and tenant lease; provided that any such property transported to any such farm is for use in the operation of such farm;

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- "Local log truck", a commercial motor vehicle which is registered pursuant to this chapter to operate as a motor vehicle on the public highways of this state, used exclusively in this state, used to transport harvested forest products, operated solely at a forested site and in an area extending not more than a fifty-mile radius from such site, carries a load with dimensions not in excess of twenty-five cubic yards per two axles with dual wheels, and is not operated on the national system of interstate and defense highways described in Title 23, Section 103(e) of the United States Code, does not have more than four axles and does not pull a trailer which has more than two axles. A local log truck may not exceed the limits required by law, however, if the truck does exceed such limits as determined by the inspecting officer, then notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary, such truck shall be subject to the weight limits required by such sections as licensed for eighty thousand pounds;
 - (27) "Local transit bus", a bus whose operations are

- 1 confined wholly within a municipal corporation, or wholly within
- 2 a municipal corporation and a commercial zone, as defined in
- 3 section 390.020, RSMo, adjacent thereto, forming a part of a
- 4 public transportation system within such municipal corporation
- 5 and such municipal corporation and adjacent commercial zone;
- 6 (28) "Log truck", a vehicle which is not a local log truck
- 7 and is used exclusively to transport harvested forest products to
- 8 and from forested sites which is registered pursuant to this
- 9 chapter to operate as a motor vehicle on the public highways of
- 10 this state for the transportation of harvested forest products;
- 11 (29) "Major component parts", the rear clip, cowl, frame,
- body, cab, front-end assembly, and front clip, as those terms are
- defined by the director of revenue pursuant to rules and
- 14 regulations or by illustrations;
- 15 (30) "Manufacturer", any person, firm, corporation or
- 16 association engaged in the business of manufacturing or
- assembling motor vehicles, trailers or vessels for sale;
- 18 (31) "Mobile scrap processor", a business located in
- 19 Missouri or any other state that comes onto a salvage site and
- 20 crushes motor vehicles and parts for transportation to a shredder
- or scrap metal operator for recycling;
- 22 (32) "Motor change vehicle", a vehicle manufactured prior
- to August, 1957, which receives a new, rebuilt or used engine,
- 24 and which used the number stamped on the original engine as the
- vehicle identification number;
- 26 (33) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle not
- 27 operated exclusively upon tracks, except farm tractors;
- 28 (34) "Motor vehicle primarily for business use", any

- 1 vehicle other than a recreational motor vehicle, motorcycle,
- 2 motortricycle, or any commercial motor vehicle licensed for over
- 3 twelve thousand pounds:
- 4 (a) Offered for hire or lease; or
- 5 (b) The owner of which also owns ten or more such motor 6 vehicles;
- 7 (35) "Motorcycle", a motor vehicle operated on two wheels;
- 8 (36) "Motorized bicycle", any two-wheeled or three-wheeled
- 9 device having an automatic transmission and a motor with a
- 10 cylinder capacity of not more than fifty cubic centimeters, which
- 11 produces less than three gross brake horsepower, and is capable
- of propelling the device at a maximum speed of not more than
- thirty miles per hour on level ground;
- 14 (37) "Motortricycle", a motor vehicle operated on three
- wheels, including a motorcycle while operated with any
- 16 conveyance, temporary or otherwise, requiring the use of a third
- 17 wheel. A motortricycle shall not be included in the definition
- 18 of all-terrain vehicle;
- 19 (38) "Municipality", any city, town or village, whether
- 20 incorporated or not;
- 21 (39) "Nonresident", a resident of a state or country other
- than the state of Missouri;
- 23 (40) "Non-USA-std motor vehicle", a motor vehicle not
- 24 originally manufactured in compliance with United States
- emissions or safety standards;
- 26 (41) "Operator", any person who operates or drives a motor
- 27 vehicle;
- 28 (42) "Owner", any person, firm, corporation or association,

is the subject of an agreement for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of purchase upon performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate right of

who holds the legal title to a vehicle or in the event a vehicle

- 5 possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee, or in the
- 6 event a mortgagor of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then
- 7 such conditional vendee or lessee or mortgagor shall be deemed
- 8 the owner for the purpose of this law;

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- 9 (43) "Public garage", a place of business where motor
 10 vehicles are housed, stored, repaired, reconstructed or repainted
 11 for persons other than the owners or operators of such place of
 12 business;
- 13 (44) "Rebuilder", a business that repairs or rebuilds motor 14 vehicles owned by the rebuilder, but does not include 15 certificated common or contract carriers of persons or property;
 - (45) "Reconstructed motor vehicle", a vehicle that is altered from its original construction by the addition or substitution of two or more new or used major component parts, excluding motor vehicles made from all new parts, and new multistage manufactured vehicles;
 - (46) "Recreational motor vehicle", any motor vehicle designed, constructed or substantially modified so that it may be used and is used for the purposes of temporary housing quarters, including therein sleeping and eating facilities which are either permanently attached to the motor vehicle or attached to a unit which is securely attached to the motor vehicle. Nothing herein shall prevent any motor vehicle from being registered as a commercial motor vehicle if the motor vehicle could otherwise be

1 so registered;

- 2 (47) "Rollback or car carrier", any vehicle specifically
 3 designed to transport wrecked, disabled or otherwise inoperable
 4 vehicles, when the transportation is directly connected to a
 5 wrecker or towing service;
 - in which a truck or truck tractor tows one or more trucks or truck tractors, each connected by a saddle to the frame or fifth wheel of the vehicle in front of it. The "saddle" is a mechanism that connects the front axle of the towed vehicle to the frame or fifth wheel of the vehicle in front and functions like a fifth wheel kingpin connection. When two vehicles are towed in this manner the combination is called a double saddlemount combination. When three vehicles are towed in this manner, the combination is called a triple saddlemount combination;
 - (49) "Salvage dealer and dismantler", a business that dismantles used motor vehicles for the sale of the parts thereof, and buys and sells used motor vehicle parts and accessories;
 - (50) "Salvage vehicle", a motor vehicle, semitrailer or house trailer which, by reason of condition or circumstance, has been declared salvage, either by its owner, or by a person, firm, corporation, or other legal entity exercising the right of security interest in it, or by an insurance company as a result of settlement of a claim for loss due to damage or theft; or a vehicle, ownership of which is evidenced by a salvage title; or abandoned property which is titled pursuant to section 304.155, RSMo, or section 304.157, RSMo, and designated with the words "salvage/abandoned property";

1 (51) "School bus", any motor vehicle used solely to
2 transport students to or from school or to transport students to
3 or from any place for educational purposes;

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- (52) "Shuttle bus", a motor vehicle used or maintained by any person, firm, or corporation as an incidental service to transport patrons or customers of the regular business of such person, firm, or corporation to and from the place of business of the person, firm, or corporation providing the service at no fee or charge. Shuttle buses shall not be registered as buses or as commercial motor vehicles;
- vehicle not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property and incidentally operated or moved over the highways, including farm equipment, implements of husbandry, road construction or maintenance machinery, ditch-digging apparatus, stone crushers, air compressors, power shovels, cranes, graders, rollers, well-drillers and wood-sawing equipment used for hire, asphalt spreaders, bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, ditchers, leveling graders, finished machines, motor graders, road rollers, scarifiers, earth-moving carryalls, scrapers, drag lines, concrete pump trucks, rock-drilling and earth-moving equipment. This enumeration shall be deemed partial and shall not operate to exclude other such vehicles which are within the general terms of this section;
 - (54) "Specially constructed motor vehicle", a motor vehicle which shall not have been originally constructed under a distinctive name, make, model or type by a manufacturer of motor vehicles. The term "specially constructed motor vehicle"

- includes kit vehicles;
- 2 (55) "Stinger-steered combination", a truck
- 3 tractor-semitrailer wherein the fifth wheel is located on a drop
- 4 frame located behind and below the rearmost axle of the power
- 5 unit;
- 6 (56) "Tandem axle", a group of two or more axles, arranged
- 7 one behind another, the distance between the extremes of which is
- 8 more than forty inches and not more than ninety-six inches apart;
- 9 (57) "Tractor", "truck tractor" or "truck-tractor", a
- 10 self-propelled motor vehicle designed for drawing other vehicles,
- 11 but not for the carriage of any load when operating
- independently. When attached to a semitrailer, it supports a
- part of the weight thereof;
- 14 (58) "Trailer", any vehicle without motive power designed
- for carrying property or passengers on its own structure and for
- 16 being drawn by a self-propelled vehicle, except those running
- 17 exclusively on tracks, including a semitrailer or vehicle of the
- 18 trailer type so designed and used in conjunction with a
- 19 self-propelled vehicle that a considerable part of its own weight
- 20 rests upon and is carried by the towing vehicle. The term
- 21 "trailer" shall not include cotton trailers as defined in
- 22 subdivision (8) of this section and shall not include
- 23 manufactured homes as defined in section 700.010, RSMo;
- 24 (59) "Truck", a motor vehicle designed, used, or maintained
- 25 for the transportation of property;
- 26 (60) "Truck-tractor semitrailer-semitrailer", a combination
- 27 vehicle in which the two trailing units are connected with a
- 28 B-train assembly which is a rigid frame extension attached to the

- rear frame of a first semitrailer which allows for a fifth-wheel connection point for the second semitrailer and has one less articulation point than the conventional "A dolly" connected
- 4 truck-tractor semitrailer-trailer combination;

- (61) "Truck-trailer boat transporter combination", a boat transporter combination consisting of a straight truck towing a trailer using typically a ball and socket connection with the trailer axle located substantially at the trailer center of gravity rather than the rear of the trailer but so as to maintain a downward force on the trailer tongue;
- (62) "Used parts dealer", a business that buys and sells
 used motor vehicle parts or accessories, but not including a
 business that sells only new, remanufactured or rebuilt parts.
 "Business" does not include isolated sales at a swap meet of less
 than three days;
- maintained by any person, group, firm, corporation, association, city, county or state agency, or any member thereof, for the transportation of not less than eight nor more than forty-eight employees, per motor vehicle, to and from their place of employment; however, a vanpool shall not be included in the definition of the term "bus" or "commercial motor vehicle" as defined by subdivisions (6) and (7) of this section, nor shall a vanpool driver be deemed a "chauffeur" as that term is defined by section 302.010, RSMo; nor shall use of a vanpool vehicle for ride-sharing arrangements, recreational, personal, or maintenance uses constitute an unlicensed use of the motor vehicle, unless used for monetary profit other than for use in a ride-sharing

arrangement;

- 2 (64) "Vehicle", any mechanical device on wheels, designed
- 3 primarily for use, or used, on highways, except motorized
- 4 bicycles, vehicles propelled or drawn by horses or human power,
- or vehicles used exclusively on fixed rails or tracks, or cotton
- 6 trailers or motorized wheelchairs operated by handicapped
- 7 persons;
- 8 (65) "Wrecker" or "tow truck", any emergency commercial
- 9 vehicle equipped, designed and used to assist or render aid and
- 10 transport or tow disabled or wrecked vehicles from a highway,
- 11 road, street or highway rights-of-way to a point of storage or
- 12 repair, including towing a replacement vehicle to replace a
- disabled or wrecked vehicle;
- 14 (66) "Wrecker or towing service", the act of transporting,
- towing or recovering with a wrecker, tow truck, rollback or car
- 16 carrier any vehicle not owned by the operator of the wrecker, tow
- 17 truck, rollback or car carrier for which the operator directly or
- 18 indirectly receives compensation or other personal gain.
- 19 301.026. 1. No state registration license to operate any
- 20 motor vehicle in this state shall be issued or renewed so long as
- 21 <u>the owner of that motor vehicle owes vehicle-related fees or</u>
- 22 fines to a county, city or township within the state, that
- 23 liability is delinquent as determined by the county, city or
- township, and the vehicle owner has not paid the liability or
- 25 <u>appeared in court or designated administrative adjudication</u>
- 26 agency to contest the vehicle-related fees and fines. For the
- 27 purpose of this section, vehicle-related fees and fines shall
- 28 <u>include</u>, but not necessarily be limited to, traffic violation

fines, parking violation fines, towing and vehicle immobilization
fees, and any late payment penalties and court costs associated
with the adjudication or collection of those fines.

- 2. A county, city, or township may notify, by ordinary mail, any owner of a motor vehicle for which vehicle-related fees and fines have not been paid that, if full payment is not received within thirty days, the director of revenue will be authorized to suspend the motor vehicle registration for such vehicle and any other vehicles owned by the vehicle owner and charge a reasonable reinstatement or processing fee. Any notification returned to the county, city, or township by the post office may be sent to the director of revenue. The department of revenue may subsequently take any action it deems reasonable and practical to notify the owner and the county, city, or township of the pending suspension of motor vehicle registration.
 - 3. Thereafter, if the vehicle owner fails to pay such vehicle-related fees and fines to the county, city or township within thirty days, the county, city, or township may notify the director of revenue of such failure. Such notification shall be on forms approved by the department of revenue and shall list the vehicle owner's full name and address, and the year, make, model, and vehicle identification number of such motor vehicle. In addition, the department of revenue may, before renewing the registration of any motor vehicle, check the driver's license record(s) of all registered owners for notification that the licensee has failed to pay a lawfully-imposed vehicle-related fee or fine within the time prescribed herein.

1	4. Upon receipt of this notification, the director of
2	revenue may provide notice of suspension of motor vehicle
3	registration to the vehicle owner at the vehicle owner's last
4	address shown on the records of the department of revenue. The
5	director of revenue shall suspend registration and prohibit
6	registration renewal on that vehicle, and all other vehicles
7	owned by the vehicle owner, until the department of revenue
8	receives notification from the county, city, or township that the
9	vehicle owner has paid the vehicle related fees and fines in full
10	or otherwise satisfied his or her obligations regarding the
11	delinquent vehicle-related fees and fines. Upon the county,
12	city, or township furnishing such notification, and the vehicle
13	owner paying reinstatement fee designated by the department of
14	revenue, the motor vehicle registration shall be reinstated.
15	5. If the vehicle owner's check is returned for
16	insufficient funds, the county, city, or township may assess and
17	collect, in addition to any other penalty or interest that may be
18	owed, a reasonable penalty approved by the governing body of the
19	county, city or township. The county, city, or township may
20	refuse to accept any check or other similar order in payment of
21	any fine or fee currently owed plus penalty or interest from a
22	person who previously attempted to pay such amount with a check
23	or order that was returned to the county, city, or township
24	unless the remittance is in the form of a cashier's check,
25	certified check or money order. If a person does not comply with
26	the provisions of this section, no state registration license
27	shall be issued or renewed.

6. In the event a motor vehicle registration is suspended

1 for nonpayment of vehicle related fines or fees, the owner so 2 aggrieved may appeal to the designated administrative adjudication agency of the county where the violation occurred 3 4 or, if there is no such administrative adjudication agency, the 5 circuit court where the violation occurred, for review of such 6 suspension at any time within thirty days after notice of motor 7 vehicle registration suspension. Upon such appeal, the cause 8 shall be heard de novo in the manner provided by chapter 536, 9 RSMo, for the review of administrative decisions. The circuit 10 court or administrative adjudication agency may order the director to reinstate such registration, sustain the suspension 11 12 of registration by the director or set aside or modify such suspension. Appeals from the judgment of the circuit court or 13 14 administrative adjudication agency may be taken as in civil 15 cases. The prosecuting attorney of the county where such appeal is taken shall appear in behalf of the director, and prosecute or 16 17 defend, as the case may require. 7. The director of revenue shall make necessary rules and 18 19 regulations for the enforcement of this section, and shall design 20 all necessary forms. All notifications among state and local 21 jurisdictions may be made electronically. Any rule or portion of 22 a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall 23 become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all 24 25 of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable,

nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general

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assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the

section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are

- 1 effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
- 2 subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
- 3 <u>authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003,</u>
- 4 shall be invalid and void.
- 5 301.069. A driveaway license plate may not be used on a
- 6 <u>vehicle used or operated on a highway except for the purpose of</u>
- 7 transporting vehicles in transit. Driveaway license plates may
- 8 not be used by tow truck operators transporting wrecked,
- 9 <u>disabled</u>, <u>abandoned</u>, <u>improperly parked or burned vehicles</u>. For
- 10 each driveaway license there shall be paid an annual license fee
- of forty-four dollars and fifty cents or a biennial license fee
- of eighty-nine dollars for one set of plates or such insignia as
- 13 the director may issue which shall be attached to the motor
- vehicle as prescribed in this chapter. For single trips the fee
- shall be four dollars, and descriptive insignia shall be prepared
- 16 and issued at the discretion of the director who shall also
- 17 prescribe the type of equipment used to attach such vehicles in
- 18 combinations.
- 19 302.225. 1. Every court having jurisdiction over offenses
- committed under sections 302.010 to 302.780, or any other law of
- 21 this state, or county or municipal ordinance, regulating the
- 22 operation of vehicles on highways or any other offense in which
- 23 the commission of such offense involves the use of a motor
- vehicle, including felony convictions, shall, within [ten] seven
- 25 days thereafter, forward to the [Missouri state highway patrol,
- or at the written direction of the Missouri state highway patrol,
- to the department of revenue, in a manner approved by the
- director of the department of public safety a record of any plea

- or finding of quilty of any person in the court for a violation 1 2 of sections 302.010 to 302.780 or for any moving traffic violation under the laws of this state or county or municipal 3 4 ordinances. The record related to offenses involving alcohol, 5 controlled substances, or drugs shall be entered in the Missouri uniform law enforcement system records. The director of revenue 6 7 shall enter the conviction information into the appropriate 8 computer systems and transmit the conviction information as 9 required in 49 CFR, part 384, or as amended by the Secretary of 10 the United States Department of Transportation. The record of 11 all convictions involving the assessment of points as provided in 12 section 302.302 and convictions involving a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 302.700 furnished by a court to the 13 14 [highway patrol and not to the] department of revenue shall be forwarded by the [highway patrol] department of revenue within 15 16 fifteen days of receipt to the [director of revenue] Missouri 17 state highway patrol.
 - 2. Whenever any person is convicted of any offense or series of offenses for which sections 302.010 to 302.340 makes mandatory the suspension or revocation of the license of such person by the director of revenue, the circuit court in which such conviction is had shall require the surrender to it of all licenses, then held by the person so convicted, and the court shall within [ten] seven days thereafter forward the same, together with a record of the conviction, to the director of revenue.
- 3. No [municipal judge or] municipal <u>administrative</u>
 official shall have power to revoke any license.

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302.272. 1. No person shall operate any school bus owned by or under contract with a public school or the state board of education unless such driver has qualified for a school bus permit under this section and complied with the pertinent rules and regulations of the department of revenue. A school bus permit shall be issued to any applicant who meets the following qualifications:

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- (1) The applicant has a valid state license issued under this chapter or has a license valid in any other state;
 - (2) The applicant is at least twenty-one years of age;
 - (3) The applicant has passed a medical examination, including vision and hearing tests, as prescribed by the director of revenue and, if the applicant is at least seventy years of age, the applicant shall pass the medical examination annually to maintain or renew the permit; and
 - (4) The applicant has successfully passed an examination for the operation of a school bus as prescribed by the director of revenue. The examination shall include, but need not be limited to, a written skills examination of applicable laws, rules and procedures, and a driving test in the type of vehicle to be operated. The test shall be completed in the appropriate class of vehicle to be driven. For purposes of this section classes of school buses shall comply with the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570).
 - 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a school bus permit shall be renewed every three years and shall require the applicant to provide a medical examination as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of this section and to

- successfully pass a written skills examination as prescribed by 1 2 the director of revenue in consultation with the department of elementary and secondary education. If the applicant is at least 3 4 seventy years of age, the school bus permit shall be renewed 5 annually, and the applicant shall successfully pass the examination prescribed in subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of this б 7 section prior to receiving the renewed permit. The director may 8 waive the written skills examination on renewal of a school bus 9 permit upon verification of the applicant's successful completion 10 within the preceding twelve months of a training program which 11 has been approved by the director in consultation with the 12 department of elementary and secondary education and which is at least eight hours in duration with special instruction in school 13 14 bus driving.
- 3. The fee for a new or renewed school bus permit shall be three dollars.

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- 4. Upon the applicant's completion of the requirements of subsections 1, 2 and 3 of this section, the director of revenue shall issue a temporary school bus permit to the applicant until such time as a permanent school bus permit shall be issued following the record clearance as provided in subsection 6 of this section.
- 5. The director of revenue, to the best of the director's knowledge, shall not issue or renew a school bus permit to any applicant:
- (1) Whose driving record shows that such applicant's privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been suspended, revoked or disqualified or whose driving record shows a history of moving

vehicle violations;

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2 Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any felony or misdemeanor for violation of drug regulations as 3 defined in chapter 195, RSMo; of any felony for an offense 4 5 against the person as defined by chapter 565, RSMo, or any other offense against the person involving the endangerment of a child б 7 as prescribed by law; of any misdemeanor or felony for a sexual offense as defined by chapter 566, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or 8 9 felony for prostitution as defined by chapter 567, RSMo; of any 10 misdemeanor or felony for an offense against the family as defined in chapter 568, RSMo; of any felony or misdemeanor for a 11 12 weapons offense as defined by chapter 571, RSMo; of any misdemeanor or felony for pornography or related offense as 13 14 defined by chapter 573, RSMo; or of any similar crime in any 15 federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction

of which the director has knowledge;

- (3) Who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of any felony involving robbery, arson, burglary or a related offense as defined by chapter 569, RSMo; or any similar crime in any federal, state, municipal or other court of similar jurisdiction within the preceding ten years of which the director has knowledge.
- 6. The [department of social services or the] Missouri highway patrol[, whichever has access to applicable records,] shall provide a record of clearance or denial of clearance for any applicant for a school bus permit for the convictions specified in subdivisions (2) and (3) of subsection 5 of this section. The Missouri highway patrol in providing the record of

clearance or denial of clearance for any such applicant is authorized to obtain from the Federal Bureau of Investigation any information which might aid the Missouri highway patrol in providing such record of clearance or denial of clearance. [department of social services or the] Missouri highway patrol shall provide the record of clearance or denial of clearance within thirty days of the date requested, relying on information available at that time, except that the [department of social

services or the 1 Missouri highway patrol shall provide any

7. Beginning January 1, 2004, the applicant shall submit two sets of fingerprints. One set of fingerprints shall be used by the highway patrol in order to search the criminal history repository and the second set shall be forwarded to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for searching the federal criminal history files.

information subsequently discovered to the department of revenue.

- 8. The applicant shall pay the fee for the state criminal history information pursuant to section 43.530, RSMo, and pay the appropriate fee determined by the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the federal criminal history record when he or she applies for the school bus permit pursuant to this section. The director shall distribute the fees collected for the state and federal criminal histories to the highway patrol.
- 9. The director may adopt any rules and regulations

 necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule

 or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,

 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this

 section shall become effective only if it complies with and is

1	subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if
2	applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536,
3	RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the
4	general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to
5	delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are
6	subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking
7	authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003,
8	shall be invalid and void.
9	302.302. 1. The director of revenue shall put into effect
10	a point system for the suspension and revocation of licenses.
11	Points shall be assessed only after a conviction or forfeiture of
12	collateral. The initial point value is as follows:
13	(1) Any moving violation of a state law or county or
14	municipal or federal traffic ordinance or regulation not listed
15	in this section, other than a violation of vehicle equipment
16	provisions or a court-ordered supervision as provided in section
17	302.303 2 points
18	(except any violation of municipal stop sign ordinance where no
19	accident is involved 1 point)
20	(2) Speeding
21	In violation of a state law 3 points
22	In violation of a county or municipal ordinance 2 points
23	(3) Leaving the scene of an accident in violation of
24	section 577.060, RSMo 12 points
25	In violation of any county or municipal
26	ordinance 6 points
27	(4) Careless and imprudent driving
28	in violation of subsection 4 of section 304.016,

1	RSMo 4 points
2	In violation of subsection 4 of section 304.016,
3	RSMo, by a person under the age of eighteen
4	years of age 8 points
5	In violation of a county or municipal ordinance 2 points
6	(5) Operating without a valid license in violation of
7	subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection 1 of section 302.020:
8	(a) For the first conviction 2 points
9	(b) For the second conviction 4 points
10	(c) For the third conviction 6 points
11	(6) Operating with a suspended or
12	revoked license prior to restoration of operating
13	privileges 12 points
14	(7) Obtaining a license by
15	misrepresentation 12 points
16	(8) For the first conviction of driving
17	while in an intoxicated condition or under the
18	influence of controlled substances or drugs 8 points
19	(9) For the second or subsequent conviction
20	of any of the following offenses however
21	combined: driving while in an intoxicated
22	condition, driving under the influence of
23	controlled substances or drugs or driving with
24	a blood alcohol content of eight-hundredths of one
25	percent or more by weight 12 points
26	(10) For the first conviction for driving
27	with blood alcohol content eight-hundredths of
28	one percent or more by weight

1	In violation of state law 8 points
2	In violation of a county or municipal ordinance
3	or federal law or regulation 8 points
4	(11) Any felony involving the use of a
5	motor vehicle
6	(12) Knowingly permitting unlicensed
7	operator to operate a motor vehicle 4 points
8	(13) For a conviction for failure to maintain
9	financial responsibility pursuant to county
10	or municipal ordinance or pursuant to
11	section 303.025, RSMo 4 points
12	(14) Exceeding the posted speed limit by
13	twenty miles per hour or more by a person under
14	the age of eighteen:
15	(a) For the first conviction 8 points
16	(b) For the second or subsequent conviction 12 points
17	(15) For a conviction for colliding
18	with a pedestrian, bicyclist, or
19	motorcyclist thereby causing personal injury
20	to the pedestrian, bicyclist, or motorcyclist
21	pursuant to section 565.070, RSMo:
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	(a) For the first conviction 4 points
23	(a) For the first conviction
23	(b) For the second and subsequent
23 24	(b) For the second and subsequent conviction 6 points
232425	<pre>(b) For the second and subsequent conviction 6 points 2. The director shall, as provided in subdivision (5) of</pre>

or permit pursuant to the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.340.

- 3. An additional two points shall be assessed when personal injury or property damage results from any violation listed in subsection 1 of this section and if found to be warranted and certified by the reporting court.
 - 4. When any of the acts listed in subdivision (2), (3), (4) or (8) of subsection 1 of this section constitutes both a violation of a state law and a violation of a county or municipal ordinance, points may be assessed for either violation but not for both. Notwithstanding that an offense arising out of the same occurrence could be construed to be a violation of subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section, no person shall be tried or convicted for more than one offense pursuant to subdivisions (8), (9) and (10) of subsection 1 of this section for offenses arising out of the same occurrence.
 - 5. The director of revenue shall put into effect a system for staying the assessment of points against an operator. The system shall provide that the satisfactory completion of a driver-improvement program or, in the case of violations committed while operating a motorcycle, a motorcycle-rider training course approved by the director of the department of public safety, by an operator, when so ordered and verified by any court having jurisdiction over any law of this state or county or municipal ordinance, regulating motor vehicles, other than a violation committed in a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 302.700 or a violation committed by an individual who has been issued a commercial driver's license or

- is required to obtain a commercial driver's license in this state 1 2 or any other state, shall be accepted by the director in lieu of the assessment of points for a violation pursuant to subdivision 3 4 (1), (2) or (4) of subsection 1 of this section or pursuant to 5 subsection 3 of this section. For the purposes of this subsection, the driver-improvement program shall meet or exceed 6 7 the standards of the National Safety Council's eight-hour 8 "Defensive Driving Course" or, in the case of a violation which 9 occurred during the operation of a motorcycle, the program shall 10 meet the standards established by the director of the department of public safety pursuant to sections 302.133 to 302.138. 11 12 completion of a driver-improvement program or a motorcycle-rider training course shall not be accepted in lieu of points more than 13 14 one time in any thirty-six-month period and shall be completed 15 within sixty days of the date of conviction in order to be accepted in lieu of the assessment of points. Every court having 16 17 jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall, within fifteen days after completion of the driver-improvement 18 19 program or motorcycle-rider training course by an operator, 20 forward a record of the completion to the director, all other 21 provisions of the law to the contrary notwithstanding. 22 director shall establish procedures for record keeping and the administration of this subsection. 23 24
 - 302.304. 1. The director shall notify by ordinary mail any operator of the point value charged against the operator's record when the record shows four or more points have been accumulated in a twelve-month period.

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2. In an action to suspend or revoke a license or driving

- privilege under this section points shall be accumulated on the date of conviction. No case file of any conviction for a driving violation for which points may be assessed pursuant to section 302.302 may be closed until such time as a copy of the record of
- 3. The director shall suspend the license and driving privileges of any person whose driving record shows the driver has accumulated eight points in eighteen months.

such conviction is forwarded to the department of revenue.

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- 9 4. The license and driving privilege of any person whose 10 license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 except those persons 11 12 whose license and driving privilege have been suspended under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 13 14 or has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction 15 under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department 16 17 of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, and is otherwise eligible, shall be reinstated as follows: 18
- 19 (1) In the case of an initial suspension, thirty days after 20 the effective date of the suspension;
 - (2) In the case of a second suspension, sixty days after the effective date of the suspension;
- 23 (3) In the case of the third and subsequent suspensions,
 24 ninety days after the effective date of the suspension.
 25 Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the
 26 department of revenue, a suspension shall continue in effect for
 27 two years from its effective date.
 - 5. The period of suspension of the driver's license and

- driving privilege of any person under the provisions of subdivision (8) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 or who has accumulated sufficient points together with a conviction under subdivision (10) of subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall be thirty days, followed by a sixty-day period of restricted driving privilege as defined in section 302.010. Upon completion of such б period of restricted driving privilege, upon compliance with other requirements of law and upon filing of proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue, in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, the license and driving privilege shall be reinstated.
 - 6. If the person fails to maintain proof of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, the person's driving privilege and license shall be resuspended.

7. The director shall revoke the license and driving privilege of any person when the person's driving record shows such person has accumulated twelve points in twelve months or eighteen points in twenty-four months or twenty-four points in thirty-six months. The revocation period of any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 and who has filed proof of financial responsibility with the department of revenue in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo, and is otherwise eligible, shall be terminated by a notice from the director of revenue after one year from the effective date of the revocation. Unless proof of financial responsibility is filed with the department of revenue, except as provided in subsection 2 of section 302.541, the revocation shall remain in effect for a period of two years

- 1 from its effective date. If the person fails to maintain proof
- of financial responsibility in accordance with chapter 303, RSMo,
- 3 the person's license and driving privilege shall be rerevoked.
- 4 Any person whose license and driving privilege have been revoked
- 5 under the provisions of sections 302.010 to 302.540 shall, upon
- 6 receipt of the notice of termination of the revocation from the
- 7 director, pass the complete driver examination and apply for a
- 8 new license before again operating a motor vehicle upon the
- 9 highways of this state.
- 10 8. If, prior to conviction for an offense that would
- 11 require suspension or revocation of a person's license under the
- 12 provisions of this section, the person's total points accumulated
- are reduced, pursuant to the provisions of section 302.306, below
- 14 the number of points required for suspension or revocation
- pursuant to the provisions of this section, then the person's
- license shall not be suspended or revoked until the necessary
- 17 points are again obtained and accumulated.
- 9. If any person shall neglect or refuse to surrender the
- 19 person's license, as provided herein, the director shall direct
- 20 the state highway patrol or any peace or police officer to secure
- 21 possession thereof and return it to the director.
- 22 10. Upon the issuance of a reinstatement or termination
- 23 notice after a suspension or revocation of any person's license
- and driving privilege under the provisions of sections 302.010 to
- 302.540, the accumulated point value shall be reduced to four
- 26 points, except that the points of any person serving as a member
- 27 of the armed forces of the United States outside the limits of
- 28 the United States during a period of suspension or revocation

- 1 shall be reduced to zero upon the date of the reinstatement or
- 2 termination of notice. It shall be the responsibility of such
- 3 member of the armed forces to submit copies of official orders to
- 4 the director of revenue to substantiate such overseas service.
- 5 Any other provision of sections 302.010 to 302.540 to the
- 6 contrary notwithstanding, the effective date of the four points
- 7 remaining on the record upon reinstatement or termination shall
- 8 be the date of the reinstatement or termination notice.
- 9 11. No credit toward reduction of points shall be given
- during periods of suspension or revocation or any period of
- driving under a limited driving privilege granted by a court or
- 12 the director of revenue.
- 13 12. Any person or nonresident whose license or privilege to
- operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended or
- 15 revoked under this or any other law shall, before having the
- 16 license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle reinstated, pay
- to the director a reinstatement fee of twenty dollars which shall
- 18 be in addition to all other fees provided by law.
- 19 13. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
- 20 contrary, if after two years from the effective date of any
- 21 suspension or revocation issued under this chapter, the person or
- 22 nonresident has not paid the reinstatement fee of twenty dollars,
- 23 the director shall reinstate such license or privilege to operate
- 24 a motor vehicle in this state.
- 25 14. No person who has had a license to operate a motor
- 26 vehicle suspended or revoked as a result of an assessment of
- 27 points for a violation under subdivision (8), (9) or (10) of
- 28 subsection 1 of section 302.302 shall have that license

reinstated until such person has participated in and successfully 1 2 completed a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the 3 4 department of mental health. Assignment recommendations, based 5 upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision (22) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with 6 7 written notice that the person is entitled to have such 8 assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person 9 objects to the recommendations. The person may file a motion in 10 the associate division of the circuit court of the county in 11 which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by 12 the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517, 13 14 The motion shall name the person or entity making the 15 needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall 16 be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. 17 hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based 18 19 upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving 20 record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the 21 likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future, 22 except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined 23 24 to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 25 577.023, RSMo, or of a person determined to have operated a motor vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight 26 27 in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for 28

- 1 the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a
- 2 motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any
- 3 hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be
- 4 necessary unless directed by the court.
- 5 15. The fees for the program authorized in subsection 14 of
- 6 this section, or a portion thereof to be determined by the
- 7 department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled
- 8 in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall
- 9 pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a
- supplemental fee [of sixty dollars] in an amount to be determined
- by the department of mental health, but not to exceed two hundred
- dollars, for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic
- offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program
- 14 <u>determined to be comparable by the department of mental health</u>.
- 15 The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of
- 16 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or
- 17 before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for
- all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for
- 19 administrative costs. <u>Interest shall be charged on any unpaid</u>
- 20 balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and
- 21 drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate
- 22 <u>not to exceed the annual rate established pursuant to section</u>
- 23 32.065, RSMo, plus three percentage points. The supplemental
- fees and any interest received by the department of mental health
- 25 pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health
- earnings fund which is created in section 630.053, RSMo.
- 27 <u>16. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of</u>
- 28 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the

- 1 supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the
- 2 program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty
- 3 equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees
- 4 <u>due the division pursuant to this section</u>. If the supplemental
- 5 fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of
- 6 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within
- 7 six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of
- 8 <u>Missouri shall initiate appropriate action for the collection of</u>
- 9 <u>such fees and interest accrued</u>. The court shall assess attorney
- 10 fees and court costs against any delinquent program.
- 302.309. 1. Whenever any license is suspended pursuant to
- sections 302.302 to 302.309, the director of revenue shall return
- the license to the operator immediately upon the termination of
- 14 the period of suspension and upon compliance with the
- 15 requirements of chapter 303, RSMo.
- 16 2. Any operator whose license is revoked pursuant to these
- sections, upon the termination of the period of revocation, shall
- 18 apply for a new license in the manner prescribed by law.
- 19 3. (1) All circuit courts or the director of revenue shall
- 20 have jurisdiction to hear applications and make eligibility
- 21 determinations granting limited driving privileges. Any
- 22 application may be made in writing to the director of revenue and
- the person's reasons for requesting the limited driving privilege
- 24 shall be made therein.

- 25 (2) When any court of record having jurisdiction or the
- 26 director of revenue finds that an operator is required to operate
- 27 a motor vehicle in connection with any of the following:
 - (a) A business, occupation, or employment;

(b) Seeking medical treatment for such operator;

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- 2 (c) Attending school or other institution of higher 3 education;
 - (d) Attending alcohol or drug treatment programs; or
 - (e) Any other circumstance the court or director finds would create an undue hardship on the operator; the court or director may grant such limited driving privilege as the circumstances of the case justify if the court or director finds undue hardship would result to the individual, and while so operating a motor vehicle within the restrictions and limitations of the limited driving privilege the driver shall not be guilty of operating a motor vehicle without a valid license.
 - An operator may make application to the proper court in the county in which such operator resides or in the county in which is located the operator's principal place of business or employment. Any application for a limited driving privilege made to a circuit court shall name the director as a party defendant and shall be served upon the director prior to the grant of any limited privilege, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the applicant's driving record as certified by the director. applicant for a limited driving privilege shall have on file with the department of revenue proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, RSMo. Any application by a person who transports persons or property as classified in section 302.015 may be accompanied by proof of financial responsibility as required by chapter 303, RSMo, but if proof of financial responsibility does not accompany the application, or if the applicant does not have on file with the department of revenue

proof of financial responsibility, the court or the director has discretion to grant the limited driving privilege to the person solely for the purpose of operating a vehicle whose owner has complied with chapter 303, RSMo, for that vehicle, and the limited driving privilege must state such restriction. When operating such vehicle under such restriction the person shall carry proof that the owner has complied with chapter 303, RSMo, for that vehicle.

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The court order or the director's grant of the limited driving privilege shall indicate the termination date of the privilege, which shall be not later than the end of the period of suspension or revocation. A copy of any court order shall be sent by the clerk of the court to the director, and a copy shall be given to the driver which shall be carried by the driver whenever such driver operates a motor vehicle. The director of revenue upon granting a limited driving privilege shall give a copy of the limited driving privilege to the applicant. applicant shall carry a copy of the limited driving privilege while operating a motor vehicle. A conviction which results in the assessment of points pursuant to section 302.302, other than a violation of a municipal stop sign ordinance where no accident is involved, against a driver who is operating a vehicle pursuant to a limited driving privilege terminates the privilege, as of the date the points are assessed to the person's driving record. If the date of arrest is prior to the issuance of the limited driving privilege, the privilege shall not be terminated. director shall notify by ordinary mail the driver whose privilege is so terminated.

1 (5) Except as provided in subdivision (6) of this
2 subsection, no person is eligible to receive a limited driving
3 privilege who at the time of application for a limited driving
4 privilege has previously been granted such a privilege within the
5 immediately preceding five years, or whose license has been
6 suspended or revoked for the following reasons:

- (a) A conviction of violating the provisions of section 577.010 or 577.012, RSMo, or any similar provision of any federal or state law, or a municipal or county law where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, until the person has completed the first thirty days of a suspension or revocation imposed pursuant to this chapter;
- 14 (b) A conviction of any felony in the commission of which a
 15 motor vehicle was used;
- 16 (c) Ineligibility for a license because of the provisions
 17 of subdivision (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) or
 18 (11) of section 302.060;
 - (d) Because of operating a motor vehicle under the influence of narcotic drugs, a controlled substance as defined in chapter 195, RSMo, or having left the scene of an accident as provided in section 577.060, RSMo;
 - (e) Due to a revocation for the first time for failure to submit to a chemical test pursuant to section 577.041, RSMo, or due to a refusal to submit to a chemical test in any other state, if such person has not completed the first ninety days of such revocation;
 - (f) Violation more than once of the provisions of section

- 577.041, RSMo, or a similar implied consent law of any other state; or
- 3 [Disqualification of a commercial driver's license (q) pursuant to sections 302.700 to 302.780, however, nothing in this 4 5 subsection shall prevent a person holding a commercial driver's 6 license who is suspended or revoked as a result of an action 7 occurring while not driving a commercial motor vehicle or driving 8 for pay, but while driving in an individual capacity as an 9 operator of a personal vehicle from applying for a limited 10 driving privilege to operate a commercial vehicle, if otherwise 11 eligible for such limited privilege; or
 - (h) 1 Due to a suspension pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 and who has not completed the first thirty days of such suspension, provided the person is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege; or due to a revocation pursuant to subsection 2 of section 302.525 if such person has not completed such revocation.

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- (6) No person who possesses a commercial driver's license 18 shall receive a limited driving privilege issued for the purpose 19 20 of operating a commercial motor vehicle if such person's driving privilege is suspended, revoked, canceled, denied, or 21 22 disqualified. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the 23 issuance of a limited driving privilege for the purpose of 24 operating a noncommercial motor vehicle provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise 25 ineligible for a limited driving privilege. 26
- 27 (7) (a) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this 28 section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited

driving privilege, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of ten years, as prescribed in subdivision (9) of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least three years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding three years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state.

(b) Provided that pursuant to the provisions of this section, the applicant is not otherwise ineligible for a limited driving privilege or convicted of involuntary manslaughter while operating a motor vehicle in an intoxicated condition, a circuit court or the director may, in the manner prescribed in this subsection, allow a person who has had such person's license to operate a motor vehicle revoked where that person cannot obtain a new license for a period of five years because of two convictions of driving while intoxicated, as prescribed in subdivision (10) of section 302.060, to apply for a limited driving privilege pursuant to this subsection if such person has served at least two years of such disqualification or revocation. Such person shall present evidence satisfactory to the court or the director that such person has not been convicted of any offense related to alcohol, controlled substances or drugs during the preceding two

years and that the person's habits and conduct show that the person no longer poses a threat to the public safety of this state. Any person who is denied a license permanently in this state because of an alcohol-related conviction subsequent to a restoration of such person's driving privileges pursuant to subdivision (9) of section 302.060 shall not be eligible for limited driving privilege pursuant to the provisions of this subdivision.

- 4. Any person who has received notice of denial of a request of limited driving privilege by the director of revenue may make a request for a review of the director's determination in the circuit court of the county in which the person resides or the county in which is located the person's principal place of business or employment within thirty days of the date of mailing of the notice of denial. Such review shall be based upon the records of the department of revenue and other competent evidence and shall be limited to a review of whether the applicant was statutorily entitled to the limited driving privilege.
- 5. The director of revenue shall promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this section. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date or to disapprove and

annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2001, shall be invalid and void.

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302.341. If a Missouri resident charged with a moving traffic violation or parking violation of this state or any county or [municipality] city or township of this state fails to dispose of the charges of which he is accused through authorized prepayment of vehicle-related fees or [fine] fines [and court costs] and fails to appear on the return date or at any subsequent date to which the case has been continued, or without good cause fails to pay any [fine or court costs] vehicle-related fees or fines assessed against him for any such violation within the period of time specified or in such installments as approved by the court or as otherwise provided by law, any court or designated administrative agency having jurisdiction over the charges shall within ten days of the failure to comply inform the defendant by ordinary mail at the last address shown on the court records that the court will order the director of revenue to suspend the defendant's driving privileges if the charges are not disposed of and fully paid within thirty days from the date of For the purpose of this section, vehicle-related fees and fines shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, traffic violation fines, parking violation fines, towing and vehicle immobilization fees and any late payment penalties and court costs associated with the adjudication or collection of those fines. Thereafter, if the defendant fails to timely act to dispose of the charges and fully pay any applicable fines and court costs, the court or designated administrative agency shall

- 1 notify the director of revenue of such failure and of the pending
- 2 charges against the defendant. Upon receipt of this
- 3 notification, the director shall suspend the license of the
- 4 driver, effective immediately, and provide notice of the
- 5 suspension to the driver at the last address for the driver shown
- on the records of the department of revenue. Such suspension
- 7 shall remain in effect until the court or designated
- 8 administrative agency with the subject pending charge requests
- 9 setting aside the noncompliance suspension pending final
- 10 disposition, or satisfactory evidence of disposition of pending
- 11 charges and payment of fine and court costs, if applicable, is
- 12 furnished to the director by the individual. Upon proof of
- disposition of charges and payment of fine and court costs, if
- 14 applicable, and payment of the reinstatement fee as set forth in
- 15 section 302.304, the director shall reinstate the license. The
- 16 filing of financial responsibility with the bureau of safety
- 17 responsibility, department of revenue, shall not be required as a
- 18 condition of reinstatement of a driver's license suspended solely
- 19 under the provisions of this section. If any city, town or
- village receives more than forty-five percent of its total annual
- 21 revenue from fines for traffic violations occurring on state
- 22 highways, all revenues from such violations in excess of
- 23 forty-five percent of the total annual revenue of the city, town
- or village shall be sent to the director of the department of
- 25 revenue and shall be distributed annually to the schools of the
- 26 county in the same manner that proceeds of all penalties,
- 27 forfeitures and fines collected for any breach of the penal laws
- 28 of the state are distributed. For the purpose of this section

- 1 the words "state highways" shall mean any state or federal
- 2 highway, including any such highway continuing through the
- 3 boundaries of a city, town or village with a designated street
- 4 name other than the state highway number.
- 5 302.540. 1. No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked under the provisions of 6 7 sections 302.500 to 302.540 shall have that license reinstated 8 until such person has participated in and successfully completed 9 a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 10 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the 11 department of mental health. Assignment recommendations, based 12 upon the needs assessment as described in subdivision (22) of section 302.010, shall be delivered in writing to the person with 13 14 written notice that the person is entitled to have such 15 assignment recommendations reviewed by the court if the person 16 objects to the recommendations. The person may file a motion in 17 the associate division of the circuit court of the county in which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by 18 19 the state courts administrator, to have the court hear and 20 determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517, 21 The motion shall name the person or entity making the 22 needs assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall 23 be served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. 24 hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment 25 recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving 26 27 record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the

likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future,

except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment 1 2 to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 3 4 577.023, RSMo, or of a person determined to have operated a motor 5 vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination 6 7 of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for 8 the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a 9 motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any 10 hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be 11 necessary unless directed by the court.

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The fees for the program authorized in subsection 1 of this section, or a portion thereof to be determined by the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee [of sixty dollars] in an amount to be determined by the department of mental health, but not to exceed two hundred dollars, for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse

pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed
the annual rate established pursuant to the provision of section
3 22.065, RSMo, plus three percentage points. The supplemental
fees and any interest received by the department of mental health
pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health

earnings fund which is created in section 630.053, RSMo.

- 3. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action for the collection of said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program.
- [3.] 4. Court-ordered participation in a substance abuse traffic offender program, pursuant to section 577.049, RSMo, shall satisfy the requirements of this section if the court action arose out of the same occurrence that resulted in a person's license being administratively suspended or revoked.
- [4.] <u>5.</u> The division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health may create a treatment demonstration project within existing appropriations and shall develop and certify a program to provide education or rehabilitation services for individuals determined by the division to be serious or

- 1 repeat offenders. The program shall qualify as a substance abuse
- 2 traffic offender program. As used in this subsection, a "serious
- 3 or repeat offender" is one who was determined to have a blood
- 4 alcohol content of fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by
- 5 weight while operating a motor vehicle or a prior or persistent
- offender as defined in section 577.023, RSMo.
- 7 302.700. 1. Sections 302.700 to 302.780 may be cited as
- 8 the "Uniform Commercial Driver's License Act".
- 9 2. When used in sections 302.700 to 302.780, the following
- 10 words and phrases mean:
- 11 (1) "Alcohol", any substance containing any form of
- 12 alcohol, including, but not limited to, ethanol, methanol,
- propanol and isopropanol;
- 14 (2) "Alcohol concentration", the number of grams of alcohol
- per one hundred milliliters of blood or the number of grams of
- 16 alcohol per two hundred ten liters of breath or the number of
- 17 grams of alcohol per sixty-seven milliliters of urine;
- 18 (3) "Commercial driver's instruction permit", a permit
- issued pursuant to section 302.720;
- 20 (4) "Commercial driver's license", a license issued by this
- 21 state to an individual which authorizes the individual to operate
- 22 a commercial motor vehicle;
- 23 (5) "Commercial driver's license information system", the
- 24 information system established pursuant to the Commercial Motor
- Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub. Law 99-570) to
- 26 serve as a clearinghouse for locating information related to the
- 27 licensing and identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers;
- 28 (6) "Commercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle designed or

- 1 used to transport passengers or property:
- 2 (a) If the vehicle has a gross combination weight rating of
- 3 twenty-six thousand one or more pounds inclusive of a towed unit
- 4 which has a gross vehicle weight rating of ten thousand one
- 5 pounds or more;
- 6 (b) If the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of
- 7 twenty-six thousand one or more pounds or such lesser rating as
- 8 determined by federal regulation;
- 9 (c) If the vehicle is designed to transport [more than
- 10 fifteen] sixteen or more passengers, including the driver; or
- 11 (d) If the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials and
- is required to be placarded under the Hazardous Materials
- 13 Transportation Act (46 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.);
- 14 (7) "Controlled substance", any substance so classified
- under section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C.
- 16 802(6)), and includes all substances listed in schedules I
- through V of 21 CFR part 1308, as they may be revised from time
- 18 to time;
- 19 (8) "Conviction", an unvacated adjudication of guilt, or a
- 20 determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with
- 21 the law in a court of original jurisdiction or an authorized
- 22 administrative proceeding, an unvacated forfeiture of bail or
- 23 collateral deposited to secure the person's appearance in court,
- 24 the payment of a fine or court cost, or violation of a condition
- of release without bail, regardless of whether the penalty is
- 26 rebated, suspended or prorated;
- 27 (9) "Director", the director of revenue or his authorized
- 28 representative;

- 1 (10) "Disqualification", [a withdrawal of the privilege to
 2 drive a commercial motor vehicle] any of the following three
 3 actions:
- 4 <u>(a) The suspension, revocation, or cancellation of a</u>
 5 commercial driver's license;

- (b) Any withdrawal of a person's privileges to drive a commercial motor vehicle by a state as the result of a violation of federal, state, county, municipal, or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control or violations committed through the operation of motor vehicles, other than parking, vehicle weight, or vehicle defect violations;
- (c) A determination by the Federal Motor Carrier Safety

 Administration that a person is not qualified to operate a

 commercial motor vehicle under 49 CFR, Part 383.52 or Part 391;
- 15 (11) "Drive", to drive, operate or be in physical control

 16 of a commercial motor vehicle;
 - (12) "Driver", any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a [commercial] motor vehicle, or who is required to hold a commercial driver's license;
 - (13) "Driving under the influence of alcohol", the commission of any one or more of the following acts [in a commercial motor vehicle]:
 - (a) Driving a commercial motor vehicle with the alcohol concentration of four one-hundredths of a percent or more as prescribed by the secretary or such other alcohol concentration as may be later determined by the secretary by regulation;
- 27 (b) Driving <u>a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle</u>
 28 while intoxicated in violation of any federal or state law, or in

violation of a county or municipal ordinance;

- 2 (c) Driving <u>a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle</u>
 3 with excessive blood alcohol content in violation of any federal
 4 or state law, or in violation of a county or municipal ordinance;
 - (d) Refusing to submit to a chemical test in violation of section 577.041, RSMo, section 302.750, any federal or state law, or a county or municipal ordinance; or
 - (e) Having any state, county or municipal alcohol-related enforcement contact, as defined in subsection 3 of section 302.525; provided that any suspension or revocation pursuant to section 302.505, committed in a noncommercial vehicle shall have been committed by the person with an alcohol-concentration of at least eight-hundredths of one percent or more and if committed in a commercial motor vehicle, a concentration of four-hundredths of one percent or more;
 - (14) "Driving under the influence of a controlled substance", the commission of any one or more of the following acts in a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle:
 - (a) Driving a commercial <u>or noncommercial</u> motor vehicle while under the influence of any substance so classified under section 102(6) of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802(6)), including any substance listed in schedules I through V of 21 CFR part 1308, as they may be revised from time to time;
 - (b) Driving a commercial <u>or noncommercial</u> motor vehicle while in a drugged condition in violation of any federal or state law or in violation of a county or municipal ordinance; or
 - (c) Refusing to submit to a chemical test in violation of section 577.041, RSMo, section 302.750, any federal or state law,

- or a county or municipal ordinance;
- 2 (15) "Employer", any person, including the United States, a
- 3 state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases
- 4 a commercial motor vehicle or assigns a driver to operate such a
- 5 vehicle;
- 6 (16) "Farm vehicle", a commercial motor vehicle controlled
- 7 and operated by a farmer used exclusively for the transportation
- 8 of agricultural products, farm machinery, farm supplies, or a
- 9 combination of these, within one hundred fifty miles of the farm,
- 10 other than one which requires placarding for hazardous materials
- as defined in this section, or used in the operation of a common
- or contract motor carrier, except that a farm vehicle shall not
- 13 be a commercial motor vehicle when the total combined gross
- weight rating does not exceed twenty-six thousand one pounds when
- transporting fertilizers as defined in subdivision (19) of this
- 16 subsection;
- 17 (17) "Fatality", the death of a person as a result of a
- 18 motor vehicle accident;
- 19 [(17)] (18) "Felony", any offense under state or federal
- law that is punishable by death or imprisonment for a term
- 21 exceeding one year;
- 22 (19) "Gross combination weight rating" or "GCWR", the value
- 23 specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a
- 24 <u>combination (articulated) vehicle. In the absence of a value</u>
- 25 specified by the manufacturer, GCWR shall be determined by adding
- 26 the GVWR of the power unit and the total weight of the towed unit
- and any load thereon;
- 28 [(18)] (20) "Gross vehicle weight rating" or "GVWR", the

- 1 value specified by the manufacturer [or manufacturers] as the
- 2 [maximum] loaded weight of a single [or a combination] vehicle[,
- 3 or registered gross weight, whichever is greater. The GVWR of a
- 4 combination vehicle, commonly referred to as the "gross
- 5 combination weight rating" or "GCWR", is the GVWR of the power
- 6 unit plus the GVWR of the towed unit or units];
- 7 [(19)] (21) "Hazardous materials", hazardous materials as
- 8 specified in section 103 of the Hazardous Materials
- 9 Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.). Fertilizers,
- 10 including but not limited to ammonium nitrate, phosphate,
- 11 nitrogen, anhydrous ammonia, lime, potash, motor fuel or special
- 12 fuel shall not be considered hazardous materials when transported
- by a farm vehicle provided all other provisions of this
- 14 definition are followed;
- 15 (22) "Imminent hazard", the existence of a condition that
- 16 presents a substantial likelihood that death, serious illness,
- 17 <u>severe personal injury, or a substantial endangerment to health,</u>
- 18 property, or the environment may occur before the reasonably
- 19 <u>foreseeable completion date of a formal proceeding begins to</u>
- 20 <u>lessen the risk of that death, illness, injury or endangerment;</u>
- 21 [(20)] (23) "Motor vehicle", any self-propelled vehicle
- 22 not operated exclusively upon tracks;
- 23 (24) "Noncommercial motor vehicle", a motor vehicle or
- 24 <u>combination of motor vehicles not defined by the term "commercial</u>
- 25 motor vehicle" in this section;
- 26 [(21)] (25) "Out of service", a temporary prohibition
- 27 against the operation of a commercial motor vehicle by a
- 28 particular driver, or the operation of a particular commercial

- 1 motor vehicle, or the operation of a particular motor carrier;
- 2 [(22)] (26) "Out-of-service order", a declaration by the
- 3 Federal Highway Administration, or any authorized enforcement
- 4 officer of a federal, state, Commonwealth of Puerto Rico,
- 5 Canadian, Mexican or any local jurisdiction, that a driver, or a
- 6 commercial motor vehicle, or a motor carrier operation, is out of
- 7 service;
- 8 (27) "School bus", a commercial motor vehicle used to
- 9 transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school students from
- 10 <u>home to school, from school to home, or to and from school</u>
- 11 sponsored events. School bus does not include a bus used as a
- common carrier as defined by the secretary;
- [(23)] (28) "Secretary", the Secretary of Transportation
- of the United States;
- 15 [(24)] (29) "Serious traffic violation", driving a
- 16 commercial motor vehicle in such a manner that the driver
- 17 receives a conviction for the following offenses or driving a
- 18 <u>noncommercial motor vehicle when the driver receives a conviction</u>
- 19 for the following offenses and the conviction results in the
- 20 <u>suspension or revocation of the driver's license or noncommercial</u>
- 21 motor vehicle driving privilege:
- 22 (a) Excessive speeding, as defined by the secretary by
- 23 regulation;
- (b) Careless, reckless or imprudent driving which includes,
- 25 but shall not be limited to, any violation of section 304.016,
- 26 RSMo, any violation of section 304.010, RSMo, or any other
- 27 violation of state law, or any county or municipal ordinance
- 28 while driving a commercial motor vehicle in a willful or wanton

- disregard for the safety of persons or property, or improper or erratic traffic lane changes, or following the vehicle ahead too
- 3 closely, but shall not include careless and imprudent driving by
- 4 excessive speed;
- 5 (c) A violation of any state law or county or municipal 6 ordinance regulating the operation of motor vehicles arising out 7 of an accident or collision which resulted in death to any
- 8 person, other than a parking violation; [or]
- 9 <u>(d) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a</u>
 10 commercial driver's license;
- 11 <u>(e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial</u>
 12 <u>driver's license in the driver's possession. Any individual who</u>
- provides proof to the enforcement authority that issued the
- 14 citation, by the date the individual must appear in court or pay
- any fine for such a violation, that the individual held a valid
- 16 <u>commercial driver's license on the date the citation was issued,</u>
- shall not be guilty of this offense;
- (f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper

 commercial driver's license class or endorsement for the specific

 vehicle group being operated or for the passengers or type of
- 21 <u>cargo being transported; or</u>
- [(d)] (g) Any other violation of a state law or county or municipal ordinance regulating the operation of motor vehicles, other than a parking violation, as prescribed by the secretary by regulation;
- [(25)] (30) "State", a state, [territory or possession] of the United States, including the District of Columbia, [the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Mexico, and any province of Canada]

- 1 <u>as defined in 49 CFR, part 383, and as may be amended by the</u>
- 2 secretary;

- 3 [(26)] (31) "United States", the fifty states and the District of Columbia.
- 4 5 302.725. Any person who drives a commercial motor vehicle 6 without the proper class of license or applicable endorsements 7 valid for the type of vehicle being operated, or a commercial 8 driver's instruction permit, or a receipt which indicates the driver is qualified to drive a commercial motor vehicle, [or 9 10 while driving privileges are suspended, revoked, or canceled, or 11 while disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle,] or who violates license restrictions in any state, or driving a 12 13 commercial motor vehicle without a commercial driver's license in his or her possession shall be quilty of a class A misdemeanor. 14 15 Any individual who provides proof to the enforcement authority 16 that issued the citation, by the date the individual must appear 17 in court or pay any fine for such a violation, that the individual held a valid commercial driver's license on the date 18 the citation was issued, shall not be quilty of this offense. No 19 20 court shall suspend the imposition of sentence as to such person 21 nor sentence such person to a fine in lieu of a term of 22 imprisonment, nor shall such person be eligible for parole or 23 probation until he has served a minimum of forty-eight 24 consecutive hours of imprisonment, unless as a condition of such 25 parole or probation, such person performs at least ten days involving at least forty hours of community service under the 26 27 supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a

recognized program for community service. Upon receipt of such

conviction the director shall [revoke] <u>disqualify</u> such person's privilege to drive a commercial motor vehicle [for a period of two years] pursuant to section 302.755.

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302.726. 1. A person commits the crime of driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked if he operates a commercial motor vehicle when, as a result of prior violations committed operating a commercial motor vehicle, the driver's commercial driver license is revoked, suspended, or canceled, or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle.

2. Any person convicted of driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked is quilty of a class A misdemeanor. Any person with no prior alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525, convicted a fourth or subsequent time of driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked or a county or municipal ordinance of driving a commercial motor vehicle while suspended or revoked where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing, and where the prior three driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked offenses occurred within ten years of the date of occurrence of the present offense and where the person received and served a sentence of ten days or more on such previous offenses; and any person with a prior alcohol-related enforcement contact as defined in section 302.525, convicted a third or subsequent time of driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked or a county or municipal ordinance of driving a commercial motor vehicle while suspended or revoked where the judge in such case was an attorney and the

defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney 1 2 in writing, and where the prior two driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked offenses occurred within ten years of the 3 4 date of occurrence of the present offense and where the person 5 received and served a sentence of ten days or more on such previous offenses is quilty of a class D felony. No court shall 6 7 suspend the imposition of sentence as to such a person nor 8 sentence such person to pay a fine in lieu of a term of 9 imprisonment, nor shall such person be eligible for parole or 10 probation until he has served a minimum of forty-eight consecutive hours of imprisonment, unless as a condition of such 11 12 parole or probation, such person performs at least ten days involving at least forty hours of community service under the 13 supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a 14 recognized program for community service. Driving a commercial 15 motor vehicle while revoked is a class D_felony on the second or 16 17 subsequent conviction pursuant to section 577.010, RSMo, or a fourth or subsequent conviction for any other offense. 18 19 302.735. 1. The application for a commercial driver's license shall include, but not be limited to, the applicant's 20 21 legal name, mailing and residence address, if different, a 22 physical description of the person, including sex, height, weight 23 and eye color, the person's Social Security number, date of birth 24 and any other information deemed appropriate by the director. 25 The application shall also require the applicant to provide the names of all states where the applicant has been previously 26 27 licensed to drive any type of motor vehicle during the preceding

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ten years.

The application for a commercial driver's license or 2. renewal shall be accompanied by the payment of a fee of forty The fee for a duplicate commercial driver's license shall be twenty dollars. A commercial driver's license shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the sixth year after issuance and must be renewed on or before the date of expiration. The director shall have the authority to stagger the issuance or renewal of commercial driver's license applicants over a six-year period. When a person changes such person's name an application for a duplicate license shall be made to the director of revenue. When a person changes such person's mailing address or residence the applicant shall notify the director of revenue of said change, however, no application for a duplicate license is required. To all applicants for a commercial license or renewal who are between eighteen and twenty-one years of age and seventy years of age and older, the application shall be accompanied by a fee of twenty dollars. A commercial license issued pursuant to an applicant less than twenty-one years of age and seventy years of age and older shall expire on the applicant's birthday in the third year after issuance.

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3. Within thirty days after moving to this state, the holder of a commercial driver's license shall apply for a commercial driver's license in this state. The applicant shall meet all other requirements of sections 302.700 to 302.780, except that the director may waive the driving test for a commercial driver's license as required in section 302.720 if the applicant for a commercial driver's license has a valid commercial driver's license from a state which has requirements

- for issuance of such license comparable to those in this state.
- 2 4. Any person who falsifies any information in an
- 3 application or test for a commercial driver's license shall not
- 4 be licensed to operate a commercial motor vehicle, or the
- 5 person's commercial driver's license shall be canceled, for a
- 6 period of one year after the director discovers such
- 7 falsification.

- 8 302.740. 1. The commercial driver's license shall be
- 9 manufactured of materials and processes that will prohibit as
- nearly as possible, the ability to reproduce, alter, counterfeit,
- 11 forge, or duplicate any license without ready detection. Such
- 12 license shall include, but not be limited to, the following
- information: a colored photograph of the person, the legal name
- and address of the person, a physical description of the person,
- including sex, height, weight and eye color, the person's Social
- 16 Security number or such other number or identifier deemed
- appropriate by the director or the secretary, the date of birth,
- 18 class or type of commercial motor vehicle or vehicles which the
- 19 person is authorized to drive, the name of this state, and the
- 20 words "COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE" or "CDL", the dates of
- issuance and expiration, the person's signature and such other
- information as the director prescribes.
- 2. Before issuing a commercial driver's license, the
- 24 director shall obtain driving record information from sources
- including, but not limited to, the national driver's register
- 26 [or] the commercial driver's license information system [of], and
- any state driver's licensing system in which the person has been
- 28 licensed; except that the director shall only be required to

- obtain the complete driving record from each state the person has
- 2 <u>ever been licensed in when such person is issued an initial</u>
- 3 commercial driver's license or renews his or her commercial
- 4 driver's license for the first time. The director shall maintain
- 5 <u>a notation in the driving record system of the date when he or</u>
- 6 she has obtained the driving records from all states which the
- 7 person has been licensed.
- 8 3. Within ten days after issuing a commercial driver's
- 9 license, the director shall notify the commercial driver's
- 10 license information system of such fact, providing all
- information required to ensure identification of the person. For
- 12 the purpose of this subsection, the date of issuance shall be the
- date the commercial driver's license is mailed to the applicant.
- 4. The commercial driver's license shall indicate the class
- of vehicle the person may drive and any applicable endorsements
- or restrictions. Commercial driver's license classifications,
- 17 endorsements and restrictions shall be in compliance with the
- 18 Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (Title XII of Pub.
- 19 Law 99-570) and those prescribed by the director. The commercial
- 20 <u>driver's license driving record shall contain a complete history</u>
- 21 of the driver, including information and convictions from
- 22 previous states of licensure.
- 302.755. 1. A person is disqualified from driving a
- 24 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year
- 25 if convicted of a first violation of:
- 26 (1) Driving a [commercial] motor vehicle under the
- influence of alcohol or a controlled substance;
- 28 (2) Driving a commercial motor vehicle which causes a

- fatality through the negligent operation of the commercial motor

 vehicle, including but not limited to the crimes of vehicular

 manslaughter, homicide by motor vehicle and negligent homicide;
 - (3) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while revoked pursuant to section 302.726;

- [(2)] (4) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle operated by the person;
- [(3)] (5) Using a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony, as defined in section 302.700, except a felony as provided in subsection 4 of this section.
 - 2. If any of the violations described in subsection 1 of this section occur while transporting a hazardous material the person is disqualified for a period of not less than three years.
- 3. Any person is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for life if convicted of two or more violations of any of the offenses specified in subsection 1 of this section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more separate incidents. The director may issue rules and regulations, in accordance with guidelines established by the secretary, under which a disqualification for life under this section may be reduced to a period of not less than ten years.
- 4. Any person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who uses a commercial or noncommercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance.

- 5. Any person is disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than sixty days if convicted of two serious traffic violations or one hundred twenty days if convicted of three serious traffic violations, [committed in a commercial motor vehicle] arising from separate incidents occurring within a three-year period.
 - 6. Any person found to be operating a commercial motor vehicle while having any measurable alcohol concentration shall immediately be issued a continuous twenty-four-hour out-of-service order by a law enforcement officer in this state.

- 7. Any person who is convicted of operating a commercial motor vehicle during a continuous twenty-four-hour period beginning at the time of issuance of the out-of-service order is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 8. Any person convicted for the first time of driving while out of service shall be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of ninety days.
- 9. Any person convicted of driving while out of service on a second occasion during any ten-year period, involving separate incidents, shall be disgualified for a period of one year.
- 10. Any person convicted of driving while out of service on a third or subsequent occasion during any ten-year period, involving separate incidents, shall be disqualified for a period of three years.
- 11. Any person convicted of a first violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous materials or while operating a motor vehicle designed to transport more than fifteen passengers, including the driver, is disqualified for a

- 1 period of one hundred eighty days.
- 2 12. Any person convicted of any subsequent violation of an
- 3 out-of-service order in a separate incident within ten years
- 4 after a previous violation, while transporting hazardous
- 5 materials or while operating a motor vehicle designed to
- 6 transport fifteen passengers, including the driver, is
- 7 disqualified for a period of three years.
- 8 13. Any person convicted of any other offense as specified
- 9 by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Transportation
- shall be disqualified in accordance with such regulations.
- 11 14. After suspending, revoking, canceling or disqualifying
- 12 a driver, the director shall update records to reflect such
- action and notify a nonresident's licensing authority and the
- 14 commercial driver's license information system within ten days <u>in</u>
- the manner prescribed in 49 CFR, part 384, or as amended by the
- 16 secretary.
- 17 15. Any person disqualified from operating a commercial
- 18 motor vehicle pursuant to subsection 1, 2, 3 or 4 of this section
- 19 shall have such commercial driver's license canceled, and upon
- 20 conclusion of the period of disqualification shall take the
- 21 written and driving tests and meet all other requirements of
- 22 sections 302.700 to 302.780. Such disqualification and
- 23 cancellation shall not be withdrawn by the director until such
- 24 person reapplies for a commercial driver's license in this or any
- other state after meeting all requirements of sections 302.700 to
- 26 302.780.
- 27 16. The director shall disqualify a driver upon receipt of
- 28 notification that the secretary has determined a driver to be an

- 1 imminent hazard pursuant to 49 CFR, part 383.52. Due process of
- 2 a disqualification determined by the secretary pursuant to this
- 3 section shall be held in accordance with regulations promulgated
- 4 by the secretary. The period of disqualification determined by
- 5 the secretary pursuant to this section shall be served
- 6 concurrently to any other period of disqualification which may be
- 7 <u>imposed by the director pursuant to this section</u>. Both
- 8 <u>disqualifications shall appear on the driving record of the</u>
- 9 <u>driver</u>.
- 10 302.756. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to
- 11 the contrary, any driver who violates or fails to comply with an
- out-of-service order is subject to a civil penalty of [one
- thousand dollars] not to exceed an amount as determined by the
- secretary pursuant to 49 CFR, part 383, or as amended by the
- 15 <u>secretary</u>, in addition to disqualification as provided by law.
- 16 Any civil penalty established in this section shall not become
- effective and enforced until October 1, 1996.
- 18 2. Any employer who violates an out-of-service order, or
- 19 who knowingly requires or permits a driver to violate or fail to
- 20 comply with an out-of-service order, is subject to a civil
- 21 penalty of two thousand five hundred dollars.
- 3. The [general] <u>chief</u> counsel to the [division of motor
- 23 carrier and railroad safety within the department of economic
- development] state highways and transportation commission shall
- bring an action in accordance with the procedures under section
- 26 390.156, RSMo, to recover a civil penalty under this section
- 27 against a driver who violates or fails to comply with an
- 28 out-of-service order, or against an employer who violates an

- out-of-service order or knowingly requires or permits a driver to violate or fail to comply with an out-of-service order, or both.
- 4. In addition to any other remedies under this section,
 actions under this section may be brought against a driver or
 employer who violates or fails to comply with an out-of-service
 order with reference to a motor vehicle or combination of motor
 vehicles used in intrastate commerce which has a capacity of more

than five passengers, excluding the driver.

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- 9 302.760. Within ten days after conviction, suspension, 10 revocation, cancellation or disqualification of any nonresident 11 holder of a commercial driver's license or any nonresident who is 12 required to possess a commercial driver's license for any violation committed in a [commercial motor] vehicle of state law 13 14 or any county or municipal ordinance regulating the operation of 15 motor vehicles, other than parking violations, the director shall notify the driver's licensing authority in the licensing state of 16 such action in the manner as prescribed in 49 CFR, part 384, or 17 18 as amended by the secretary.
- 19 302.775. The provisions of sections 302.700 to 302.780 shall not apply to:
- 21 (1) Any person driving a farm vehicle as defined in section 22 302.700;
 - (2) Any active duty military personnel, members of the reserves and national guard on active duty, including personnel on full-time national guard duty, personnel on part-time training and national guard military technicians, while driving military vehicles for military purposes;
 - (3) Any person who drives emergency or fire equipment

- 1 necessary to the preservation of life or property [or], the
- 2 execution of emergency governmental functions under emergency
- 3 conditions or the execution of official department or agency
- 4 <u>business</u>;
- 5 (4) Any person driving or pulling a recreational vehicle,
- 6 as defined in sections 301.010 and 700.010, RSMo, for personal
- 7 use; and
- 8 (5) Any other class of persons exempted by rule or
- 9 regulation of the director, which rule or regulation is in
- 10 compliance with the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986
- and any amendments or regulations drafted to that act.
- 12 304.010. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 13 mean:
- 14 (1) "Expressway", a divided highway of at least ten miles
- in length with four or more lanes which is not part of the
- 16 federal interstate system of highways which has crossovers or
- 17 accesses from streets, roads or other highways at the same grade
- 18 level as such divided highway;
- 19 (2) "Freeway", a limited access divided highway of at least
- 20 ten miles in length with four or more lanes which is not part of
- 21 the federal interstate system of highways which does not have any
- 22 crossovers or accesses from streets, roads or other highways at
- 23 the same grade level as such divided highway within such ten
- 24 miles of divided highway;
- 25 (3) "Rural interstate", that part of the federal interstate
- highway system that is not located in an urban area;
- 27 (4) "Urbanized area", an area of fifty thousand population
- 28 at a density at or greater than one thousand persons per square

- 1 mile.
- 2 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the
- 3 uniform maximum speed limits are and no vehicle shall be operated
- 4 in excess of the speed limits established pursuant to this
- 5 section:
- 6 (1) Upon the rural interstates and freeways of this state,
- 7 seventy miles per hour;
- 8 (2) Upon the rural expressways of this state, sixty-five
- 9 miles per hour;
- 10 (3) Upon the interstate highways, freeways or expressways
- within the urbanized areas of this state, sixty miles per hour;
- 12 (4) All other roads and highways in this state not located
- in an urbanized area and not provided for in subdivisions (1) to
- 14 (3) of this subsection, sixty miles per hour;
- 15 (5) All other roads provided for in subdivision (4) of this
- 16 subsection shall not include any state two-lane road which is
- identified by letter. Such lettered roads shall not exceed
- 18 fifty-five miles per hour unless set at a higher speed as
- 19 established by the department of transportation, except that no
- 20 speed limit shall be set higher than sixty miles per hour;
- 21 (6) For the purposes of enforcing the speed limit laws of
- 22 this state, it is a rebuttable presumption that the posted speed
- 23 limit is the legal speed limit.
- 24 3. On any state road or highway where the speed limit is
- 25 not set pursuant to a local ordinance, the highways and
- transportation commission may set a speed limit higher or lower
- than the uniform maximum speed limit provided in subsection 2 of
- 28 this section, if a higher or lower speed limit is recommended by

the department of transportation. The department of public 2 safety, where it believes for safety reasons, or to expedite the flow of traffic a higher or lower speed limit is warranted, may 3 4 request the department of transportation to raise or lower such

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- 5 speed limit, except that no speed limit shall be set higher than seventy miles per hour. 6
- 7 Notwithstanding the provisions of section 304.120 or any 8 other provision of law to the contrary, cities, towns and 9 villages may regulate the speed of vehicles on state roads and 10 highways within such cities', towns' or villages' corporate limits by ordinance with the approval of the state highways and 11 12 transportation commission. Any reduction of speed in cities, towns or villages shall be designed to expedite the flow of 13 14 traffic on such state roads and highways to the extent consistent with public safety. The commission may declare any ordinance 15
 - Not primarily designed to expedite traffic flow; and (1)
- Primarily designed to produce revenue for the city, 18 19 town or village which enacted such ordinance.

void if it finds that such ordinance is:

- If an ordinance is declared void, the city, town or village shall 20 21 have any future proposed ordinance approved by the highways and 22 transportation commission before such ordinance may take effect.
 - The county commission of any county of the second, third or fourth classification may set the speed limit or the weight limit or both the speed limit and the weight limit on roads or bridges on any county, township or road district road in the county and, with the approval of the state highways and transportation commission, on any state road or highway not

- 1 within the limits of any incorporated city, town or village,
- 2 lower than the uniform maximum speed limit as provided in
- 3 subsection 2 of this section where the condition of the road or
- 4 the nature of the area requires a lower speed. The maximum speed
- 5 limit set by the county commission of any county of the second,
- 6 third, or fourth classification for any road under the
- 7 commission's jurisdiction shall not exceed fifty-five miles per
- 8 hour if such road is properly marked by signs indicating such
- 9 speed limit. If the county commission does not mark the roads
- 10 with signs indicating the speed limit, the speed limit shall be
- 11 forty-five miles per hour. The commission shall send copies of
- 12 any order establishing a speed limit or weight limit on roads and
- bridges on a county, township or road district road in the county
- 14 to the chief engineer of the state department of transportation,
- the superintendent of the state highway patrol and to any
- 16 township or road district maintaining roads in the county. After
- the roads have been properly marked by signs indicating the speed
- 18 limits and weight limits set by the county commission, the speed
- 19 limits and weight limits shall be of the same effect as the speed
- 20 limits provided for in subsection 1 of this section and shall be
- 21 enforced by the state highway patrol and the county sheriff as if
- 22 such speed limits and weight limits were established by state
- 23 law.
- 6. All road signs indicating speed limits or weight limits
- shall be uniform in size, shape, lettering and coloring and shall
- 26 conform to standards established by the department of
- 27 transportation.
- 7. The provisions of this section shall not be construed to

- alter any speed limit set below fifty-five miles per hour by any ordinance of any county, city, town or village of the state
- adopted before March 13, 1996.

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- 8. The speed limits established pursuant to this section shall not apply to the operation of any emergency vehicle as defined in section 304.022.
 - 9. A violation of the provisions of this section shall not be construed to relieve the parties in any civil action on any claim or counterclaim from the burden of proving negligence or contributory negligence as the proximate cause of any accident or as the defense to a negligence action.
- 10. Any person violating the provisions of this section is
 13 guilty of a class C misdemeanor, unless such person was exceeding
 14 the posted speed limit by twenty miles per hour or more then it
 15 is a class B misdemeanor.
 - 304.015. 1. All vehicles not in motion shall be placed with their right side as near the right-hand side of the highway as practicable, except on streets of municipalities where vehicles are obliged to move in one direction only or parking of motor vehicles is regulated by ordinance.
- 2. Upon all public roads or highways of sufficient width a 22 vehicle shall be driven upon the right half of the roadway, 23 except as follows:
 - (1) When overtaking and passing another vehicle proceeding in the same direction pursuant to the rules governing such movement;
 - (2) When placing a vehicle in position for and when such vehicle is lawfully making a left turn in compliance with the

- provisions of sections 304.014 to 304.026 or traffic regulations thereunder or of municipalities;
- 3 (3) When the right half of a roadway is closed to traffic 4 while under construction or repair;
 - (4) Upon a roadway designated by local ordinance as a one-way street and marked or signed for one-way traffic.

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- 7 It is unlawful to drive any vehicle upon any highway or 8 road which has been divided into two or more roadways by means of 9 a physical barrier or by means of a dividing section or 10 delineated by curbs, lines or other markings on the roadway, except to the right of such barrier or dividing section, or to 11 12 make any left turn or semicircular or U-turn on any such divided 13 highway, except at an intersection or interchange or at any 14 signed location designated by the state highways and 15 transportation commission or the department of transportation. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to emergency 16 17 vehicles, law enforcement vehicles or to vehicles owned by the commission or the department. 18
 - 4. The authorities in charge of any highway or the state highway patrol may erect signs temporarily designating lanes to be used by traffic moving in a particular direction, regardless of the center line of the highway, and all members of the Missouri highway patrol and other peace officers may direct traffic in conformance with such signs. When authorized signs have been erected designating off-center traffic lanes, no person shall disobey the instructions given by such signs.
 - 5. Whenever any roadway has been divided into three or more clearly marked lanes for traffic, the following rules in addition

- 1 to all others consistent herewith shall apply:
- 2 (1) A vehicle shall be driven as nearly as practicable
- 3 entirely within a single lane and shall not be moved from such
- 4 lane until the driver has first ascertained that such movement
- 5 can be made with safety;
- 6 (2) Upon a roadway which is divided into three lanes a
- 7 vehicle shall not be driven in the center lane, except when
- 8 overtaking and passing another vehicle where the roadway ahead is
- 9 clearly visible and such center lane is clear of traffic within a
- 10 safe distance, or in preparation for a left turn or where such
- 11 center lane is at the time allocated exclusively to traffic
- moving in the direction the vehicle is proceeding and is
- 13 sign-posted to give notice of such allocation;
- 14 (3) Upon all highways any vehicle proceeding at less than
- 15 the normal speed of traffic thereon shall be driven in the
- 16 right-hand lane for traffic or as close as practicable to the
- 17 right-hand edge or curb, except as otherwise provided in sections
- 18 304.014 to 304.026;
- 19 (4) Official signs may be erected by the highways and
- 20 transportation commission or the highway patrol may place
- 21 temporary signs directing slow-moving traffic to use a designated
- 22 lane or allocating specified lanes to traffic moving in the same
- 23 direction and drivers of vehicles shall obey the directions of
- every such sign;
- 25 (5) Drivers of vehicles proceeding in opposite directions
- 26 shall pass each other to the right, and except when a roadway has
- 27 been divided into traffic lanes, each driver shall give to the
- 28 other at least one-half of the main traveled portion of the

- 1 roadway whenever possible.
- 2 6. All vehicles in motion upon a highway having two or more
- 3 lanes of traffic proceeding in the same direction shall be driven
- 4 in the right-hand lane except when overtaking and passing another
- 5 vehicle or when preparing to make a proper left turn or when
- 6 otherwise directed by traffic markings, signs or signals.
- 7. All trucks registered for a gross weight of more than
- 8 forty-eight thousand pounds, shall not be driven in the far left-
- 9 <u>hand lane upon all interstate highways, freeways, or expressways</u>
- 10 within the urbanized areas of this state having three or more
- lanes of traffic proceeding in the same direction. This
- 12 restriction shall not apply when:
- 13 (1) It is reasonably necessary for the operator of the
- truck to respond to emergency conditions;
- 15 (2) It is necessary for the operator of the truck to avoid
- 16 actual or potential traffic moving onto the right lane from an
- 17 <u>acceleration or merging lane;</u>
- 18 (3) It is necessary for the operator of the truck to follow
- 19 <u>traffic control devices that direct use of a lane other than the</u>
- 20 right lane; or
- 21 <u>(4) The right half of a roadway is closed to traffic while</u>
- 22 under construction or repair.
- [7.] <u>8.</u> Violation of this section shall be deemed an
- 24 infraction unless such violation causes an immediate threat of an
- 25 accident, in which case such violation shall be deemed a class C
- 26 misdemeanor, or unless an accident results from such violation.
- 27 in which case such violation shall be deemed a class A
- 28 misdemeanor.

9. As used in subsection 7 of this section, the word

"truck" means any vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer, or

semitrailer, or any combination thereof, propelled or drawn by

mechanical power and designed for or used in the transportation

of property upon the highways. The term "truck" also includes a

commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 301.010, RSMo.

304.021. Any wrecker, tow truck, or rollback, requested by law enforcement pursuant to this chapter, shall be considered an emergency vehicle, after such vehicle arrives at the scene of a vehicle accident. A vehicle containing additional equipment for emergency clean-ups that arrives to assist the above vehicles shall also be considered an emergency vehicle pursuant to this section. The vehicles in this section shall only be considered emergency vehicles after arriving and when working the scene at the direction and supervision of law enforcement.

304.029. 1. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a low-speed vehicle may be operated upon a highway in the state if it meets the requirements of this section. Every person operating a low-speed vehicle shall be granted all the rights and shall be subject to all the duties applicable to the driver of any other motor vehicle except as to the special regulations in this section and except as to those provisions which by their nature can have no application.

2. The operator of a low-speed vehicle shall observe all traffic laws and local ordinances regarding the rules of the road. A low-speed vehicle shall not be operated on a street or a highway with a posted speed limit greater than thirty-five miles per hour. The provisions of this subsection shall not prohibit a

- 1 low-speed vehicle from crossing a street or highway with a posted
- 2 <u>speed limit greater than thirty-five miles per hour.</u>
- 3 <u>3. No persons shall operate a low-speed vehicle:</u>
- 4 (1) In any careless way so as to endanger the person or 5 property of another; or
- 5 property of another; or
- 6 (2) While under the influence of alcohol or any controlled
 7 substance.
- 8 <u>4. A low-speed vehicle shall be exempt from the</u>
- 9 requirements of sections 307.350 to 307.402, RSMo, for purposes
- of titling and registration. Low-speed vehicles shall comply
- with the standards in 49 C.F.R. 571.500.
- 5. Every operator of a low-speed vehicle shall maintain
- financial responsibility on such low-speed vehicle as required by
- 14 <u>chapter 303, RSMo, if the low-speed vehicle is to be operated</u>
- 15 upon the highways of this state.
- 16 6. Each person operating a low-speed vehicle on a highway
- in this state shall possess a valid driver's license issued
- 18 pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo.
- 7. For purposes of this section a "low-speed vehicle" means
- 20 a four-wheeled motor vehicle, other than a truck, whose top speed
- 21 is greater than twenty miles per hour but less than twenty-five
- 22 miles per hour and is manufactured in compliance with the
- 23 National Highway Traffic Safety Administration standards for low-
- 24 speed vehicles in 49 C.F.R. 571.500.
- 25 8. Nothing in this section shall prevent county or
- 26 municipal governments from adopting more stringent local
- 27 ordinances governing low-speed vehicle operation if the governing
- 28 body of the county or municipality determines that such

- ordinances are necessary in the interest of public safety. The
- 2 department of transportation may prohibit the operation of low-
- 3 speed vehicles on any highway under its jurisdiction if it
- 4 <u>determines that the prohibition is necessary in the interest of</u>
- 5 <u>public safety.</u>
- 6 304.035. 1. When any person driving a vehicle approaches a
- 7 railroad grade crossing, the driver of the vehicle shall operate
- 8 the vehicle in a manner so he will be able to stop, and he shall
- 9 stop the vehicle not less than fifteen feet and not more than
- 10 fifty feet from the nearest rail of the railroad track and shall
- 11 not proceed until he can safely do so if:
- 12 (1) A clearly visible electric or mechanical signal device
- warns of the approach of a railroad train; or
- 14 (2) A crossing gate is lowered or when a human flagman
- 15 gives or continues to give a signal or warning of the approach or
- 16 passage of a railroad train; or
- 17 (3) An approaching railroad train is visible and is in
- hazardous proximity to such crossing; or
- 19 (4) Any other traffic sign, device or any other act, rule,
- 20 regulation or statute requires a vehicle to stop at a railroad
- 21 grade crossing.
- 22 2. No person shall drive any vehicle through, around or
- 23 under any crossing gate or barrier at a railroad crossing when a
- 24 train is approaching while such gate or barrier is closed or is
- 25 being opened or closed.
- 26 3. No person shall drive a vehicle through a railroad
- 27 crossing when there is not sufficient space to drive completely
- 28 through the crossing.

4. No person shall drive a vehicle through a railroad crossing unless such vehicle has sufficient undercarriage clearance necessary to prevent the undercarriage of the vehicle from contacting the railroad crossing.

- 5. An operator of a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in section 302.700, RSMo, other than those required to stop pursuant to section 304.030, shall approach a railroad grade crossing at a rate of speed which will permit the vehicle to be stopped before reaching the nearest rail of such crossing and shall not be driven upon or over such crossing until due caution has been taken to ascertain that the course is clear.
- 12 <u>6.</u> Any person violating the provisions of this section is quilty of a class C misdemeanor.
 - "construction zone" or "work zone" means any area upon or around any highway as defined in section 302.010, RSMo, which is visibly marked by the department of transportation or a contractor performing work for the department of transportation as an area where construction, maintenance, or other work is temporarily occurring. The term "work zone" or "construction zone" also includes the lanes of highway leading up to the area upon which an activity described in this subsection is being performed, beginning at the point where appropriate signs directing motor vehicles to merge from one lane into another lane are posted.
 - 2. Upon a conviction or a plea of guilty by any person for a moving violation as defined in section 302.010, RSMo, or any offense listed in section 302.302, RSMo, the court shall assess a fine of thirty-five dollars in addition to any other fine

authorized to be imposed by law, if the offense occurred within a construction zone or a work zone.

- Upon a conviction or plea of guilty by any person for a speeding violation pursuant to either section 304.009 or 304.010, or a passing violation pursuant to subsection 6 of this section, the court shall assess a fine of two hundred fifty dollars in addition to any other fine authorized by law, if the offense occurred within a construction zone or a work zone and at the time the speeding or passing violation occurred there was any person in such zone who was there to perform duties related to the reason for which the area was designated a construction zone or work zone. However, no person assessed an additional fine pursuant to this subsection shall also be assessed an additional fine pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, and no person shall be assessed an additional fine pursuant to this subsection if no signs have been posted pursuant to subsection 4 of this section.
 - 4. The penalty authorized by subsection 3 of this section shall only be assessed by the court if the department of transportation or contractor performing work for the department of transportation has erected signs upon or around a construction or work zone which are clearly visible from the highway and which state substantially the following message: "Warning: \$250 fine for speeding or passing in this work zone".
 - 5. During any day in which no person is present in a construction zone or work zone established pursuant to subsection 3 of this section to perform duties related to the purpose of the zone, the sign warning of additional penalties shall not be

visible to motorists. During any period [of two hours or more] in which no person is present in such zone on a day in which persons have been or will be present to perform duties related to the reason for which the area was designated as a construction zone or work zone, the sign warning of additional penalties shall not be visible to motorists. The department of transportation or contractor performing work for the department of transportation shall be responsible for compliance with provisions of this subsection. Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit warning or traffic control signs necessary for public safety in the construction or work zone being visible to motorists at all times.

- 6. The driver of a motor vehicle may not overtake or pass another motor vehicle within a work zone or construction zone. This subsection applies to a construction zone or work zone located upon a highway divided into two or more marked lanes for traffic moving in the same direction and for which motor vehicles are instructed to merge from one lane into another lane by an appropriate sign erected by the department of transportation or a contractor performing work for the department of transportation. Violation of this subsection is a class C misdemeanor.
- 7. This section shall not be construed to enhance the assessment of court costs or the assessment of points pursuant to section 302.302, RSMo.
- 304.675. 1. The governing body of a county or municipality may establish a maximum speed limit within a school zone not to exceed twenty miles per hour. Such speed limit shall be in force only during those times thirty minutes before, during, and thirty

- 1 minutes after the periods of time when students are arriving at a
- 2 regularly scheduled school session and leaving a regularly
- 3 scheduled school session. As used in this section, the term
- 4 "school zone" means school property on which a school building is
- 5 located and the area adjacent to the school property that is
- 6 <u>designated by signs showing the posted limit. The state highways</u>
- 7 and transportation commission shall approve a twenty mile per
- 8 <u>hour speed limit in a school zone on state or federal highways</u>
- 9 <u>before the same shall become effective.</u>
- 10 <u>2. The governing body of a county or municipality may</u>
- 11 <u>establish a speed limit within a school zone lower than twenty</u>
- miles per hour if it finds, in conjunction with the school board,
- that a lower limit is needed to promote public safety, and the
- 14 governing body of a county or municipality may extend the hours
- which the school zone speed limit is in force, if it finds, in
- 16 conjunction with the school board, that extended hours for the
- 17 <u>school zone speed limit are needed to promote public safety. The</u>
- 18 establishment of any speed limit within a school zone lower than
- 19 <u>twenty miles per hour shall be in accordance with sections</u>
- 20 304.101, 304.120, and 304.130.
- 21 3. Any reduction of speed in cities, towns, or villages
- 22 shall be designed to expedite flow of traffic on such state roads
- and highways to the extent consistent with public safety. The
- 24 commission may declare any ordinance void if it finds that such
- 25 <u>ordinance is:</u>
- 26 (1) Not primarily designed to expedite traffic flow; and
- 27 (2) Primarily designed to produce revenue for the city,
- town, or village which enacted such ordinance.

- 1 If an ordinance is declared void, the city, town, or village
- 2 shall have any future proposed ordinance approved by the highways
- 3 <u>and transportation commission before such ordinance may take</u>
- 4 <u>effect.</u>

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- 5 <u>304.677</u>. Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to
- 6 the contrary, every driver of a motor vehicle shall exercise the
- 7 <u>highest degree of care to avoid colliding with any pedestrian,</u>
- 8 any person propelling a human powered vehicle, or any person
- 9 operating a motorcycle, and shall give an audible signal when
- 10 necessary, and shall exercise proper precaution upon observing
- 11 any child or any obviously confused, incapacitated, or
- 12 intoxicated person.
 - 307.100. 1. Any lighted lamp or illuminating device upon a motor vehicle other than headlamps, spotlamps, front direction signals or auxiliary lamps which projects a beam of light of an intensity greater than three hundred candlepower shall be so directed that no part of the beam will strike the level of the
- 18 roadway on which the vehicle stands at a distance of more than
- 19 seventy-five feet from the vehicle. Alternately flashing warning
- signals may be used on school buses when used for school purposes
- 21 and on motor vehicles when used to transport United States mail
- from post offices to boxes of addressees thereof and on emergency
- vehicles as defined in section 304.022, RSMo, and on buses owned
- or operated by churches, mosques, synagogues, temples or other
- 25 houses of worship, but are prohibited on other motor vehicles,
- 26 motorcycles and motor-drawn vehicles except as a means for
- 27 indicating a right or left turn.
 - 2. Any motor vehicle used for the collection of garbage,

- 1 refuse, or rubbish shall use alternately flashing warning signals
- 2 while stopped upon a street and actually engaged in the
- 3 collection of garbage, refuse, or rubbish.
- 4 <u>3.</u> Notwithstanding the provisions of section 307.120,
- 5 violation of this section is an infraction.
- 6 307.125. <u>1.</u> Any person who shall place or drive or cause
- 7 to be placed or driven, upon or along any state or supplementary
- 8 state highway of this state any animal-driven vehicle whatsoever,
- 9 whether in motion or at rest, shall after sunset to one-half hour
- 10 before sunrise have attached to every such vehicle at the rear
- 11 thereof a red taillight or a red reflecting device of not less
- than three inches in diameter of effective area or its equivalent
- in area. When such device shall consist of reflecting buttons
- 14 there shall be no less than seven of such buttons covering an
- area equal to a circle with a three-inch diameter. The total
- 16 subtended effective angle of reflection of every such device
- shall be no less than sixty degrees and the spread and efficiency
- 18 of the reflected light shall be sufficient for the reflected
- 19 light to be visible to the driver of any motor vehicle
- 20 approaching such animal-drawn vehicle from the rear of a distance
- of not less than five hundred feet.
- 22 2. In addition, any person who operates any such
- 23 animal-driven vehicle during the hours between sunset and
- 24 one-half hour before sunrise shall have at least one light
- 25 flashing at all times the vehicle is on any highway of this
- 26 state. Such light or lights shall be amber in the front and red
- 27 in the back and shall be placed on the left side of the vehicle
- at a height of no more than six feet from the ground and shall be

- 1 visible from the front and the back of the vehicle at a distance
- of at least five hundred feet. Any person violating the
- 3 provisions of this section shall be guilty of a class C
- 4 misdemeanor.
- 5 3. Any person operating an animal-driven vehicle during the
- 6 hours between sunset and one-half hour before sunrise may, in
- 7 <u>lieu of the requirements of subsection 2 of this section, use</u>
- 8 <u>lamps or lanterns complying with the rules promulgated by the</u>
- 9 <u>director of the department of public safety.</u>
- 10 <u>4. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined</u>
- in section 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority
- 12 <u>delegated in this section shall become effective only if it</u>
- complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter
- 14 <u>536</u>, RSMo, and, if applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This
- 15 <u>section and chapter 536, RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the</u>
- 16 powers vested with the general assembly pursuant to chapter 536,
- 17 RSMo, to review, to delay the effective date, or to disapprove
- and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the
- 19 grant of rulemaking authority and any rule proposed or adopted
- 20 after August 28, 2003, shall be invalid and void.
- 21 307.127. 1. No person shall operate on any public highway
- 22 of this state any slow-moving vehicle or equipment after sunset
- to one-half hour before sunrise, any animal-drawn vehicle, or any
- other machinery, designed for use or normally operated at speeds
- less than twenty-five miles per hour, including all road
- 26 construction or maintenance machinery except when engaged in
- 27 actual construction or maintenance work either guarded by a
- 28 flagman or clearly visible warning signs, which normally travels

or is normally used at a speed of less than twenty-five miles per hour unless there is displayed on the rear thereof an emblem as described in, and displayed as provided in subsection 2 in this section. The requirement of such emblem shall be in addition to any lighting devices required by section 307.115.

- 2. The emblem required by subsection 1 of this section shall be of substantial construction, and shall be a basedown equilateral triangle of fluorescent yellow-orange film or equivalent quality paint with a base of not less than fourteen inches and an altitude of not less than twelve inches. Such triangle shall be bordered with reflective red strips having a minimum width of one and three-fourths inches, with the vertices of the overall triangle truncated such that the remaining altitude shall be a minimum of fourteen inches. Such emblem shall be mounted on the rear of such vehicle near the horizontal geometric center of the rearmost vehicle at a height of not less than four feet above the roadway, and shall be maintained in a clean, reflective condition. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any vehicle or equipment being operated on a gravel or dirt surfaced public highway.
 - 3. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an infraction.
 - 4. No emblem shall be required on machinery or equipment pulled or attached to a farm tractor providing the machinery or equipment does not extend more than twelve feet to the rear of the tractor and permits a clear view of the emblem on the tractor by vehicles approaching from the rear.
 - 5. Any person operating an animal-drawn vehicle on any

public highway of this state may, in lieu of displaying the 1 emblem required by subsections 1 and 2 of this section, equip the 2 animal-drawn vehicle with reflective material complying with 3 4 rules and regulations promulgated by the director of the 5 department of public safety. The reflective material shall be 6 visible from a distance of not less than five hundred feet to the 7 rear when illuminated by the lower beams of vehicle headlights. Any rule or portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 8 9 536.010, RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in 10 this section shall become effective only if it complies with and is subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if 11 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536, 12 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the 13 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to 14 15 delay the effective date, or to disapprove and annul a rule are subsequently held unconstitutional, then the grant of rulemaking 16 authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003, 17 18 shall be invalid and void. 307.177. 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate any 19 20 bus, truck, truck-tractor and trailer combination, or other 21 commercial motor vehicle and trailer upon any highway of this 22 state, whether intrastate transportation or interstate 23 transportation, [transporting materials defined and classified as hazardous by the United States Department of Transportation 24 25 pursuant to Title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, 1 unless such transportation is conducted in accordance with the hazardous 26 27 material regulations established by the United States Department

of Transportation pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal

- 1 Regulations, as such regulations have been and may periodically
- 2 be amended[, unless such vehicle is equipped with the equipment
- 3 required by and be operated in accordance with safety and
- 4 hazardous materials regulations for such vehicles as adopted by
- 5 the United States Department of Transportation].
- 6 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this
- 7 section to the contrary, Part 391, Subpart E, Title 49, Code of
- 8 Federal Regulations, relating to the physical requirements of
- 9 drivers shall not be applicable to drivers in intrastate
- 10 commerce, provided such drivers were licensed by this state as
- chauffeurs to operate commercial motor vehicles on May 13, 1988.
- 12 3. Failure to comply with the requirements of this section
- may result in the commercial motor vehicle and trailer and driver
- of such vehicle and trailer being placed out of service.
- 15 Criteria used for placing drivers and vehicles out of service are
- 16 the North American Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria adopted by the
- 17 Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance and the United States
- 18 Department of Transportation, as such criteria have been and may
- 19 periodically be amended.
- 20 307.178. 1. As used in this section, the term "passenger
- 21 car" means every motor vehicle designed for carrying ten persons
- or less and used for the transportation of persons; except that,
- 23 the term "passenger car" shall not include motorcycles, motorized
- 24 bicycles, motor tricycles and trucks with a licensed gross weight
- of twelve thousand pounds or more.
- 26 2. Each driver, except persons employed by the United
- 27 States Postal Service while performing duties for that federal
- 28 agency which require the operator to service postal boxes from

- 1 their vehicles, or which require frequent entry into and exit
- 2 from their vehicles, and front seat passenger of a passenger car
- 3 manufactured after January 1, 1968, operated on a street or
- 4 highway in this state, and persons less than eighteen years of
- 5 age operating or riding in a truck, as defined in section
- 6 301.010, RSMo, on a street or highway of this state shall wear a
- 7 properly adjusted and fastened safety belt that meets federal
- 8 National Highway, Transportation and Safety Act requirements[;
- 9 except that, a child less than four years of age shall be
- protected as required] or as provided in section [210.104, RSMo]
- 11 <u>307.179</u>. No person shall be stopped, inspected, or detained
- 12 solely to determine compliance with this subsection. The
- provisions of this section shall not be applicable to persons who
- 14 have a medical reason for failing to have a seat belt fastened
- about their body, nor shall the provisions of this section be
- 16 applicable to persons while operating or riding a motor vehicle
- 17 being used in agricultural work-related activities.
- 18 Noncompliance with this subsection shall not constitute probable
- 19 cause for violation of any other provision of law.
- 20 3. Each driver of a motor vehicle transporting a child four
- 21 years of age or more[, but less than sixteen years of age,] shall
- secure the child in a properly adjusted and fastened [safety
- belt] restraint pursuant to section 307.179.
- 4. In any action to recover damages arising out of the
- ownership, common maintenance or operation of a motor vehicle,
- failure to wear a safety belt in violation of this section shall
- 27 not be considered evidence of comparative negligence. Failure to
- wear a safety belt in violation of this section may be admitted

- 1 to mitigate damages, but only under the following circumstances:
- 2 (1) Parties seeking to introduce evidence of the failure to
- 3 wear a safety belt in violation of this section must first
- 4 introduce expert evidence proving that a failure to wear a safety
- 5 belt contributed to the injuries claimed by plaintiff;
- 6 (2) If the evidence supports such a finding, the trier of
- 7 fact may find that the plaintiff's failure to wear a safety belt
- 8 in violation of this section contributed to the plaintiff's
- 9 claimed injuries, and may reduce the amount of the plaintiff's
- 10 recovery by an amount not to exceed one percent of the damages
- awarded after any reductions for comparative negligence.
- 12 5. Each driver who violates the provisions of subsection 2
- or [3] 7 of this section is guilty of an infraction for which a
- 14 fine not to exceed ten dollars may be imposed. All other
- 15 provisions of law and court rules to the contrary
- 16 notwithstanding, no court costs shall be imposed on any person
- 17 due to a violation of this section. In no case shall points be
- assessed against any person, pursuant to section 302.302, RSMo,
- 19 for a violation of this section.
- 20 6. The department of public safety shall initiate and
- 21 develop a program of public information to develop understanding
- of, and ensure compliance with, the provisions of this section.
- 23 The department of public safety shall evaluate the effectiveness
- of this section and shall include a report of its findings in the
- 25 annual evaluation report on its highway safety plan that it
- 26 submits to NHTSA and FHWA pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 402.
- 7. If there are more persons than there are seat belts in
- the enclosed area of a motor vehicle, then the [driver and]

- 1 passengers [are not in violation of this section] who are unable
- 2 to wear seat belts, shall sit in the area behind the front seat
- 3 of the motor vehicle unless the motor vehicle is designed only
- 4 for a front-seated area. This subsection shall not apply to
- 5 passengers who are accompanying a driver of a motor vehicle who
- 6 is licensed pursuant to section 302.178, RSMo.
- 7 <u>307.179.</u> 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 8 shall mean:
- 9 (1) "Child booster seat", a seating system which meets the
- 10 Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 C.F.R.
- 11 <u>571.213</u>, as amended, that is designed to elevate a child to
- 12 properly sit in a federally approved safety belt system;
- 13 (2) "Child passenger restraint system", a seating system
- 14 which meets the Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth
- in 49 C.F.R. 571.213, as amended, and which is either permanently
- 16 affixed to a motor vehicle or is affixed to such vehicle by a
- 17 safety belt or a universal attachment system;
- 18 <u>(3) "Driver", a person who is in actual physical control of</u>
- 19 a motor vehicle.
- 20 2. Every person transporting a child under the age of
- 21 sixteen years shall be responsible, when transporting such child
- in a motor vehicle operated by that person on the streets or
- 23 highways of this state, for providing for the protection of such
- 24 <u>child as follows:</u>
- 25 (1) Children less than four years of age, regardless of
- 26 weight, or children weighing less than forty pounds, regardless
- of age, shall be secured in a child passenger restraint system
- 28 appropriate for that child;

- 1 (2) Children four through five years of age or weighing at
 2 least forty pounds but less than sixty pounds shall be secured in
 3 a child passenger restraint system or booster seat appropriate
 4 for that child;
- 5 (3) Children at least six years of age, or at least sixty
 6 pounds, shall be secured by a vehicle safety belt, child
 7 passenger restraint system, or booster seat.
- 8 3. Any person who violates this section is quilty of an 9 infraction and, upon conviction, may be punished by a fine of not 10 more than twenty-five dollars and court costs. In no case shall points be assessed against any person, pursuant to section 11 302.302, RSMo, for violation of this section. If a person 12 receives a citation for violating this section, the charges shall 13 be dismissed or withdrawn if the person prior to or at his or her 14 15 hearing provides evidence of acquisition of a child passenger restraint system or child booster seat which is satisfactory to 16 17 the court or the party responsible for prosecuting the person's citation. 18
 - 4. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any public carrier for hire or to school buses as defined in section 301.010, RSMo, unless such school bus has been equipped with safety belts or is required to be equipped with safety belts pursuant to federal motor vehicle safety standards.

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5. The department of public safety shall initiate and develop a program of public information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with the provisions of this section.

The department of public safety may promulgate rules and regulations for the enforcement of this section. Any rule or

- 1 portion of a rule, as that term is defined in section 536.010,
- 2 RSMo, that is created under the authority delegated in this
- 3 <u>section shall become effective only if it complies with and is</u>
- 4 subject to all of the provisions of chapter 536, RSMo, and, if
- 5 applicable, section 536.028, RSMo. This section and chapter 536,
- 6 RSMo, are nonseverable and if any of the powers vested with the
- 7 general assembly pursuant to chapter 536, RSMo, to review, to
- 8 <u>delay the effective date or to disapprove and annul a rule are</u>
- 9 <u>subsequently held unconstitutional</u>, then the grant of rulemaking
- 10 <u>authority and any rule proposed or adopted after August 28, 2003,</u>
- 11 shall be invalid and void.
- 12 307.400. 1. It is unlawful for any person to operate any
- 13 commercial motor vehicle [licensed for more than twelve thousand
- pounds] as defined in Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part
- 15 <u>390.5</u>, either singly or in combination with a trailer, as both
- vehicles are defined [in section 301.010, RSMo,] in Title 49,
- 17 Code of Federal Regulations, Part 390.5, unless such vehicles are
- equipped and operated as required by Parts 390 through 397, Title
- 19 49, Code of Federal Regulations, as such regulations have been
- and may periodically be amended, whether intrastate
- 21 transportation or interstate transportation. Members of the
- 22 Missouri state highway patrol are authorized to enter the cargo
- area of a commercial motor vehicle or trailer to inspect the
- 24 contents when reasonable grounds exist to cause belief that the
- 25 vehicle is transporting hazardous materials as defined by Title
- 26 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. The director of the
- 27 department of public safety is hereby authorized to further
- 28 regulate the safety of commercial motor vehicles and trailers as

- 1 he deems necessary to govern and control their operation on the
- 2 public highways of this state by promulgating and publishing
- 3 rules and regulations consistent with this chapter. Any such
- 4 rules shall, in addition to any other provisions deemed necessary
- 5 by the director, require:
- 6 (1) Every commercial motor vehicle and trailer and all parts thereof to be maintained in a safe condition at all times;
- 8 (2) Accidents arising from or in connection with the
 9 operation of commercial motor vehicles and trailers to be
 10 reported to the department of public safety in such detail and in
 11 such manner as the director may require.
- 12 Except for the provisions of subdivisions (1) and (2) of this
- 13 subsection, the provisions of this section shall not apply to any
- 14 commercial motor vehicle operated in intrastate commerce and
- licensed for a gross weight of sixty thousand pounds or less when
- 16 used exclusively for the transportation of solid waste or
- forty-two thousand pounds or less when the license plate has been
- designated for farm use by the letter "F" as authorized by the
- 19 Revised Statutes of Missouri, unless such vehicle is transporting
- 20 hazardous materials as defined in Title 49, Code of Federal
- 21 Regulations.
- 22 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this
- 23 section to the contrary, Part 391, Subpart E, Title 49, Code of
- 24 Federal Regulations, relating to the physical requirements of
- 25 drivers shall not be applicable to drivers in intrastate
- 26 commerce, provided such drivers were licensed by this state as
- 27 chauffeurs to operate commercial motor vehicles on May 13, 1988.
- 28 Persons who are otherwise qualified and licensed to operate a

- commercial motor vehicle in this state may operate such vehicle intrastate at the age of eighteen years or older, except that any person transporting hazardous material must be at least
- 4 twenty-one years of age.

periodically be amended.

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- 3. Commercial motor vehicles and drivers of such vehicles
 may be placed out of service if the vehicles are not equipped and
 operated according to the requirements of this section. Criteria
 used for placing vehicles and drivers out of service are the
 North American Uniform Out-of-Service Criteria adopted by the
 Commercial Vehicle Safety Alliance and the United States
 Department of Transportation, as such criteria have been and may
- 13 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1 of this 14 section to the contrary, Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal 15 Regulations, relating to the hours of drivers, shall not apply to any vehicle owned or operated by any public utility, rural 16 17 electric cooperative or other public service organization, or to the driver of such vehicle, while providing restoration of 18 19 essential utility services during emergencies and operating 20 intrastate. For the purposes of this subsection, the term 21 "essential utility services" means electric, gas, water, 22 telephone and sewer services.
 - 5. Part 395, Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, relating to the hours of drivers, shall not apply to drivers transporting agricultural commodities or farm supplies for agricultural purposes in this state if such transportation:
 - (1) Is limited to an area within a one hundred air mile radius from the source of the commodities or the distribution

- 1 point for the farm supplies; and
- 2 (2) Is conducted during the planting and harvesting season
- 3 within this state, as defined by the department of public safety
- 4 by regulation.
- 5 6. The provisions of Part 395.8, Title 49, Code of Federal
- 6 Regulations, relating to recording of a driver's duty status,
- 7 shall not apply to drivers engaged in agricultural operations
- 8 referred to in subsection 5 of this section, if the motor carrier
- 9 who employs the driver maintains and retains for a period of six
- 10 months accurate and true records showing:
- 11 (1) The total number of hours the driver is on duty each
- 12 day; and
- 13 (2) The time at which the driver reports for, and is
- 14 released from, duty each day.
- 7. Violation of any provision of this section or any rule
- 16 promulgated as authorized therein is a class B misdemeanor.
- 17 8. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the
- 18 authority of this chapter shall become effective unless it has
- been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024,
- 20 RSMo.
- 389.610. 1. No public road, highway or street shall be
- 22 constructed across the track of any railroad corporation, nor
- 23 shall the track of any railroad corporation be constructed across
- 24 a public road, highway or street, nor shall the track of any
- 25 railroad corporation be constructed across the track of any other
- 26 railroad or street railroad corporation at grade nor shall the
- 27 track of a street railroad corporation be constructed across the
- 28 tracks of a railroad corporation at grade, without having first

- secured the permission of the <u>state</u> highways and transportation
- 2 commission, except that this subsection shall not apply to the
- 3 replacement of lawfully existing tracks. The commission shall
- 4 have the right to refuse its permission or to grant it upon such
- 5 terms and conditions as it may prescribe.
- 6 2. Every railroad corporation shall construct and maintain
- 7 good and sufficient crossings and crosswalks where its railroad
- 8 crosses public roads, highways, streets or sidewalks now or
- 9 hereafter to be opened.
- 10 3. The <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission shall
- 11 make and enforce reasonable rules and regulations pertaining to
- 12 the construction and maintenance of all public grade crossings.
- 13 These rules and regulations shall establish minimum standards
- 14 for:
- 15 (1) The materials to be used in the crossing surface;
- 16 (2) The length and width of the crossing;
- 17 (3) The approach grades;
- 18 (4) The party or parties responsible for maintenance of the
- 19 approaches and the crossing surfaces.
- 20 4. The <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission shall
- 21 have the exclusive power to determine and prescribe the manner,
- 22 including the particular point of crossing, and the terms of
- installation, operation, maintenance, apportionment of expenses,
- use and warning devices of each crossing of a public road, street
- or highway by a railroad or street railroad, and of one railroad
- or street railroad by another railroad or street railroad. In
- 27 order to facilitate such determinations, the state highways and
- 28 transportation commission may adopt pertinent provisions of The

- Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways or other national standards.
- 3 5. The <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission shall
- 4 have the exclusive power to alter or abolish any crossing, at
- 5 grade or otherwise, of a railroad or street railroad by a public
- 6 road, highway or street whenever the state highways and
- 7 transportation commission finds that public necessity will not be
- 8 adversely affected and public safety will be promoted by so
- 9 altering or abolishing such crossing, and to require, where, in
- 10 its judgment it would be practicable, a separation of grades at
- any crossing heretofore or hereafter established, and to
- 12 prescribe the terms upon which such separation shall be made.
- When a road authority lawfully closes or vacates a roadway which
- 14 provided access to a railroad crossing, the state highways and
- 15 <u>transportation commission shall issue an order authorizing</u>
- 16 removal of the crossing by the railroad within thirty days of
- being notified of such action by the roadway authority or
- 18 railroad.
- 19 6. The <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission shall
- 20 have the exclusive power to prescribe the proportion in which the
- 21 expense of the construction, installation, alteration or
- 22 abolition of such crossings, the separation of grades, and the
- 23 continued maintenance thereof, shall be divided between the
- 24 railroad, street railroad, and the state, county, municipality or
- other public authority in interest. <u>In the event that a</u>
- determination is made that grade crossing warning devices be
- 27 installed at a railroad grade crossing, a minimum of ten percent
- of the total cost of the devices, including the cost of

- installation, shall be paid with federal funds available for
 grade crossing improvement projects.
- 7. Any agreement entered into after October 13, 1963, 3 4 between a railroad or street railroad and the state, county, 5 municipality or other public authority in interest, as to the apportionment of any cost mentioned in this section shall be 6 7 final and binding upon the filing with the state highways and transportation commission of an executed copy of such agreement. 8 9 If such parties are unable to agree upon the apportionment of the 10 cost, the <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission shall 11 apportion the cost among the parties according to the benefits 12 accruing to each. In determining such benefits, the state highways and transportation commission shall consider all 13 14 relevant factors including volume, speed and type of vehicular 15 traffic, volume, speed and type of train traffic, and advantages to the public and to such railroad or street railroad resulting 16 17 from the elimination of delays and the reduction of hazard at the crossing. 18
 - 8. Upon application of any person, firm or corporation, the state highways and transportation commission shall determine if an existing private crossing has become or a proposed private crossing will become utilized by the public to the extent that it is necessary to protect or promote the public safety. The state highways and transportation commission shall consider all relevant factors including but not limited to volume, speed, and type of vehicular traffic, and volume, speed, and type of train traffic. If it be determined that it is necessary to protect and promote the public safety, the state highways and transportation

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commission shall prescribe the nature and type of crossing protection or warning device for such crossing, the cost of which shall be apportioned by the state highways and transportation commission among the parties according to the benefits accruing In the event such crossing protection or warning device to each. as prescribed by the state highways and transportation commission is not installed, maintained or operated, the crossing shall be closed to the public.

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- 9. The exclusive power of the <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission pursuant to this section shall be subject to review, determination, and prescription by the administrative hearing commission, upon application to [that] the <u>administrative hearing</u> commission by any interested party <u>in</u> accordance with section 621.040, RSMo. Upon filing of an application pursuant to this subsection, the administrative hearing commission is vested with the exclusive power of the <u>state</u> highways and transportation commission otherwise provided in this section, with reference to matters reviewed, determined or prescribed by the administrative hearing commission.
 - 10. Unless prescribed in this section, the state highways and transportation commission shall not impose any notification requirements on any local road authority or any railroad pertaining to a diagnostic review or an application for the installation of grade crossing warning devices or pertaining to the closure of grade crossings. Provided however, the state highways and transportation commission may set reasonable deadlines for compliance with its own procedures and may determine that the failure of any party, person, or entity,

- 1 including any subdivision of this state, to respond to or object
- 2 <u>within those deadlines is deemed to be consent by such party,</u>
- 3 person, or entity to any action pertaining to the matter for
- 4 which the deadline was established.

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- 390.020. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the words and terms mean:
- 7 "Agricultural commodities in bulk", commodities (1)8 conforming to the meaning of "commodities in bulk" as defined in 9 this section, which are agricultural, horticultural, viticultural 10 or forest products or any other products which are grown or produced on a farm or in a forest, and which have not undergone 11 processing at any time since movement from the farm or forest, or 12 processed or unprocessed grain, feed, feed ingredients, or forest 13 14 products;
 - (2) "Certificate", a written document authorizing a common carrier to engage in intrastate commerce and issued under the provisions of this chapter;
 - (3) "Charter service", the transportation of a group of persons who, pursuant to a common purpose and at a fixed charge for the vehicle, have acquired the exclusive use of a passenger-carrying motor vehicle to travel together as a group from a point of origin to a specified destination or for a particular itinerary, either agreed upon in advance or modified by the chartering group after having left the place of origin;
 - (4) "Commercial zone", unless otherwise increased pursuant to the provisions of subdivision (4) of section 390.041, any municipality within this state together with that territory either within or without the state of Missouri, extending one

- mile beyond the corporate limits of such municipality and one additional mile for each fifty thousand inhabitants or portion
- 3 thereof; however, any commercial zone of a city not within a
- 4 county shall extend eighteen miles beyond that city's corporate
- 5 limits and shall also extend throughout any first class charter
- 6 county which adjoins that zone;
- 7 (5) "Commodities in bulk", commodities, which are fungible, 8 flowable, capable of being poured or dumped, tendered for
- 9 transportation unpackaged, incapable of being counted, but are
- weighed or measured by volume and which conform to the shape of
- 11 the vehicle transporting them;
- 12 (6) "Common carrier", any person which holds itself out to
- the general public to engage in the transportation by motor
- vehicle of passengers or property for hire or compensation upon
- the public highways and airlines engaged in intrastate commerce;
- 16 (7) "Contract carrier", any person under individual
- 17 contracts or agreements which engage in transportation by motor
- 18 vehicles of passenger or property for hire or compensation upon
- 19 the public highways;
- 20 (8) "Corporate family", a group of corporations consisting
- of a parent corporation and all subsidiaries in which the parent
- 22 corporation owns directly or indirectly a one hundred percent
- 23 interest;
- 24 (9) "Division", the division of motor carrier and railroad
- 25 safety of the department of economic development;
- 26 (10) "Driveaway operator", any motor carrier who moves any
- 27 commercial motor vehicle or assembled automobile singly under its
- own power or in any other combination of two or more vehicles

- under the power of one of said vehicles upon any public highway
 for the purpose of delivery for sale or for delivery either
- 3 before or after sale, or for the purpose of transporting vehicles
- 4 in transit from one place to another by driveaway or towaway
- 5 <u>methods</u>;
- 6 (11) "Dump truck", any open-top vehicle, including dump
- 7 trailers, and those trailers commonly referred to as hopper
- 8 trailers and/or belly dump trailers, that discharges its load by
- 9 tipping or opening the body in such a manner that the load is
- 10 ejected or dumped by gravity but does not include tank or other
- 11 closed-top vehicles, or vehicles that discharge cargo by means of
- 12 an auger, conveyor belt, air pressure, pump or other mechanical
- 13 means;
- 14 (12) "Household goods", personal effects and property used
- or to be used in a dwelling when a part of the equipment or
- 16 supply of such dwelling; new or used furniture; store or office
- furniture or fixtures; equipment of museums, institutions,
- 18 hospitals and other establishments; and articles, which because
- of their unusual nature or value require specialized handling and
- 20 equipment usually employed in moving household goods;
- 21 (13) "Interstate commerce", commerce between a point in
- this state and a point outside this state, or between points
- 23 outside this state when such commerce moves through this state
- 24 whether such commerce moves wholly by motor vehicle or partly by
- 25 motor vehicle and partly by any other regulated means of
- 26 transportation where the commodity does not come to rest or
- 27 change its identity during the movement;
- 28 (14) "Intrastate commerce", commerce moving wholly between

- 1 points within this state, whether such commerce moves wholly by
- 2 motor vehicle or partly by motor vehicle and partly by any other
- 3 means of transportation;
- 4 (15) "Irregular route", the course or line of travel to be
- 5 used by a motor carrier's vehicle when not restricted to any
- 6 specific route or routes within the area the motor carrier is
- 7 authorized to serve;
- 8 (16) "Less-than-truckload lots", lots of freight, other
- 9 than a truckload lot, being transported on the motor vehicle at
- 10 one time;
- 11 (17) "Mobile home", house trailers, cabin trailers,
- bungalow trailers, mobile homes and any other transportable
- building unit designed to be used for residential, commercial,
- industrial or recreational purposes, including special equipment,
- wheels, tires, axles, springs, racks, undercarriages and
- 16 undersupports used or useful in connection with the
- transportation of mobile homes when transported as part of the
- transportation of mobile homes;
- 19 (18) "Motor carrier", any person engaged in the
- 20 transportation of property or passengers, or both, for
- 21 compensation or hire, over the public roads of this state by
- 22 motor vehicle. The term includes both common and contract
- 23 carriers;
- 24 (19) "Motor vehicle", any vehicle, truck, truck-tractor,
- trailer, or semitrailer, motor bus or any self-propelled vehicle
- 26 used upon the highways of the state in the transportation of
- 27 property or passengers;
- 28 (20) "Party", any person admitted as a party to a division

- proceeding or seeking and entitled as a matter of right to admission to a division proceeding;
- 3 (21) "Permit", a permit issued under the provisions of this
- 4 chapter to a contract carrier to engage in intrastate or
- 5 interstate commerce or to a common carrier to engage in
- 6 interstate commerce;
- 7 (22) "Person", any individual or other legal entity,
- 8 whether such entity is a proprietorship, partnership,
- 9 corporation, company, association or joint-stock association,
- including the partners, officers, employees, and agents of the
- 11 person, as well as any trustees, assignees, receivers, or
- 12 personal representatives of the person;
- 13 (23) "Private carrier", any person engaged in the
- 14 transportation of property or passengers by motor vehicle upon
- 15 public highways, but not as a common or contract carrier by motor
- 16 vehicle; and includes any person who transports property by motor
- vehicle where such transportation is incidental to or in
- 18 furtherance of his commercial enterprises;
- 19 (24) "Public highway", every public street, road, highway
- or thoroughfare of any kind used by the public, whether actually
- 21 dedicated to the public;
- 22 (25) "Regular route", a specific and determined course to
- 23 be traveled by a motor carrier's vehicle rendering service to,
- 24 from or between various points or localities in this state;
- 25 (26) "School bus", any motor vehicle while being used
- 26 solely to transport students to or from school or to transport
- 27 students to or from any place for educational purposes or school
- 28 purposes;

1 (27) "Taxicab", any motor vehicle performing a bona fide 2 for hire taxicab service having a capacity of not more than five 3 passengers, exclusive of the driver, and not operated on a 4 regular route or between fixed termini;

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- (28) "Truckload lot", a lot or lots of freight tendered to a carrier by one consignor or one consignee for delivery at the direction of the consignor or consignee with the lot or lots being the only lot or lots transported on the motor vehicle at any one time.
- 488.5336. 1. A surcharge of [two] three dollars may be assessed as costs in each criminal case involving violations of any county ordinance or a violation of any criminal or traffic laws of the state, including infractions, or violations of municipal ordinances, provided that no such fee shall be collected in any proceeding in any court when the proceeding or defendant has been dismissed by the court or when costs are to be paid by the state, county or municipality. For violations of the general criminal laws of the state or county ordinances, no such surcharge shall be collected unless it is authorized by the county government where the violation occurred. For violations of municipal ordinances, no such surcharge shall be collected unless it is authorized by the municipal government where the violation occurred. If imposed by a municipality, such surcharges shall be collected by the clerk of the municipal court responsible for collecting court costs and fines and shall be transmitted monthly to the treasurer of the municipality where the violation occurred in cases of violations of municipal ordinances. If imposed by a county, such surcharges shall be

collected and disbursed as provided in sections 488.010 to 488.020. Such surcharges shall be payable to the treasurer of the county where the violation occurred in the case of violations of the general criminal laws of the state or county ordinances. Without regard to whether the aforementioned surcharge is assessed, a surcharge in the amount of [one dollar] two dollars shall be assessed as provided in this section, and shall be collected and disbursed as provided in sections 488.010 to 488.020 and payable to the state treasury to the credit of the peace officer standards and training commission fund created in section 590.178, RSMo. Such surcharges shall be in addition to the court costs and fees and limits on such court costs and fees established by section 66.110, RSMo, and section 479.260, RSMo.

2. Each county and municipality shall use all funds received under this section only to pay for the training required as provided in sections 590.100 to 590.180, RSMo, or for the training of county coroners and their deputies provided that any excess funds not allocated to pay for such training may be used to pay for additional training of peace officers or for training of other law enforcement personnel employed or appointed by the county or municipality. No county or municipality shall retain more than one thousand five hundred dollars of such funds for each certified law enforcement officer, candidate for certification employed by that agency or a coroner and the coroner's deputies. Any excess funds shall be transmitted quarterly to the general revenue fund of the county or municipality treasury which assessed the costs.

537.038. Every driver of a motor vehicle shall exercise the

- 1 highest degree of care to avoid colliding with any pedestrian,
- 2 cyclist, or motorcyclist and thereby causing bodily injury or
- 3 death to a pedestrian, cyclist, or motorcyclist.

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- 565.070. 1. A person commits the crime of assault in the third degree if:
- 6 (1) The person attempts to cause or recklessly causes 7 physical injury to another person; or
- 8 (2) With criminal negligence the person causes physical 9 injury to another person by means of a deadly weapon; or
 - (3) The person purposely places another person in apprehension of immediate physical injury; or
- 12 (4) The person recklessly engages in conduct which creates
 13 a grave risk of death or serious physical injury to another
 14 person; or
 - (5) The person knowingly causes physical contact with another person knowing the other person will regard the contact as offensive or provocative; or
 - (6) The person knowingly causes physical contact with an incapacitated person, as defined in section 475.010, RSMo, which a reasonable person, who is not incapacitated, would consider offensive or provocative; or
 - (7) The person knowingly collides with a pedestrian, cyclist, or motorcyclist and thereby causes bodily injury of death to the pedestrian, cyclist, or motorcyclist.
- 25 2. Except as provided in subsections 3 and 4 of this 26 section, assault in the third degree is a class A misdemeanor.
 - 3. A person who violates the provisions of subdivision (3) or (5) of subsection 1 of this section is guilty of a class C

- 1 misdemeanor.
- 2 4. A person who has pled guilty to or been found guilty of
- 3 the crime of assault in the third degree more than two times
- 4 against any family or household member as defined in section
- 5 455.010, RSMo, is guilty of a class D felony for the third or any
- 6 subsequent commission of the crime of assault in the third degree
- 7 when a class A misdemeanor. The offenses described in this
- 8 subsection may be against the same family or household member or
- 9 against different family or household members.
- 10 <u>568.055</u>. 1. As used in this section, the following terms
- 11 <u>mean:</u>
- 12 (1) "Motor vehicle", any automobile, truck, truck-tractor,
- or any motor bus or motor-propelled vehicle not exclusively
- operated or driven on fixed rails or tracks;
- 15 (2) "Unattended child" means a child who is not accompanied
- by another person who is at least fourteen years of age.
- 17 2. A person responsible for a child who is eight years of
- 18 age or younger shall not leave that child in a motor vehicle
- 19 <u>without being supervised in the motor vehicle by a person who is</u>
- 20 at least fourteen years of age if:
- 21 (1) The conditions present a risk to the child's health or
- 22 safety; or
- 23 (2) The engine of the motor vehicle is running or the keys
- 24 to the motor vehicle are anywhere in the passenger compartment of
- the vehicle.
- 26 3. Any person who violates any provisions of this section
- 27 shall be subject to a penalty as follows:
- 28 (1) A person who violates any provision of this section

- shall be subject to an infraction with a fine of one hundred dollars for the first offense;
- 3 (2) A person who violates any provision of this section
 4 shall be subject to an infraction with a fine of two hundred
 5 dollars for a second or subsequent violation.
- 577.023. 1. For purposes of this section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 8 An "intoxication-related traffic offense" is driving 9 while intoxicated, driving with excessive blood alcohol content, 10 involuntary manslaughter pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection 1 of section 565.024, RSMo, assault in the second 11 degree pursuant to subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 12 13 565.060, RSMo, assault of a law enforcement officer in the second 14 degree pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 15 565.082, RSMo, or driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs in violation of state law or a county or municipal ordinance, 16 17 where the judge in such case was an attorney and the defendant was represented by or waived the right to an attorney in writing; 18
 - (2) A "persistent offender" is one of the following:

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- (a) A person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of two or more intoxication-related traffic offenses, where such two or more offenses occurred within ten years of the occurrence of the intoxication-related traffic offense for which the person is charged;
- (b) A person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of involuntary manslaughter pursuant to subsection 1 of section 565.024, RSMo, assault in the second degree pursuant to subdivision (4) of subsection 1 of section 565.060, RSMo, assault

of a law enforcement officer in the second degree pursuant to subdivision (3) of subsection 1 of section 565.082, RSMo; and

- (3) A "prior offender" is a person who has pleaded guilty to or has been found guilty of one intoxication-related traffic offense, where such prior offense occurred within five years of the occurrence of the intoxication-related traffic offense for which the person is charged.
- 2. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of section 577.010 or 577.012 who is alleged and proved to be a prior offender shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
- 3. Any person who pleads guilty to or is found guilty of a violation of section 577.010 or 577.012 who is alleged and proved to be a persistent offender shall be guilty of a class D felony.
- 4. No state, county, or municipal court shall suspend the imposition of sentence as to a prior or persistent offender under this section nor sentence such person to pay a fine in lieu of a term of imprisonment, section 557.011, RSMo, to the contrary notwithstanding. No prior offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he has served a minimum of five days imprisonment, unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least thirty days of community service under the supervision of the court in those jurisdictions which have a recognized program for community service. No persistent offender shall be eligible for parole or probation until he or she has served a minimum of ten days imprisonment, unless as a condition of such parole or probation such person performs at least sixty days of community service under the supervision of the court.

- 5. The <u>state</u>, <u>county</u>, <u>or municipal</u> court shall find the defendant to be a prior offender or persistent offender, if:
- 3 (1) The indictment or information, original or amended, or 4 the information in lieu of an indictment pleads all essential 5 facts warranting a finding that the defendant is a prior offender 6 or persistent offender; and
 - (2) Evidence is introduced that establishes sufficient facts pleaded to warrant a finding beyond a reasonable doubt the defendant is a prior offender or persistent offender; and

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- (3) The court makes findings of fact that warrant a finding beyond a reasonable doubt by the court that the defendant is a prior offender or persistent offender.
- 6. In a jury trial, the facts shall be pleaded, established and found prior to submission to the jury outside of its hearing.
- 7. In a trial without a jury or upon a plea of guilty, the court may defer the proof in findings of such facts to a later time, but prior to sentencing.
 - 8. The defendant shall be accorded full rights of confrontation and cross-examination, with the opportunity to present evidence, at such hearings.
- 9. The defendant may waive proof of the facts alleged.
- 22 10. Nothing in this section shall prevent the use of 23 presentence investigations or commitments.
- 11. At the sentencing hearing both the state, county, or
 municipality and the defendant shall be permitted to present
 additional information bearing on the issue of sentence.
- 27 12. The pleas or findings of guilty shall be prior to the 28 date of commission of the present offense.

1 13. The court shall not instruct the jury as to the range 2 of punishment or allow the jury, upon a finding of guilty, to 3 assess and declare the punishment as part of its verdict in cases 4 of prior offenders or persistent offenders.

14. Evidence of prior convictions shall be heard and determined by the trial court out of the hearing of the jury prior to the submission of the case to the jury, and shall include but not be limited to evidence of convictions received by a search of the records of the Missouri uniform law enforcement system maintained by the Missouri state highway patrol. After hearing the evidence, the court shall enter its findings thereon. A conviction of a violation of a municipal or county ordinance in a county or municipal court for driving while intoxicated or a conviction or a plea of guilty or a finding of guilty followed by a suspended imposition of sentence, suspended execution of sentence, probation or parole or any combination thereof in a state court shall be treated as a prior conviction.

577.041. 1. If a person under arrest, or who has been stopped pursuant to subdivision (2) or (3) of subsection 1 of section 577.020, refuses upon the request of the officer to submit to any test allowed pursuant to section 577.020, then none shall be given and evidence of the refusal shall be admissible in a proceeding pursuant to section 565.024 or 565.060, RSMo, or section 577.010 or 577.012. The request of the officer shall include the reasons of the officer for requesting the person to submit to a test and also shall inform the person that evidence of refusal to take the test may be used against such person and that the person's license shall be immediately revoked upon

- refusal to take the test. If a person when requested to submit 1 2 to any test allowed pursuant to section 577.020 requests to speak to an attorney, the person shall be granted twenty minutes in 3 which to attempt to contact an attorney. If upon the completion 4 5 of the twenty-minute period the person continues to refuse to submit to any test, it shall be deemed a refusal. In this event, 6 7 the officer shall, on behalf of the director of revenue, serve 8 the notice of license revocation personally upon the person and 9 shall take possession of any license to operate a motor vehicle 10 issued by this state which is held by that person. The officer shall issue a temporary permit, on behalf of the director of 11 12 revenue, which is valid for fifteen days and shall also give the person a notice of such person's right to file a petition for 13
- 15 2. The officer shall make a sworn report to the director of 16 revenue, which shall include the following:
 - (1) That the officer has:

review to contest the license revocation.

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- (a) Reasonable grounds to believe that the arrested person was driving a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated or drugged condition; or
- (b) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was driving a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or more by weight; or
- (c) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped, being under the age of twenty-one years, was committing a violation of the traffic laws of the state, or political subdivision of the state, and such officer has reasonable grounds

- to believe, after making such stop, that the person had a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or greater;
 - (2) That the person refused to submit to a chemical test;
- 4 (3) Whether the officer secured the license to operate a motor vehicle of the person;

- 6 (4) Whether the officer issued a fifteen-day temporary
 7 permit;
 - (5) Copies of the notice of revocation, the fifteen-day temporary permit and the notice of the right to file a petition for review, which notices and permit may be combined in one document; and
 - (6) Any license to operate a motor vehicle which the officer has taken into possession.
 - 3. Upon receipt of the officer's report, the director shall revoke the license of the person refusing to take the test for a period of one year; or if the person is a nonresident, such person's operating permit or privilege shall be revoked for one year; or if the person is a resident without a license or permit to operate a motor vehicle in this state, an order shall be issued denying the person the issuance of a license or permit for a period of one year.
 - 4. If a person's license has been revoked because of the person's refusal to submit to a chemical test, such person may petition for a hearing before a circuit or associate circuit court in the county in which the arrest or stop occurred. The person may request such court to issue an order staying the revocation until such time as the petition for review can be heard. If the court, in its discretion, grants such stay, it

- shall enter the order upon a form prescribed by the director of
- 2 revenue and shall send a copy of such order to the director.
- 3 Such order shall serve as proof of the privilege to operate a
- 4 motor vehicle in this state and the director shall maintain
- 5 possession of the person's license to operate a motor vehicle
- 6 until termination of any revocation pursuant to this section.
- 7 Upon the person's request the clerk of the court shall notify the
- 8 prosecuting attorney of the county and the prosecutor shall
- 9 appear at the hearing on behalf of the director of revenue. At
- 10 the hearing the court shall determine only:
- 11 (1) Whether or not the person was arrested or stopped;
- 12 (2) Whether or not the officer had:
- 13 (a) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person was
- driving a motor vehicle while in an intoxicated or drugged
- 15 condition; or
- 16 (b) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped,
- being under the age of twenty-one years, was driving a motor
- 18 vehicle with a blood alcohol content of two-hundredths of one
- 19 percent or more by weight; or
- 20 (c) Reasonable grounds to believe that the person stopped,
- 21 being under the age of twenty-one years, was committing a
- 22 violation of the traffic laws of the state, or political
- 23 subdivision of the state, and such officer had reasonable grounds
- 24 to believe, after making such stop, that the person had a blood
- 25 alcohol content of two-hundredths of one percent or greater; and
- 26 (3) Whether or not the person refused to submit to the
- 27 test.

5. If the court determines any issue not to be in the

- affirmative, the court shall order the director to reinstate the license or permit to drive.
- 6. Requests for review as provided in this section shall go to the head of the docket of the court wherein filed.
- No person who has had a license to operate a motor vehicle suspended or revoked pursuant to the provisions of this 6 7 section shall have that license reinstated until such person has 8 participated in and successfully completed a substance abuse 9 traffic offender program defined in section 577.001, or a program 10 determined to be comparable by the department of mental health or the court. Assignment recommendations, based upon the needs 11 12 assessment as described in subdivision (22) of section 302.010, RSMo, shall be delivered in writing to the person with written 13 14 notice that the person is entitled to have such assignment 15 recommendations reviewed by the court if the person objects to 16 the recommendations. The person may file a motion in the 17 associate division of the circuit court of the county in which such assignment was given, on a printed form provided by the 18 19 state courts administrator, to have the court hear and determine such motion pursuant to the provisions of chapter 517, RSMo. 20 21 motion shall name the person or entity making the needs 22 assessment as the respondent and a copy of the motion shall be 23 served upon the respondent in any manner allowed by law. Upon 24 hearing the motion, the court may modify or waive any assignment 25 recommendation that the court determines to be unwarranted based upon a review of the needs assessment, the person's driving 26 27 record, the circumstances surrounding the offense, and the likelihood of the person committing a like offense in the future, 28

except that the court may modify but may not waive the assignment 1 2 to an education or rehabilitation program of a person determined to be a prior or persistent offender as defined in section 3 4 577.023, or of a person determined to have operated a motor 5 vehicle with fifteen-hundredths of one percent or more by weight in such person's blood. Compliance with the court determination 6 7 of the motion shall satisfy the provisions of this section for 8 the purpose of reinstating such person's license to operate a 9 motor vehicle. The respondent's personal appearance at any 10 hearing conducted pursuant to this subsection shall not be 11 necessary unless directed by the court.

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The fees for the substance abuse traffic offender program, or a portion thereof to be determined by the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health, shall be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee [of sixty dollars] in an amount to be determined by the department of mental health, but not to exceed two hundred dollars, for the purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 302.010, or a program determined to be comparable by the department of mental health. The administrator of the program shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of each month the supplemental fee for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this

2 established pursuant to section 32.065, RSMo, plus three
3 percentage points. The supplemental fees and any interest

section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rate

- 4 received by the department of mental health pursuant to this
- 5 section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund
- 6 which is created in section 630.053, RSMo.

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- 7 9. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of 8 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the 9 supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the 10 program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees 11 12 due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of 13 14 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within 15 six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action for the collection of 16 17 such fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program. 18
 - 577.049. 1. Upon a plea of guilty or a finding of guilty for an offense of violating the provisions of section 577.010 or 577.012 or violations of county or municipal ordinances involving alcohol or drug related traffic offenses, the court shall order the person to participate in and successfully complete a substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section 577.001.
- 26 2. The fees for the substance abuse traffic offender
 27 program, or a portion thereof, to be determined by the division
 28 of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health,

shall be paid by the person enrolling in the program. Any person 1 2 who [attends] is enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged for the program, a supplemental fee [of sixty 3 dollars in an amount to be determined by the department of 4 5 mental health, but not to exceed two hundred dollars, for the 6 purposes of funding the substance abuse traffic offender program 7 defined in section 577.001. The administrator of the program 8 shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the 9 department of mental health on or before the fifteenth day of 10 each month the supplemental fees for all persons enrolled in the 11 program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest 12 shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees 13 due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rates 14 established pursuant to the provision of section 32.065, RSMo, 15 16 plus three percentage points. The supplemental fees and any 17 interest received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings 18 fund which is created in section 630.053, RSMo. 19

3. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of

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Missouri shall initiate appropriate action for the collection of

said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney

fees and court costs against any delinquent program.

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577.054. 1. After a period of not less than ten years, an individual who has pleaded guilty or has been convicted for a first alcohol-related driving offense which is a misdemeanor or a county or city ordinance violation and which is not a conviction for driving a commercial motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol and who since such date has not been convicted of any other alcohol-related driving offense may apply to the court in which he pled quilty or was sentenced for an order to expunge from all official records all recordations of his arrest, plea, trial or conviction. If the court determines, after hearing, that such person has not been convicted of any alcohol-related driving offense in the ten years prior to the date of the application for expungement, and has no other alcohol-related enforcement contacts as defined in section 302.525, RSMo, during that ten-year period, the court shall enter an order of expungement. The effect of such order shall be to restore such person to the status he occupied prior to such arrest, plea or conviction and as if such event had never taken place. No person as to whom such order has been entered shall be held thereafter under any provision of any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of his failure to recite or acknowledge such arrest, plea, trial, conviction or expungement in response to any inquiry made of him for any purpose whatsoever and no such inquiry shall be made for information relating to an expungement under this section. A

- 1 person shall only be entitled to one expungement pursuant to this
- 2 section. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the
- 3 director from maintaining such records as to ensure that an
- 4 individual receives only one expungement pursuant to this section
- 5 for the purpose of informing the proper authorities of the
- 6 contents of any record maintained pursuant to this section.
- 7 <u>2. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any</u>
- 8 individual who has been issued a commercial driver's license or
- 9 <u>is required to possess a commercial driver's license issued by</u>
- 10 this state or any other state.
- 11 577.520. 1. No person who has had his license suspended or
- revoked under the provisions of sections 577.500 and 577.505
- 13 shall have that license reinstated until he has paid a
- 14 twenty-dollar reinstatement fee and has successfully completed a
- substance abuse traffic offender program as defined in section
- 16 577.001.
- 17 2. The fees for the substance abuse traffic offender
- 18 program, or a portion thereof to be determined by the division of
- 19 alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health, shall
- 20 be paid by the person enrolled in the program. Any person who is
- 21 enrolled in the program shall pay, in addition to any fee charged
- for the program, a supplemental fee [of sixty dollars] in an
- amount to be determined by the department of mental health, but
- 24 not to exceed two hundred dollars, for the purposes of funding
- 25 the substance abuse traffic offender program defined in section
- 302.010, RSMo, or a program determined to be comparable by the
- 27 department of mental health. The administrator of the program
- 28 shall remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the

department of mental health on or before the fifteenth of each month the supplemental fees for all persons enrolled in the program, less two percent for administrative costs. Interest shall be charged on any unpaid balance of the supplemental fees due the division of alcohol and drug abuse pursuant to this section and shall accrue at a rate not to exceed the annual rates established pursuant to the provision of section 32.065, RSMo, plus three percentage points. The supplemental fees and any interest received by the department of mental health pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the mental health earnings fund which is created in section 630.053, RSMo.

- 3. Any administrator who fails to remit to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health the supplemental fees and interest for all persons enrolled in the program pursuant to this section shall be subject to a penalty equal to the amount of interest accrued on the supplemental fees due the division pursuant to this section. If the supplemental fees, interest, and penalties are not remitted to the division of alcohol and drug abuse of the department of mental health within six months of the due date, the attorney general of the state of Missouri shall initiate appropriate action for the collection of said fees and interest accrued. The court shall assess attorney fees and court costs against any delinquent program.
- Section 1. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of section 302.272, RSMo, to the contrary, any individual who operates a school bus as that term is defined in 49 CFR, Part 383, Section 383.5, shall meet the requirements for and be issued a school bus endorsement as required by the secretary pursuant to 49 CFR, Part

- 1 383, Section 383.123.
- 2 2. The director is authorized to promulgate any rules and
- 3 regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this
- 4 section. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated pursuant to
- 5 the authority of this section shall become effective unless it
- 6 <u>has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 536,</u>
- 7 RSMo.
- 8 Section 2. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law to
- 9 the contrary, no federal, state, county, municipal, or local
- 10 <u>court shall defer imposition of judgment, suspend imposition of</u>
- 11 <u>sentence</u>, or allow an individual who possesses a commercial
- driver's license or is required to possess a commercial driver's
- 13 license issued pursuant to chapter 302, RSMo, or the laws of
- 14 another state, to enter into a diversion program that would
- prevent a conviction for any violation, in any type of motor
- vehicle, of a federal, state, county, municipal, or local traffic
- control law from appearing on the driver's record maintained by
- 18 the director of revenue.
- 19 <u>Section 3. The director of revenue shall adopt the</u>
- 20 materials incorporated by reference and record keeping
- 21 requirements as prescribed in 49 CFR, part 384, or as amended by
- the secretary.

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- [210.104. 1. Every person transporting a child under the age of four years shall be responsible, when transporting such child in a motor vehicle operated by that person on the streets or highways of this state, for providing for the protection of such child. Such child shall be protected by a child passenger restraint system approved by the department of public safety.
- 2. Any person who violates this section is guilty of an infraction and, upon conviction, may be punished by a fine of not more than twenty-five dollars and
- 33 court costs.

3. The provisions of sections 210.104 to 210.107 shall not apply to any public carrier for hire.]

The department of public safety shall [210.107. initiate and develop a program of public information to develop understanding of, and ensure compliance with the provisions of sections 210.104 to 210.107. department of public safety shall, within thirty days of September 28, 1983, promulgate standards for the performance, design, and installation of passenger restraint systems for children under four years of age in accordance with federal motor vehicle safety standards and shall approve those systems which meet such standards. No rule or portion of a rule promulgated under the authority of sections 210.104 to 210.107 shall become effective unless it has been promulgated pursuant to the provisions of section 536.024, RSMo.1

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- [304.157. 1. If a person abandons property, as defined in section 304.001, on any real property owned by another without the consent of the owner or person in possession of the property, at the request of the person in possession of the real property, any member of the state highway patrol, state water patrol, sheriff, or other law enforcement officer within his jurisdiction may authorize a towing company to remove such abandoned property from the property in the following circumstances:
- (1) The abandoned property is left unattended for more than forty-eight hours; or
- (2) In the judgment of a law enforcement officer, the abandoned property constitutes a safety hazard or unreasonably interferes with the use of the real property by the person in possession.
- 2. The owner of real property or lessee or property or security manager in lawful possession of the real property may authorize a towing company to remove abandoned property or property parked in a restricted or assigned area without authorization by a law enforcement officer only when the owner, lessee or property or security manager of the real property is present. A property or security manager must be a full-time employee of a business entity. An authorization to tow under this subsection may be made only under any of the following circumstances:
- (1) There is displayed, in plain view at all entrances to the property, a sign not less than seventeen by twenty-two inches in size, with lettering not less than one inch in height, prohibiting public parking and indicating that unauthorized abandoned

property or property improperly parked in a restricted or assigned area will be removed at the owner's expense, disclosing the maximum fee for all charges related to towing and storage, and containing the telephone number of the local traffic law enforcement agency where information can be obtained; or a twenty-four-hour staffed emergency information telephone number, other than the number of a towing company, by which the owner of the abandoned property or improperly parked property may call to receive information regarding the location of such owner's property; or

- (2) The abandoned property is on private property and lacks an engine, transmission, wheels, tires, doors, windshield or any other major part or equipment necessary to operate safely on the highways, the owner or lessee of the private property has notified the city police or county sheriff, as appropriate, and ninety-six hours have elapsed since that notification; or
- (3) The abandoned property is left unattended on private property, and the owner, lessee or agent of the real property in lawful possession of real property has notified the appropriate law enforcement agency, and ten days have elapsed since that notification.
- 3. Pursuant to this section, any owner or lessee in lawful possession of real property that requests a towing company to tow abandoned property without authorization from a law enforcement officer shall within one hour of the tow file an abandoned property report with the appropriate law enforcement agency where the property is located. The report shall contain the following:
- (1) The year, model, make and abandoned property identification number of the property and the owner and any lienholders, if known;
- (2) A description of any damage to the abandoned property noted by owner, lessee or property or security manager in possession of the real property;
- (3) The license plate or registration number and the state of issuance, if available;
- (4) The physical location of the property and the reason for requesting the property to be towed;
 - (5) The date the report is completed;
- (6) The signature and printed name, address and phone number of the owner, lessee or property or security manager in possession of the real property;
 - (7) The towing company's name and address;
 - (8) The signature of the towing operator;
- (9) The name of the law enforcement agency notified of the abandoned property.

The department of revenue may design and make available to police agencies throughout the state a uniform "Authorization to Tow" form. The form shall contain lines for time, date, location, descriptive information of the vehicle, reason for towing, the tow operator and company and signature of authorizing officer. The cost of the forms shall be determined by the department of revenue. The completed form shall be issued by the authorizing officer to the tow operator for that company's records as proof of authorization to tow a particular vehicle.

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- 4. The law enforcement agency receiving such abandoned property report must record the date the abandoned property report is filed with such agency and within five days of such filing make an inquiry into the national crime information center and any statewide Missouri law enforcement computer system to determine if the abandoned property has been reported as stolen. The law enforcement agency shall enter the information pertaining to the towed property into the statewide enforcement computer system. The department of revenue may design and sell to towing companies informational brochures outlining owner or lessee of real property obligations pursuant to this section.
- 5. Neither the law enforcement officer nor anyone having custody of abandoned property under his direction shall be liable for any damage to such abandoned property occasioned by a removal authorized by this section other than damages occasioned by negligence or by willful or wanton acts or omissions.
- 6. Any towing company which tows abandoned property without authorization from a law enforcement officer pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection 2 of this section shall within one hour of the tow report the event and the circumstances to the local law enforcement agency where the abandoned property report was filed.
- 7. The law enforcement agency receiving notification that abandoned property has been towed by a towing company shall record the date the property was towed and shall forward a copy of the abandoned property report to the director of revenue.
- 8. If any owner or lessee of real property authorizes the removal of abandoned property pursuant to subsection 2 of this section and such property is so removed and no sign is displayed prior to such removal as required pursuant to subsection 2 of this section, then the owner or lessee shall be deemed guilty of a class C misdemeanor.]

Section B. Because immediate action is necessary to ensure

- 1 just compensation for the restriction or loss of property rights
- 2 for owners of real estate, the repeal and reenactment of sections
- 3 191.831, 227.120, 302.304, 302.540, 577.041, 577.049, and 577.520
- 4 of this act is deemed necessary for the immediate preservation of
- 5 the public health, welfare, peace, and safety, and is hereby
- 6 declared to be an emergency act within the meaning of the
- 7 constitution, and the repeal and reenactment of sections 191.831,
- 8 227.120, 302.304, 302.540, 577.041, 577.049, and 577.520 of this
- 9 act shall be in full force and effect upon its passage and
- 10 approval.
- 11 Section C. The repeal and reenactment of sections 302.225,
- 12 302.302, 302.309, 302.700, 302.725, 302.735, 302.740, 302.755,
- 13 302.756, 302.760, and 577.054, and the enactment of sections
- 302.726, 1, 2, and 3 of section A of this act shall become
- 15 effective September 30, 2005.
- 16 Section D. The enactment of section 307.179, the repeal and
- 17 reenactment of section 307.178, and the repeal of sections
- 18 210.104 and 210.107 of section A of this act shall become
- 19 effective January 1, 2004.